St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

VOL. XXXII. ST. LOUIS, MONDAY, MAY 19, 1884. NO. 275.

L-E-U-B-R-I-E-S'

PANIC PRICES

For this Week Shall Strike Terror into the Hearts of Their Competitors and Fill the Public with Gladness at Many Bargains.

LEUBRIES
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Do not mislead the Public.

Do not offer Goods at one price and sell at another.

Invite you to read this advertisement carefully.

Ask you to bring this paper with you and compare goods and prices.

BLACK GOODS DEPARTMENT--Offers this Week Only:

10 pcs All-wool French Cashmeres, 38-inch wide, at.....35c; sold formerly at 80c
50 pcs French Grenadines, all styles, the best goods ever imported, from 50c to $3 50 per yard; worth double that.
20 pcs excellent quality Lace Bunting, at.....12½c; sold at 20c
7 pcs All-wool Nun's Veiling, 40-inch wide, at.....49c; sold at 75c

COLORED DRESS GOODS DEPARTMENT OFFERS:

21 pcs Brocaded Dress Goods, at.....7½c and 8½c; sold at 12c
45 pcs Barathea Cloth at.....11c; everywhere sold at 18c
75 pcs Pin Checks, Brocades and Serges at.....12½c; everywhere sold at 20c
25 pcs Light English Mohair at.....30c; never sold before for less than 35c
175 pcs English Cashmere, all shades, at.....21c; never sold before for less than 40c

Whole Stock of Lace Bunting, French Ottomans, Cordelines, reduced 25 per cent in price for this week.

CALICOES AND GINGHAMS FOR THREE DAYS ONLY.

100 pcs Dress Calico, all shades, at.....5c; worth 7½c
100 pcs Eddystone Dress Plaids reduced to.....7c
50 pcs Indigo Blue Calicoes reduced to.....7½
Sell for three days only, Union and Linen Lawns, Dress and Apron Ginghams, at prime factors cost.

WHITE GOODS AND LINEN DEPARTMENT.

25 pcs Satin Finish Brilliantine at.....12½c
25 pcs Lace Check Nainsook, first quality.....12½c
50 pcs Victoria Lawn.....10c
100 pcs 16-inch Crash at.....4½c; sold at 8c
60 dozen Linen Huck Towels at.....10c; sold at 15c
Job Linen Fringe Napkins at.....39c per dozen; worth 75c

Closing out lot of Soiled Table Cloths and Curtain Laces at 40 per cent below cost.

LACES, NOTIONS AND HANDKERCHIEFS.

An All-Linen Handkerchief at.....10c
Cream Imitation Oriental Lace, 2 inches wide.....7½c
490 Short-Lengths Embroidery at half cost.
Children's French Percale Sailor Collars at.....9c; worth 20c
Ladies' Slashed Collars at.....20c; THIS WEEK ONLY
Fringes in Chenille and Silk at actual cost.

Will sell Buttons, all styles, at First Cost this entire week.
Fine Lisle Thread Gloves at 13c; All-Silk Gloves at 98c; Lace Mitts at 65c beat anything.
Corsets and underwear for one week at 20 per cent reduction.
Hosiery at half their former prices. Gents' half Hose, white and colors, at 8c.
PARASOLS AT EASTERN COST FOR THREE DAYS ONLY.
Good Silk Sun Umbrellas, "a job," at $3 50; worth $5 50.
Jerseys, all-wool, good quality, all colors, at $1 49.
Jerseys, braided, at $2; worth $3 50.
Suits and Wraps sold THIS WEEK REGARDLESS OF COST.
Jewelry reduced this week 35 per cent in price.
Millinery throughout the line, Hats, Feathers, Flowers, Ornaments, Children's Lace Caps, everything in our Millinery Department sold this week at a great reduction.

FOR - THIS - WEEK

We will trim all Hats purchased from us FREE OF CHARGE.

EUBRIES,

615, 617 and 619 North Fifth Street.

CHARTER OAK STOVES

AND TINNERS' STOCK OF ALL KINDS.
FOR SALE BY
EXCELSIOR MANUFACTURING CO.

CITY PRINTING.

OFFICE OF REGISTER, CITY HALL, St. Louis, May 12, 1884.

Pursuant to the requirements of the charter and ordinance of the City of St. Louis, sealed bids will be received at this office until 12 o'clock, noon, Friday, May 23, 1884, from the publishers of newspapers in the City of St. Louis, having a uniform daily circulation of over three thousand (3,000) copies, for the city printing during the ensuing year. Said bids must propose to do the city printing and advertising as required by law or ordinance to be done in the newspapers at a uniform price per line "nonpareil," and must be accompanied with the affidavits of said publishers that the uniform daily circulation of their respective newspapers is over three thousand (3,000) copies. The papers published in the English language bidding shall also state in their bid the price per page they will print two hundred copies of the proceedings of the Municipal Assembly (20) copies for each House and no blank pages to be counted) as may be published in such paper, in pamphlet form, and furnish the same within two days after each meeting of each House of the Municipal Assembly.

The English papers will also state at what price per page they will furnish three hundred printed copies of the ordinance as may be published in the newspapers of a uniform size suitable for binding in the customary pamphlet form (no blank pages to be counted). The English papers bidding will also state at what price per page they will furnish one hundred printed copies of the proceedings of the Board of Public Improvements as may be published in the newspapers (no blank pages to be counted).

The papers published in the German language bidding shall include in their bid the cost of translation.

Bidders will be required to make a cash deposit of one hundred dollars.

A bond of ten thousand dollars will be required for the faithful performance of the contract.

No bid shall be considered in which there shall be an erasure or interlineation.

All bids must be indorsed "Proposals for City Printing."

The papers receiving the contract will be required to furnish seventy-two copies of the daily paper free of charge. The English paper receiving the contract will be required to furnish two dozen slips of each advertisement made by the Commissioner of Supplies free of charge to said Commissioner. NICHOLAS BERG, Register.

THE WENTWORTH.

NEWCASTLE, N. H.

Railroad Station, Portsmouth, N. H.

OPEN JUNE 26. Accommodations for 500 guests. Has more attractions than any other seaside resort on the Atlantic coast. House contains every modern appliance, spacious rooms, best of beds, large elevators, halls for music and dancing, fine orchestra of 20 pieces; has bowling and billiard rooms, excellent boating, fishing and bathing, steam yacht for excursions, sail and row boats, and coaching and livery stable newly furnished with the best stock, harnesses and carriages. An elegant Tally Ho coach with London made harnesses and splendid team of six bays; the finest turnout in the country. Electric lights illuminate the grounds. Telegraph station in house. New York and Boston stock reports received hourly. The Wentworth is reached by the Eastern Railroad in one hour and fifty minutes from Boston. Four hours' ride from Fabyan House by way of White Mountain Notch and, North Conway. The Sea Shore Express with elegant Pullman cars, leaving Boston at 3:15 p. m., and Portsmouth at 7:30 a. m., will make the run between Boston and Portsmouth in one hour and thirty-five minutes. Coaches of the hotel are always in waiting at Portsmouth.

GEORGE F. THOMPSON, Manager.

DEBILITY of the Generative Organs quickly cured by the CIVIALE METHOD. Adopted in all the HOSPITALS OF FRANCE. Prompt return of VIGOR. Simple cases, $5 to $10. Severe cases, $15 to $25. Pamphlet free. Civiale Remedy Co., New York.

JOHN MAGUIRE,
REAL ESTATE AGENT
NO. 519 WALNUT ST. BET. 5TH AND 6TH.

TARRANT'S
Seltzer Aperient
TAKEN IN HOT WATER
CURES
DYSPEPSIA.

THE "BIG FOUR" PEERLESS PAPILLON REMEDIES
SKIN CURE,
CATARRH CURE,
COUGH CURE,
BLOOD CURE,
FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS.



OPEN

B 4 U BUY
Go See the
Elevator
Refrigerator.
Has more Improvements than any other.
G. KOONS
Refrigerator Co.,
1732 Franklin Avenue.

LATEST EDITION.

SOCIAL PARASITES.

A Day of Judgment in the Money Market.

The Subject of a New York Universalist Minister's Sermon Yesterday.—Gen. Grant's Wall Street Speculations Criticised.

By Telegraph to the Post-Dispatch.

NEW YORK, May 19.—The Rev. James M. Pullman, the leading preacher of the University of this city, and pastor of the Church of our Savior, at Fifty-seventh street and Eighth avenue, chose for the subject of his discourse yesterday "A Day of Judgment in the Money Market." The sermon was founded substantially upon the text "except ye repent, ye shall also likewise perise." "The Savior," said the preacher, "takes advantage of the falling of the temple of Solomon to show the certainty of the judgment day. We Universalists who believe in more than one judgment day can readily see the relevancy of the text to these times, for, in our apprehension, to-day is our judgment day. Every day of our lives is a judgment day. I think that plain words are best when we speak of the financial crash of the past week. I see that in these disruptions the moral forces of ethical laws is the agent of ethical laws. In a time when great fortunes melt down as the iceberg in a tropical clime, when riches take to themselves paper wings and fly away into oblivion, when the character of holders of public and and financial trus is tainted and the body shivers in apprehension of further catastrophe, I think one ought to hold a moral and social claim, and see what the matter is. We have a right to inquire into what affects our lives and fortunes. After calamities we see people searching for scapegoats in a crowd in which the hunters are themselves those alone who merit that title. The pursuit of wealth is a legitimate effort of mankind. Genius thus developed is the marvel of the age. Business standards were probably never higher than now.

YET THERE IS A DREAD

disease in the great body of traffic. It is dangerous, but can be eradicated. The recent outbreak is attributable to fraud having taken advantage of greed. Were it not a fact that persons residing especially in the rural districts were not greedy to double their fortunes much of the evil would be eradicated. Gambling now finds its most inviting arena in the money market. Join an indomitable will with no conscience and you have the money gambler. He it is who gets his something for nothing. If you tell him that if he makes haste to get rich he shall not be accounted innocent he laughs at you and says he has no desire to be innocent. He would rather lose his soul and gain the world. He prefers mammon to God. He knows and serves the former. The three great fields of speculation are in land, food and money. Legitimate is the profit of the man who sows the seed and transports it. But somewhere between the field and the mouths of people there is a parasite. Over the roof of the Produce Exchange in Chicago and the Stock Exchange in our city we see the hand of greed waiting its chance to steal what it can, to grasp away food from the very mouths of the people. I need not mention the system of dealing in futures, buying stocks not yet born and grain not yet grown. They are parasites pure and simple, who sit in halls and corners ready to get something for nothing. It is this kind of person who causes values to be in a constant state of feoerish agitation. There is a disposition among us to give honor where honor is not due. The reverse maxim seems to be at a discount in the present generation.

SO LONG AS WE TOLERATE MONEY

obtained by fraud, and blood, and tears, we offer a premium to men to make money, knowing that we will fall down and worship them when it is acquired. We worship individual ability. We clothe it with trusts which belong only to the Semitic integrity. We admire a man so much sometimes that we take pleasure in being 'skinned' because the knife is keen and the operation skillfully done. The people are responsible for this senseless admiration. It is among the people that these sentiments arise. We sit apathetic and catch the taint from the houses of fraud and corruption. The moral atmosphere about us is like fire-damp; touch a match and off she goes. So is the trade atmosphere tainted. One whisper of distrust and the crash comes. We have heard an ex-General of the army and an ex-President of the Republic spoken of in connection with the late catastrophes. What are we to think about that? We regard him with a certain veneration, to be sure, but are we to say that a man who was able to hold the position of a General of the army and to sit through two terms at the White House was so bereft of the power of reflection and observation that he got an unsuspecting and innocent victim to the cunning of an unscrupulous Wall Street wild cat? No, we are not to be so blinded. Our judgment is, that men who breathe the malarious atmosphere of political and speculative life will have their judgment and conscience perverted so that acts formerly abhorred will seem to them just those to be interested. We, ourselves, are

PARASITES OF THE SOCIAL ORDER.

A bad social state, as in this Wall Street rottenness, no more tends to cure itself than a cancer. When righteous men go to work this evil will be extirpated. Nature cannot do it. You were put here for this purpose. For this you were furnished with a conscience. We are learning to spend our money no better than they did in the days of Nero. When we ignore our moral obligations, this is our mistake, and then is our damnation. These transactions in Wall street are simply those of unmorality and not immorality. The source of all good institutions, health, wealth and prosperity in a social order, is in you. Your temptation is to despise yourselves and ask what you can do. Remember then we all exert an influence for good or bad by our example. Your thieves' riches fly away, but your truth riches belong to you and you have a right to dispose of them in any way you choose, providing it's honest, just and honorable."

SWOLLEN STREAMS.

Railroad Tracks Washed Out—Buckner and the Governorship—Missouri Matters.

SPRINGFIELD, Mo., May 19.—Four prisoners escaped from the County Jail yesterday morning. J. F. Sparks was arrested and taken to Pierce City on a charge of bigamy. John Overton was arrested Saturday night on a charge of forging an order on a railroad contractor. J. T. Means, a prominent physician, aged 60, died yesterday.

LEXINGTON, Mo., May 19.—The rains yesterday were the heaviest for years. The creeks are all swollen, Davis being over its banks. The Missouri Pacific was washed out and trains delayed.

JOPLIN, Mo., May 19.—David C. Buckbee, an engineer for the Atlantic Mining Company, was torn to pieces by his engine Saturday night. Death was instantaneous. He was 50 years of age.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., May 19.—Mrs. Gen. J. K. Proudfit's disappearance was chronicled April 30. Yesterday her body was found in the river at Harlem, opposite the city.

LEXINGTON, Mo., May 19.—Hon. A. H. Buckner addressed the people of Frankfort Saturday, setting forth his claims as a candidate for Governor.

MONTGOMERY, Mo., May 19.—A terrible hailstorm burst over this place yesterday afternoon, lasting for twenty minutes. The stones were as large as hen's eggs.

A LECTURE ON POLYGAMY.

The Wonderful Increase of Mormonism in Utah and Its Cause.

By Telegraph to the Post-Dispatch.

NEW YORK, May 19.—Lt.-Gov. Gibbs of Oregon lectured on Mormonism at the Madison Avenue Congregational Church last evening. Before introducing the lecturer, Dr. Newman described the early efforts made in Congress to suppress polygamy. He said that when the Mormons became prominent in Utah steps were devised to eradicate the evil influence of their teaching. He thought that President Arthur's policy was the only true one, and ought to be carried into effect without delay. Gov. Gibbs' address was a historical resume of Mormonism. He said Mormonism was founded fifty-one years ago by the famous Joe Smith, and the last census showed that within the 14,000 miles of land in Utah there dwelt between 200,000 and 300,000 of them. He showed the vile character of Smith, whom he termed an impostor of the worst type. Gibbs son of a fortune-teller, who predicted that a new religion would be founded. In describing the first book written by Smith, or rather supposed to be, he proved that it was not a revelation, but stolen from a work written by a Rev. Dr. Spaulding on the mound builders of Ohio. He traced the small bands, headed by Smith in their wanderings through the West and Southwest, and read statistics showing that they were driven out of all the towns by vigilance committees and the militia on account of their propensity for thieving and cheating. Polygamy, he said, was not established as a teaching of the Latter Day Saints until after the

ACCESSION OF BRIGHAM YOUNG,

who successfully ruled them. He pictured their enormous wealth and the controlling influence they wielded in the neighboring territories. Their wonderful increase was due to the activity of their missionaries, of whom they have about 500 in Europe making converts, who are sent to this country in large numbers, and also described their magnificent edifice in Salt Lake City, where their president resides. To attempt to crush them out forcibly, he thought, would not be doing justice to the many children who would become fatherless and cast out upon the world with the stigma of shame upon them. The bill of Senator Edmunds was not the proper thing, inasmuch as it did not go far enough into the matter. The best means would be to repeal the territorial law and appoint a council to govern them, and by degrees root out the belief. Congress ought to be petitioned and public sentiment created to blot out the curse.

WAR ON A PRIEST.

An Erratic Catholic Clergyman and His Tactics

Criticised by a Member of His Parish—The Preacher's Reply—An Editor Takes Part in the Controversy—A Real Sensation.

By Telegraph to the Post-Dispatch.

AMSTERDAM, N. Y., May 19.—A sensation of large proportions has been agitating this town during the week just passed. Father McIncrow, the Catholic pastor here, in his sermon, last Sunday, denounced a certain "nominal Catholic" for contributing to the building of a Protestant church, and declared that in so contributing he had committed a "mortal sin." The priest's tirade was answered in a card, published in Tuesday's Democrat, and announced by that paper as coming from a prominent Catholic, although the author went no further than to conceal his identity under the nom de plume of "Catholicus." This communication attacked McInerow, at the same time defending a "nominal Catholic," and declaring that a person thus characterized was none other than the Superintendent of Public Works Shanahan, of Tribeshill. The writer of the communication attacked Father McIncrow right and left, banking up his charge of avarice by that of inconsintency by mentioning the priest's acceptance of money from Stephen Sandford and others in building his own church. He declared that he had outlived his usefulness, that the Catholics would not much longer sit under his ministrations without a protest, and that he indulged in vulgar pulpit personalities. This letter the Democrat supported with an editorial, accusing the priest of intolerance. This combined and open attack on Father McIncrow became at once the subject of town talk; there were singularly few people who criticised or opposed it. The Democrat appeared on Wednesday containing interviews with leading Catholics, business and professional men, in which

THE BITTEREST LANGUAGE

was used and further instances of the priest's bigotry were cited. It was mentioned as a fact that he had shown no hostility to Supt. Shanahan until he had refused to help Father McInerow's brother Tim to the city clerkship of Utica. Father McInerow replied to the first attack through the columns of the Recorder. The reply, however, seemed aimed rather at Editor Kline and the Democrat than as an answer to the strictures of "Catholicus." Standing firm in his position of ultra catholicism, he declared that his acts could not seem otherwise than intolerant to Protestants, intolerance of Protestantism being characteristic of the Catholic doctrine. The next thrust in the warfare was an editorial in the Democrat which laid aside the generalities and third person of first critic for language unmistakeable in its vehemence. But the priest was a wily antagonist. On Thursday a paper was circulated among the Catholics by his influence, and obtained many signatures. The signers, by appending their names, "manifested their entire confidence in Father McInerow as the spiritual and temporal pastor of St. Mary's, and reprobated the action of that Democrat in impugning his motives." But the town laughed at the strategy. It was plain that the Catholics had refused to betray their sentiments, and that Father McInerow once more had them under his thumb. Friday's

CONTRIBUTIONS TO THE CONTROVERSY

were another editorial against the priest in the Democrat containing affidavits to the genuineness of the letter of "Catholicus" and the interviews published on Wednesday. "Catholicus" is generally believed to be "Judge" Clary, Thomas F. Kennedy or J. E. Ashe, former editor of the Democrat. Father McInerow has frequently figured in controversies here, and has made himself especially conspicuous by his ceaseless war against immorality. In many instances he has allowed his zeal to get the better of his judgment. He is unquestionably a very able man, and he has an excellent standing in the diocese as well as among the clergy of the laity. He is an especial favorite in Albany, where he was for some time connected with the Episcopal parish. His departure from that city for Amsterdam was much regretted by Bishop McNeirney, who, it was said, wished to make him rector of the Cathedral.

ROSA D'ERINA MARRIED.

The Service at the Church of the Holy Innocents Last Night.

By Telegraph to the Post-Dispatch.

NEW YORK, May 19.—Miss Rosa O'Toole, the prima donna and organist of the Roman Catholic Church of Holy Innocents on Thirty-seventh street, better known under her professional name of Rosa D' Erina, was married last evening to Prof. G. R. Youtom, Vicompte de St. Croix. There was a great crush at the Church of the Holy Innocents to witness the ceremony. In addition to the invited guests, the whole congregation filled the body and gallery of the edifice and extended far out into the street. Prof. Gomien, the organist of St. Peter's Church, who was at the instrument in place of the bride, played Mendelssohn's "Wedding March." About 8:30 the bridal procession passed up the central aisle. At the head were two little girls, the Misses Nellie and Katie Ferguson, clad in white and bearing baskets of flowers. Then came the bridesmaids, Miss Sarah Jordan, Miss Carrie Gill, Miss Emma Brennan, Miss Mamie Daly and Miss Mamie O'Donovan, escorted by the grooms, Mr. Marcillan Dellac, Mr. John P. Martin, Mr. M. Daly, Thos. McCarthy and James O'Donahue. The bride and groom brought up the rear. The bride was dressed in white satin en princesse, trimmed with Irish point lace. Her ornaments were diamonds. At the altar the procession separated, the bride and groom passed between and knelt at the altar with the bridesmaids on the right and the groomsmen on the left. The ceremony was performed by Father John Larkin, the pastor of the church, assisted by Father Smith, Father Dougherty, Father Kenny and Father Dowde. After the services

A RECEPTION WAS HELD

at the residence of the bride at No. 222 West Thirty-seventh street. The wedding presents were numerous and costly, and the collation served by Mr. Sherry included a masterpiece of a wedding cake, crowned by an Irish harp, bearing the inscription: "Rosa d'Erina." Among the guests present were Mrs. P. C. Maccoart, the manager and guardian of the bride; Mr. and Mrs. R. M. Walter, Mr. and Mrs. Andrew J. Murphy, Mr. and Mrs. James J. Coogan, Mr. J. H. Johnson, Mrs. Kate E. Digby, Mr. J. W. Brennan, Prof. Rothschild, Prof. Jongst, Prof. Brophy, Miss Bessie Byrne, elocutionist, Miss K. Crowley, Miss Alice Kelly, Miss K. Donohue and Miss A. Atkinson. The bride is well known in artistic circles. The groom is professor of French and Music in St. Louis College, attached to the Church of the Holy Innocents. His title is derived from his maternal uncle. His family have country seats at St. Marie, near Rouen at St. Etienne, in France, and on the Island of Jersey. The young couple will spend their honeymoon in this city.

CANNOT RING.

A Perpetual Injunction Granted Against the Pilgrim Chimes.

Between the hours of 7 o'clock in the evening and 7 o'clock in the morning, the Pilgrim Congregational Church must evermore cease to ring its chimes. The temporary injunction granted by the Court of Appeals in the famous case of Dr. Leete against the church was made perpetual by the Circuit Court in Judge Horner's room this morning in accordance with a mandate of the Court of Appeals.

PENNILESS DEPOSITORS.

A Sunday Scene After the Bank Failure at Newark, N. J.

The Former Bank President Smoking Imported Cigars Within the Sound of the Sobs and Groans of His Starving Dupes—Stories of the Victims.

By Telegraph to the Post-Dispatch.

NEW YORK, May 19.—The customary Sunday calm that prevailed among the populace of Newark yesterday gave place to murmurings of pent up grief and woe within the breasts of the 15,000 depositors of the wrecked Savings Bank, and the 50,000 more men, women and children who are dependent upon those deposits. All day long groups of men, women and children, in their Sunday attire, found their way to the corner of Broad and Mechanic streets, where they would halt for a few minutes and gaze upon the walls of the bank building, while not a few pressed their noses against the window panes in the insane endeavor to peer through the inside iron shutters. One middle-aged woman, enveloped in a seedy and threadbare black dress, sat on a curbstone holding an infant in her arms and weeping bitterly. "Oh, what shall we do, my poor little darling—what shall we do!" she exclaimed, addressing the child. To the reporter she said: "My every cent is in there, and God knows where I will get enough money to buy my children food. My husband died a year ago, leaving me with my three children, the youngest of whom—this one—is but two years old. He had his life insured for $1,000, and I put it all in the bank, drawing such small sums as I needed from time to time, in addition to what little I earned by sewing. I was told by one of the directors, who was a friend of my husband's, to put it there, but when I went to him yesterday he said that he could do nothing for me. There is still about $600 in there, while I have only $2 in my pocket, and am sick enough to go to bed. Oh, I do not know what will become of us."

ON THE STEP OF THE BANK

sat an old woman, partially dressed in rags, and munching some dry bread, and muttering incoherently to herself. "That woman," said an officer, "has been there since 7 o'clock this morning, when she relieved her husband, who had been on guard during the entire night, she having been on the spot all day Saturday. They will not leave, but disclose their determination to remain until they get their money. The woman's name is Catherine Woolley."

"I might as well go to prison as to go away from here," she said. "At home we have nothing, and all that we possess is $800, and that was in this bank. I don't get it back, those rascals (pointing into the bank) will suffer for it. Go to No. 87 Ferry street and you'll hear some praise for the thieves."

At the above number the reporter found a family named Ryman, consisting of husband, wife and six children, the oldest of whom was 10 years old. The man lay upon a rickety, tumble down bed, suffering from a long season of sickness, while the woman was endeavoring to quiet the cries of the two youngest children, who, she said, were hungry. A stove, table, three chairs, two mattresses upon the bare floor, and several boxes constitute all the furniture contained in the two small rooms. Misery and distress were clearly depicted on the countenances of the whole family, and their story was a sad one. "My husband," said the woman tearfully," has been sick in bed for five months from fever. Previous to that he was employed on the railroad at $1 25 a day.

WE MANAGED TO LIVE ON THAT

and save a little. We put in the Newark Savings Bank $380, the savings of twelve years, but that has been reduced by doctor's bills and necessaries of life during my husband's sickness to less than $200. Thursday afternoon I went to the bank to draw $10 to buy some food and medicine, but got there too late, and when I came there Friday morning the bank was closed. I had only 30 cents in the house and eight mouths to feed. I was afraid to tell my husband lest it would kill him, but he bears it bravely. The grocery man is willing to trust us for a while, but what shall we do if we cannot get our money? We have not had a full meal since Thursday. My appetite is gone, and my husband is getting worse. We have no friends who will give us help. This is terrible. A broker offered to buy our bank-book, but would only give forty cents on the dollar. I am afraid I shall be compelled to let him have it. Is there no law for the people?"

Jacob Norris, an ex-policeman living at No. 70 Arlington street, is out of work and his family had been dependent upon his savings of many years, all of which are locked up in the bank's vaults. "I have not enough," he said, "to buy food for to-morrow. What shall I do. Mr. Dodd is wholly to blame for this and should be made to suffer," adding some very uncomplimentary remarks against the president and bank officers.

Mr. Curry, a young lawyer, whose father, a farmer, had given him $5,000 to deposit, put it into the bank a few months ago. It was contrary to the rules of the institution to take so large a deposit, but it was accepted and now the young man does not wonder at it, as he declared they wanted all they could get before closing their doors. It is the intention of these gentlemen

TO CAUSE MR. DODD'S ARREST.

if the chancellor fails to do so.

The cathedral was crowded yesterday morning with worshipers, the majority of whom are poor people, laborers and servant girls, most all of whom were depositors of the broken bank, and naturally their grievances were rehearsed over and over again to and from church. Their denunciation of Mr. Dodd and the managers was very severe, and, noticing their ruffled countenances, Father Dooney, after the services, counseled his hearers to be calm and have patience, saying that he hoped all would come out straight in the end. Mr. Dodd's pew, near the front in Trinity Episcopal Church, was conspicuously vacant yesterday, and many a glance was thrown toward the door every time it opened in expectation of the deposed banker's entrance.

Seated at home in his luxuriously-furnished parlors Mr. Dodd was yesterday afternoon seen by the reporter. He was calmly drawing the smoke of a Havana through a highly-colored meerschaum holder and as calmly but briefly and evasively answered a few questions. "I have no statement to make," he said, "outside of what has already been said. All I might say would only be contradicted, and so I will wait for developments. One thing is certain, outside of the transaction with Fisk & Hatch there is not an iota of irregularity or crookedness in the bank's affairs. Many of the newspaper reports are grossly exaggerated and incorrect. This thing was as unlooked for by me as by any of the 15,000 depositors, and on their account alone I feel the blow so keenly." Mr. Dodd has been president of the bank for about twenty years, and for forty years

HE AND CHANCELLOR RUNYON

have been most intimate friends. This may account for the non-removal of Mr. Dodd by the chancellor when the bank failed in 1877, and for which the chancellor has been severely criticised of late. The feeling against Mr. Dodd is very bitter in all circles and his unbusiness-like methods have intensified them. His son Samuel was also at home and endeavored to console his aged father. He said that although he knew of the existence of the bank's securities at Fisk & Hatch's offices, he knew nothing of the firm's embarrassment or illegal use of the securities until his father called at the New York office and requested him to accompany him home with the box of stocks. Wm. D. Carter, treasurer of the bank for years, said he was just on the point of starting for Atlantic City with his sick wife, and had purchased tickets to leave Friday when he was startled by the announcement on Thursday of the bank's collapse. He admitted that not all of the managers knew of the transaction with Fisk & Hatch, although the Auditing Committee and he, as well as Mr. Dodd, did. He did not think it was necessary for all the managers to know of all the money transactions of the bank.

BULLET HOLE IN HIS HEAD.

Successful Jail Delivery—Cyclone Near Quincy—Illinois Jottings.

CHAMPAIGN, ILL., May 19.—Arthur D. Patterson, a youth of 18, son of John W. Patterson, and clerk in the Doane House, was found dead on the doorstep of the family residence yesterday morning, with a bullet hole in his head. An inquest will be held today. So far no one knows how the tragedy was effected. He was last seen in the company of a young man named Miller.

DANVILLE, ILL., May 19.—A very successful jail delivery occurred here Saturday night, W. H. Mingle, Thos. Bracken, Ed. Crosby and Wash Barlow getting away.

VIRGINIA, ILL., May 19.—John Bates, a prominent farmer, died Saturday of apoplexy.

HIGHLAND, ILL., May 19.—Augustus Parkinson, a well-known gentleman, died here yesterday.

QUINCY, ILL., May 19.—A cyclone struck Melrose Township, four miles southeast of here, yesterday afternoon and swept up the farms of Loring, Wheeler and Nat. Pease. Houses, barns and fences were blown down and blooded stock scattered in all directions. Nothing was felt of the cyclone here.

DECATUR, ILL., May 19.—A strong wind yesterday did considerable damage to property in the southern part of the city. Roofs and chimneys were blown away and outhouses prostrated.

BLOOMINGTON, ILL., May 19.—Quong Hing, a Chinaman from Lincoln, Ill., was exhibiting a 44-calibre revolver to some of his compatriots yesterday, when the instrument was accidentally discharged, the ball passing through the left breast of Long How and lodging in the arm of Long Tru.

STEAGTON, ILL., May 19.—The engineer at coal mine No. 5 lost control of the engine Saturday morning while letting the men down to work, and the cage fell violently to the bottom, breaking to splinters and causing severe injuries among the occupants.

VANDALIA, ILL., May 19.—Mrs. A. G. Campbell, a farmer's wife, attracted by a sound on the top of her cupboard, mounted a chair and saw a big blacksnake. She called her husband, who dispatched the reptile. It was five feet long.

PERSHINGVAE, ILL., May 19.—Adam McGeachim, a miner, fell beneath the cars on the Alton road and had his feet crushed.

GARDEN HOSE.

An Excessive Use of It on Pine Street Complained Of.

Mr. Dave Joseph, superintendent of the St. Louis Improved Street Sprinkling Company, addressed a letter to Street Commissioner Turner last week in which he deplored the fact that people on Pine street, particularly in the vicinity of Thirty-first and Compton avenue, used their garden house excessively, and asked that they be restrained from a further continuance of the practice for the reason that it interfered materially with street sweeping. General Turner, after reading this letter, turned it over to Mr. Mott, the Assessor and Collector of Water Rates, with the indorsement that the evil should be remedied, as asphaltum pavement demanded less water than any other and that it could be by an order commanding deputy water inspectors to notify servants to cease using the garden hose between 5 and 7 in the evening. Mr. Mott has acted upon this suggestion in the hope of checking another source of water waste.

OLDEST IN THE CITY.

Sixty-Third Anniversary of First Methodist Church Sunday-School.

First Methodist Church was well filled last evening to celebrate the sixty-third anniversary of the organization of the Sunday-school. Father Sutton's address was the feature of the occasion. He stated that this was the first Sunday-school organized in the city, and that he was a member at its organization. Quite vividly he reviewed the past progress of the church and Sunday-school for more than half a century. This church began its career on Third and Spruce, in a log cabin. There were no free schools in the city at the time, and but one pay school. To keep pace with the growth of the city this mother church of Methodism in St. Louis has been compelled to change its location four times. The organization at present is in a flourishing condition, having an elegant commodious building on the corner of Glasgow avenue and Dayton street, without a cent of incumbrance, and a live, working membership. Every pew in the church is free.

NO CAUSE OF ACTION.

Parents Cannot Recover for the Death of a Child Over Age.

Judge Horner rendered quite an important opinion this morning in the case of O'Neill against the Missouri Pacific Railway Company. Mrs. O'Neill brought a suit against the railway company to recover damages for the death of her son, whom it was alleged was killed by the negligence of the defendant. The company demurred to the petition on the ground that the young man killed was over 21 years of age, and hence the right of recovery in the parents was lost, the statutes restricting such right to minor children only. The other side contended that when a child lived in the house of the parents and was a member of the family the parents might sue for damages for the loss of his services. Judge Horner held that the cases cited to support this latter position were not to the point, and in his opinion the plaintiff's petition stated no cause of action. The demurrer was sustained.

FORGED ADMISSION CARDS.

A Fraud Reported to the Police by the Fair Association.

The secretary of the Fair Grounds Association a few days ago referred a fraud to the Police Department for investigation. On May 11 and 12, tickets purporting to give admission to the Eleventh Grand Volksfest for the benefit of the German Protestant Orphan Asylum were presented at the Fair Grounds. There was no such celebration, and the supposition was that the tickets had been printed by some one for the purpose of collecting funds. The names of Charles F. Buck, president, and Albert P. Noll, secretary, were attached to the tickets. The officer to whom the case was given reported that he was unable to locate the printers who issued the cards.

THE PRESBYTERIAN ASSEMBLY.

A Telegram from Southern Brothers Received with Applause.

SARATOGA, N. Y., May 19.—In the Presbyterian Assembly a congratulatory telegram from the Southern Assembly at Vicksburg, by Rev. Dr. Stratteg of Mississippi, representing that assembly, was received with applause. The memorial relating to Army Chaplain Blake was referred. The Committee on Missions of Freedmen submitted a voluminous report.

THE NATION'S WOOL GROWERS.

The National Mass Meeting at Chicago—A Kansas Man for Chairman.

CHICAGO, May 19.—The national mass meeting of Wool Growers of the United States was called to order at 10 o'clock this morning, 134 delegates being present, fifty of whom were from Ohio, thirty-eight from Pennsylvania. Twenty-one States and Territories are represented. J. S. Coddington of Kansas was elected temporary chairman. A committee on permanent organization was appointed.

Bicyclists at Washington.

WASHINGTON, May 19.—The fifth annual meeting of the League of American Wheelmen commenced its session here this morning. Unusual interest attaches to the meeting on account of the reported intention of some dissatisfied ones to move to dissolve the league. It is stated that 1,500 to 1,700 bicyclists will take part in the parade to-morrow.

The Veiled Prophet.

The plans for the Veiled Prophet's procession for the coming fall are said to be in a very advanced state of preparation. The artist has been for some time at work blocking out the designs for the floats, and the work has come to a point where those who know predict for 1884 the most gorgeous pageant ever given by the order.

A New Pastor.

The members of the First Presbyterian Church, which has had no regular pastor for some time, are so pleased with Rev. Geo. E. Martin, of Stockton, Mass., who has preached for them several Sundays, that they will hold a meeting this week and tender him a formal call. He is a young and vigorous minister.

Missing People.

Paul Neginer, aged 27 years, 5 feet 6 inches high, was reported missing by his friends to-day. He has only been in this country one week.

Eliza Simons wrote to Chief Harrigan from New York, asking after her uncle, William Simons, who lives in this city.

Struck by a Saw.

Patrick Shaffery, who lives at 1846 North Second street, and is employed at Schulenberg & Boeckeler's saw-mill at the foot of St. Louis avenue, was struck by a piece of a broken saw on last Saturday and severely injured. Three ribs were broken, in addition to which he received some ugly scalp wounds.

Temporarily Suspended.

PETERSBURG, VA., May 19.—In consequence of heavy runs, as well as on other banks, the Planters' and Mechanics' Bank temporarily suspended. The Board of Directors and the President say a satisfactory assessment will be made so to re-open. The bank is believed to be able to pay every cent.

Death of a Railroad President.

BURLINGTON, IOWA, May 19.—Last night Judge Joshua Tracy, president of the Burlington, Cedar Rapids and Northern Railroad, died at his residence in this city after an illness of three days. Deceased was born in Belmont County, Ohio, in 1818.

UP THE FLUE.

More Bankers and Brokers Join the "Closed Doors" Procession.

An Erie, Pa., Bank President Who Dabbled in Oil—Russell Sage's Losses Aggregate $5,000,000—Donnell, Lawson & Simpson Will Resume Business.

NEW YORK, May 19.—Stocks opened at a decline of ¼ to 3c, the latter for Louisville and Nashville. The decline was due to realizations. Subsequently there was a rally of ¼ to 1¼c.

NO STATEMENTS YET.

NEW YORK, May 19.—WALL STREET.—Everything is quiet. There are yet no statements of the suspended firms.

THE STOCK MARKET CLOSE.

NEW YORK, May 19.—Stocks closed firmer. The Scott failure had no effect.

Will Resume.

NEW YORK, May 19.—The sympathy extended to Donnell, Lawson & Simpson has induced them to submit to the proposition of their creditors, which will result in their resuming business in a few days.

Russell Sage's Losses.

Special to Chicago Times.

NEW YORK, May 18.—The secretary of Russell Sage is quoted as saying that the losses of Mr. Sage will be at least $5,000,000. Mr. Sage has paid out during the past two days $3,000,000—a sum which would wreck an ordinary bank. A less amount seriously crippled the Metropolitan Bank and caused the panic of Wednesday. There is no doubt that the present crisis has caused a heavy drain upon the financial reservoir. A solid Wall street man said last night in the Windsor Hotel: "While Mr. Sage's financial calculations on the stock maket have been most beautifully upset, and he has been compelled to accept or pay the difference for a great many thousand shares of stocks, just how many nobody knows, the street still regard him as an able financier. This fact is more apparent when you consider with what skill he has managed in the hour of his distress, to share the profits that many were entitled to upon his privileges." The feeling in the Windsor Hotel to-night was strong in two particulars. One was that the market would show a big improvement the coming week, and the other was that Sage's trouble was not yet over. It is understood that large blocks of stock will be put to Mr Sage, but he is reported, by those who pretend to know, to have more ready money on hand than any other man on Wall street.

Lost $125,000 in Wall Street.

UTICA, May 19.—Alexander White, a creamery operator of Grand Rapids, Mich., shot himself at his mother's home at Sherburne, this morning. He lost $125,000 in Wall street last fall, and suffered other business reverses.

Affairs at Newark To-Day.

NEWARK, May 19.—The application to the vice-Chancellor for an order to require President Dodd to show cause why he should not be punished for disobedience of the Court of Chancery, in removing the bank's assets out of the State, was laid over pending developments. The run on other Savings Banks ceased to-day.

Bank Doors Closed.

DENVER, COL., May 19.—Dispatches received here report the failure of Howell & Co.'s bank, at Spokane Falls, Idaho. C. C. Howell, the president, was at one time at the head of the Howell Bank in Leadville, afterward the City Bank, which failed some time ago.

The President Dabbled in Oil.

ERIE, PA., May 19.—The Erie County Savings Bank of this city suspended this morning. Capital, $150,000; liabilities, $300,000. It is said the president has been dabbling in oil. He has left the city.

Another Bank Failure.

LAPORTE, IND., May 19.—The City Exchange Bank made an assignment Saturday, owing to the failure of Donnell, Lawson & Simpson. Liabilities, $86,000; assets, $21,000.

Brokers Suspend.

NEW YORK, May 19.—W. B. Scott & Co., brokers, suspended this afternoon.

Failed for $25,000.

NEW YORK, May 19.—M. Morton, a dealer in china, has failed for $25,000.

HOW WARD GOT MONEY.

Damning Evidence Against Railroad Treasurers, City Officials and Bank Officers.

From the New York Times of Saturday.

The truth about Grant & Ward and the Marine Bank is slowly coming out. It appears from the testimony given yesterday by Ferdinand Ward that the sums paid to City Chamberlain J. Nelson Tappan in the last seven months, aggregating $1,156,016, were "profits" accruing to him from his investments in the imaginary Government contracts. Apparently, Mr. Tappan has no cause for complaint. He caused the city to deposit $1,000,000 in the Marine Bank, and if part of that money passed through the hands of Fish and Ward into his pockets it came to him as "profits" and in no other form. It appears that B. W. Spencer, director of the bank and treasurer of the Erie road, must have known that Ward was rehypothecating the notes upon which the railroad company had secured a loan. This will be interesting news to the Erie company.

* * * * * * *

"So, then, the real nature of your business consisted in discounting the fanciful prospects of imaginary profits to be derived from fictitious contracts, founded on manufactured artificial contributions of altogether imaginary money. Is that so?"

Lawyer Bangs asked this question of Ferdinand Ward in Referee Cole's office yesterday, and emphasized nearly every word of it with a vigorous thump of his knuckles on the big ledger of the defunct firm of Grant & Ward. Gen. Grant's partner stared in amazement at the powdered wigs and black gowns of venerable English Judges in the pictures on the walls, while the stenographer slowly repeated the question to him. Mr. Ward laughed with the lawyers but made no answer.

"Well," said Mr. Bangs, "Why don't you speak? Doesn't that adequately describe the business you were in?"

"Some—some of it was conducted on an imaginary basis, yes," answered Ward when he caught his breath.

SPENCER'S SHARE.

"Did you refer to B. W. Spencer, the Treasurer of the Erie Road and a director in the Marine Bank?" asked Mr. Bangs.

"I did," said Ward.

"And whom is Mr. Platt?"

"I referred to Thomas C. Platt, President of the United States Express Company."

"Did you mean that Mr. Spencer tried to get him to draw $50,000 from some other bank and put it in the Marine Bank?"

"That is what I supposed he tried to do."

"Did Mr. Spencer secure that seventy-five-thousand-dollar loan from the Pennsylvania Coal Company?"

"I think he did. But that's Mr. Spencer's business, not mine."

"Did Mr. Spencer know that you were raising money on the securities you got from the Erie Road?"

"He knew that I had to raise money on them in order to carry them."

"You received bonds and notes as security for your loan to the Erie, didn't you?"

"We did."

"And you turned some of the bonds over to the Marine Bank, didn't you?"

"I believe we did."

"Did the notes go with the bonds, or did you separate them?"

"In some instances I separated them."

"And raised money on the notes, too?"

"In some instances."

"Did Mr. Spencer know that you separated the notes and bonds in this way?"

"As an examiner of the bank I think he must have known it. Mr. Spencer knew that $130,000 in notes went into the Bank of Commerce, which were part of the notes we held with the bonds."

CITY CHAMBERLAIN TAPPAN.

"Mr. Ward, how much did Col. Fred D. Grant invest in these supposed Government contracts?"

"I don't remember."

"Was it $500 or $500,000?"

"I really couldn't say."

Nor was Mr. Ward's memory any better regarding the sums raised on several checks shown to him. "I did not have any business in that part of the office," he said.

"What was your business principally; looking after supposed Government contract investments?"

"Yes, sir."

Referring to the checks to J. Nelson Tappan, City Chamberlain, spoken of at the hearing the other day, Mr. Ward said they were all for transactions in the imaginary Government contracts.

"Can you tell me how much money Mr. Tappan invested with you on account of these contracts?" asked Mr. Bangs.

"I cannot."

"Can you say how money he drew out as much interest in return for the capital he invested?"

"I can't tell that, either."

"In what manner was the money paid?"

"By a personal check."

"Were there no investments because of contracts with the city of New York?"

"No; so far as any contracts formed a basis for investments it was all untrue."

"Did no one of the men who invested in these contracts ever ask to take a look at them; show at least some curiosity as to the precise nature of them."

"None of them. No, sir; not even Messrs. Warner and Work."

"In those transactions did you know of any business connection between J. T. Davies and Mr. Warner?"

"I did not know it, but I suspected it. Mr. Davies' name was mentioned in conversation between us. I got the impression that others were interested also."

"Who were the others?"

"Messrs. Work, Wilmerding, and Herrick."

"How is it that the other day, when I asked you to name all the persons interested in your Government contract system, you did not name Col. Fred Grant?"

"I did not understand you to ask me to name them all."

"Well, I ask you to do so now."

"There were Capt. Elihu Spicer, F. D. Grant, U. S. Grant, jr., James D. Fish, E. H. Tobey, E. G. Tobey, William R. Grace, J. Nelson Tappan, W. W. Smith, Jesse R. Grant and James R. Smith."

"Who is James R. Smith?"

"He is a member of the firm of Reed & Smith, and a director in the Marine Bank."

"Were there any other directors in the Marine Bank interested?"

"Yes, J. Nelson Tappan, James D. Fish and B. W. Spencer."

HAVE you attended the Donnybrook Fair at the Globe?

TEXAS TRAGEDIES.

Death of Mayor Edwards, Who Was Shot by Capt. Wrenn.

The Cause of Consternation at Austin—Another Outbreak Between Whites and Blacks—The Body of a Negro Railroad Porter Riddled With Bullets.

By Telegraph to the Post-Dispatch.

AUSTIN, TEXAS, May 19.—Major Edwards, a member of Gen. King's staff, died at the Beach Hotel, Galveston, this morning, from wounds inflicted some few days ago by Capt. Wrenn of this city. Both men are prominent citizens of Austin, and great consternation prevails here over the unfortunate result of their recent encounter. Wrenn will be arrested on a charge of murder this afternoon. Deceased will be interred here to-morrow. Edwards was a prominent real estate man and Wrenn is an insurance agent. Both occupied leading positions in this city.

RIDDLED WITH BULLETS.

By Telegraph to the Post-Dispatch.

AUSTIN, TEXAS, May 19.—News has just been received here of another outbreak between the whites and negroes at Hempstead, in which a colored railroad porter named Holmes was killed last night. The negroes greatly outnumber the whites at Hempstead, and it seems that yesterday Holmes openly censured his colored brethren for not revenging the two negroes killed there Saturday night last. This coming to the ears of the whites they repaired in a body to the depot last night, and when the train arrived on which Holmes was a porter they boarded it and riddled his body with bullets. Serious complications are likely to arise, as the blood of both parties is now at fever heat. Should an outbreak of a serious character occur the Governor will at once draft troops to quell the disturbance.

ANOTHER ADJOURNMENT.

The Committee of Investigation Did Not Meet This Morning.

Judge Davis and Eugene Sievin were the only members of the Investigating Committee of the House of Delegates who put in an appearance in the committee room of the House this morning. The usual limited audience gathered around, and while they waited for the appearance of another member, they swapped stories and smoked cigars. Among those present were Delegates Sullivan, Brennan, McAllister, and Schawacker, Councilman Devoy, Attorney Thompson and a representative of each of the daily papers. When the clock in the steeple struck 11 Judge Davis assumed a perpendicular position at the head of the table, and declared that the committee would meet to-morrow morning at 9:30 o'clock. The "Ancient Mariner" who does duty as Sergeant-at-Arms in the House had previously informed the Judge that Clem. Creveling, the witness for whom the committee has been yearning for weeks, had taken the 5:15 train this morning for somewhere. The committee will meet in the morning and give Mr. Patrick Brennan a show for his white alley. They will also put Andy McAllister and Jim Sullivan on the stand. A report will probably be had to-morrow night.

ANGERED HIS MOTHER-IN-LAW.

A Lady Who Wound Up a Dispute With a Wagon-Stake.

A man named John Kuhn, who has no gift of wisdom to keep him from living with his mother-in-law, was given a hint of an exceedingly delicate character this morning, which he will no doubt proceed to act upon when he begins to recover from the shock incurred by the reception of the hint. He was arguing at breakfast with his mother-in-law, as all foolish young husbands will, when the maternal relative by legal arrangement hunted up a wagon-spoke which was, unfortunately for Mr. Kuhn, quite handy, and before Mr. Kuhn had time to utter the peroration to his argument the old lady belted him over the brain with the spoke. When Kuhn recovered consciousness, which was about 9 a.m. at the City Dispensary, he explained to Dr. Epstein, while the latter kept the fragments of his scalp together with sticking-plaster, that he had no idea that the mother-in-law would approach him so suddenly, but that he would try to keep her from paying him such marked attention in the future by living in a house far distant from her.

THE ISLAND IS OURS.

Decision in Favor of St. Louis in the Arsenal Island Case.

The Arsenal Island case has been decided by the Secretary of the Interior, in favor of the city of St. Louis. The application of Robert Carrick, that the Island be surveyed and put on the market for sale as public land by the United States authorities was denied. The city remains in possession of the island under its title from the schools, and it is not likely that any further attempt will be made to disturb its possession. The Commissioner of the General Land Office and the Secretary of the Interior have both concurred in making the above ruling. The case was argued before the last mentioned officer in March by City Counselor Bell, and by Mr. Willoughby of Washington for the claimant, Carrick.

ASSASSINATED IN ARKANSAS.

A Plantation Superintendent Killed Near Little Rock—Negro Suspects Arrested.

By Telegraph to the Post-Dispatch.

LITTLE ROCK, ARK., May 19.—Saturday night John Wall, superintendent of Gov. Rector's plantation, twelve miles distant from this city, was assassinated by being shot through the window of a store-room on the plantation while engaged in waiting upon some customers. He had lately had some trouble with a drunken negro woman and had been threatened by the negroes, who sided with the woman. Three negroes are under arrest, charged with the crime.

MURDER AT RICHMOND, MO.

A Husband Shot by His Wife's Paramour—Threatened With Lynching.

By Telegraph to the Post-Dispatch.

RICHMOND, MO., May 19.—Charles Curtis, a colored barber, shot Henry Hughes, colored, last night. The ball entered the right breast near the nipple. Hughes will die. Curtis was lodged in jail. The cause of shooting was that Curtis was too intimtae with Hughes' wife and he wanted Hughes out of the way. The colored people are much excited, and there is talk of lynching Curtis.

Killed in a Street Fight.

MCKEESPORT, PA., May 19.—In a street fight at Coal Bluff, Pa., Saturday night, Wm. Craig knocked Thomas Dawson down, and then kicked his brains out. Craig has been arrested. The fight was the result of an old grudge.

GALVESTON HARBOR.

Capt. Eads and His Interest in the Scheme.

Land Grant Legislation in Congress To-Day—The Appropriation for Street Reconstruction Around the St. Louis Custom House—Washington Notes.

By Telegraph to the Post-Dispatch.

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 19.—It now transpires that Capt. Eads' visit here this week is for the purpose of aiding the Texas delegation in their effort in behalf of the new Galveston harbor scheme. This looks to the adoption of Eads' jetty plan for the improvement of the harbor at a cost of $7,000,000. They will go before the River and Harbor Committee in regard to it on Thursday.

ATLANTIC AND PACIFIC LAND GRANT.

A bill was introduced in the Senate to-day forfeiting the land of the Atlantic and Pacific Road opposite the incompleted sections of the road.

RESOLUTIONS OF ST. LOUIS POST, G. A. R.,

asking the restoration of Col. A. J. Smith to the army register, with rank of colonel, was presented to the Senate to-day; also a petition of the Kansas City Board of Trade in favor of the bill granting right-of-way through the Indian Territory to the Southern Kansas Railway Company.

THE GOVERNMENT'S SHARE.

Congressman O'Neill to-day persuaded the subcommittee of the Appropriation Committee to approve the sections of the deficiency bill paying the bills for the reconstruction of the streets around the Post Office at St. Louis.

THE SENATE.

Senator Harris presented a petition from the Merchants' Exchange of Nashville, protesting against the consolidation of the customs port of Nashville with that of Memphis, and praying that an appraiser be appointed for the port of Nashville.

THE HOUSE.

The contested election case of Wallace vs. McKinley was postponed and Mr. Randall attempted to secure the passage of the three appropriation bills agreed to in the committee of the whole Friday last. To this Mr. Collins objected and the Speaker proceeded to call the States for bills. The following were introduced and referred:

By Mr. Weller—Authorizing the Secretary of the Treasury to use, as soon as may be, all the surplus money in the Treasury for redemption of bonds outstanding at a price not above par.

By Mr. Lewis—Prohibiting the confirmation of the certification and patenting of unearned landgrants.

By Mr. King—Directing the Secretary of the Treasury to allow a rebate of 10 per cent. on all goods imported in oessels on the American register.

IN A DILEMMA.

The Exposition Association Seriously Embarrassed by the Manufacturers.

"I am sure I can't understand what these gentlemen mean by their course," remarked J. H. Johnston, superintendent of the Exposition, this morning. "They have certainly placed the Association in a very embarrassing position."

He was speaking of a petition published in the morning papers, requesting the Association to reconsider its action admitting agricultural implements to its display. The petition was signed by the following firms: H. E. Jaynes, Moline Plow Company, Kingman & Co., Minneapolis Harvester Company, Oliver Chill Plow Company, E. M. Berdsall Manufacturing Company, Champion Machine Company, Climax Machine Company, H. Kuhlmann, J. R. Calhoun & Co., Furst-Bradley Manufacturing Company, D. M. Osborne & Co., Wm. Koenig & Co., Hoover & Gamble, Hamilton, Brown & Co., Whitman Agricultural Works, W. F. Schoenhadt, McCormick Harvesting Company, Thomas & Co., P. P. Mast & Co., W. S. Roberts & Co.

"What do you propose to do about it?"

"I can't tell yet what we'll do, as Mr. Kennard is out of the city. As soon as he returns there will be a meeting, and some action will be taken. I am surprised to see that these gentlemen gave the petition for print before the board had an opportunity to act on it."

"Will it occasion much inconvenience if you have to dispense with a display of agricultural implements?"

"Not exactly that. We will, of course, have no difficulty in filling our space, but that is not the worst feature of the case. Now let me give you a little history of this agricultural implement matter. The Exposition Association was not organized to compete with the Fair Association, and it has endeavored in every action taken to avoid any appearance of competition. We have only the most friendly feelings for that organization, and have the same interest in its success that all other business men of St. Louis have. Accordingly, in arranging our programme, we made this announcement, which appears in all the printed pamphlets:

"'No arrangements have been made for a display of agricultural implements and machinery, the management believing that exhibitors in this line would prefer to make their exhibits at the regular agricultural fair. Consequently such articles will not be received.'

"Well, no sooner was this pamphlet out than we received a communication from some of the manufacturers of agricultural implements, suggesting that it would have been well to give them a hearing before barring them out of our exposition, and that even yet we ought to give them a chance to express their views. Not wishing to leave any one dissatisfied, we concluded to call them together, and sent out a notice to the manufacturers to that end. They met here in the office, and we explained why we had determined to leave thom out, as we did not want to interfere with the Fair display. They almost unanimously declared that it would not interfere with the Fair at all, for they would exhibit only the smaller and least cumbersome of their implements with us, and would make their display at the Fair just the same as ever. With this understanding we determined to give them 20,000 feet of room, and allow them until the first of June to make their applications, so that the 20,000 feet might be equally divided among the applicants. Pursuant to this agreement, six or eight St. Louis manufacturers have already made application for space. Yet, when this is all done, here comes a communication from these gentlemen at whose instance the programme was changed, in which they request us to do what we were disposed to do at first. But how about these applicants for space to whom we have guaranteed an exhibit? They have not signed the petition, and if we tell them we cannot admit, their natural inquiry will be Why not? If we answer that certain manufacturers have requested us to bar out that display, they will naturally want to know why they should be denied the right of exhibit, simply because some other manufacturers don't want to take space. You see, it places us in a really embarrassing position, and I am at a loss to know what the board will do about it."

MASTERLY INACTIVITY.

The Municipal Assembly Doing Nothing to Benefit the City.

By a concurrent resolution adopted recently both houses of the Municipal Assembly have agreed to adjourn until October on the 10th of June. This gives that body but three weeks to work in, and if they intend to do anything this session a splendid opportunity is now offered. Since the 1st of April, when the Assembly convened for this year's session, there have been six bills passed. These bills are the general appropriation bill, a bill authorizing the Mayor and Comptroller to borrow money, a bill settling the rate of taxes in the city, a bill to purchase a lot on Third street for an engine house, a bill to increase the police force and a bill changing the tracks of the Northern Central Railorad from one street to another. Among these measures not one can be found that is a direct benefit to the city. All the railroad bills are still before the Assembly and from all appearances will be before the Assembly when the Assembly adjourns. Now that the session is nearing adjournment, there is a general desire to postpone all action on important bills. This is particularly true of the cable road and Forest park bills. The former has been reported to the House, and is now dallying there. There can be no excuse for inaction upon it, as the projectors of the enterprise have notified the Assembly that they will accept any bill with any reasonable conditions. The Forest park bills receive apparently little attention. It can easily be seen that the House intends to do nothing in the premises.

Ministers Meetings.

The Presbyterian ministers consumed their time to-day in a social way and did but little business. Dr. J. G. Raeser announced his intention of leaving for a three months' trip in Europe next Friday, and a committee presented a commendatory resolution on his departure, which was passed by the Assembly. Rev. G. M. Bonner reported prospects favorable for the establishing of a Colored Presbyterian Church.

Rev. F. S. Beggs presided over the Methodist gathering. There being no set theme for discussion, lively and protracted tacks on the conference at Philadelphia were given by several of the brethren. Rev. Phillip Hehner of Baldwin, Mo., was in attendance as a visitor.

The Baptist pastors occupied their time principally in hearing the reports from various churches, which were exceptionally interesting.

WHILE other stores are empty the Globe is crowded.

P. & G. P. & G. P. & G. P. & G.

Four Grand Bargains FIRST.

35 pcs Moire and Summer Silks, 32 1-2c; importer's price 50c.

Four Grand Bargains SECOND.

22-inch Pure Wool Nun's Veilings, 15c; importer's price 25c.

Four Grand Bargains THIRD.

337 pcs Best Amoskeag Canton Ginghams, 5c; manufacturers' price 12 1-2c.

Four Grand Bargains FOURTH.

33 pcs 44-inch Pure Wool Twilled Foule, 35c; importer's price 50c.

THE ABOVE GRAND BARGAINS

Are part of an IMMENSE PURCHASE to close an Importer's Stock of SILKS and DRESS GOODS at Prices even Lower than Yet Offered. In connection with these goods, the

BALANCE of the CHICAGO BANKRUPT STOCK

Will be put on sale at such Low Figures that will cause a panic among Dry Goods Houses here. Less than Half-Price is how most of these goods will be offered this week at

PENNY & GENTLES'.

We will put on sale some of the Best Bargains ever seen in St. Louis. New and Fresh Goods. No old stock ever seen in our house. Hundreds of other Bargains, all worthy the attention of the citizens of St. Louis and of the surrounding country.

Silks, Special.

20-in. Cashmere Milano Gros-Grain Silk and All-Silk Ottomans, 63c; importer's price $1.

22-in. Cashmere Fredona Gros-Grain Silks, 83c; Chicago price $1 25.

24-in. Bonnet's and Tappissier's Gros-Grain Silks, $1 13; importer's price $1 65.

22-in. Surah Silks, pure silk, 95c; importation price $1 15.

21-in. Colored Gros-Grain Silks, 75c; importation price 85c.

Dress Goods.

99 pcs Wool Plaids, 5c; Chicago price, 25c.

81 pcs Pacific and Manchester Wool Suitings, 10c; Chicago price, 20c.

135 pcs 44-in. All-Wool Albatross Suitings, Buntings and Summer Suitings, 35c and 45c; importer's price, 63c.

44-in. All-Wool Black Buntings, 35c; importer's price, 50c.

44-in. All-Wool Plaid Buntings, 50c; importer's price, 65c.

22-in. Pure Wool Black Buntings, 15c; Chicago price, 25c.

Calicoes and Ginghams from Chicago.

225 pcs new Plaid Canton Ginghams, 7½c; Chicago price, 12½c.

75 pcs Seersucker Ginghams, 6¼c; Chicago price, 12½c.

300 pcs Best Shirting Calicoes, 4c; Chicago price, 7½c.

58 pcs Best Zephyr Ginghams, 20c; Chicago price, 35c.

White Goods, Special.

125 handsome Embroidered Robes, $5; importer's price $6 50.

75 very handsome Embroidered Robes, $6 50 to $10; importer's prices $9 to $15.

35 pcs India Lawns, 15c; Chicago price 20c.

75 pcs India Lawns, 20c; Chicago price 25c.

130 pcs Check Nainsooks, 7½c; manufacturer's price 12½c.

35 pcs Union Lawns, 4c; Chicago price 6¼c.

45 pcs Stylish Patterns in Linen Lawns, 20c; importer's price 25c.

Embroideries and Laces.

3,500 yds Fine Embroideries, 2½c, 5c, 7½, 10c, 15c and 20c; Chicago prices double.

6,850 yds Wide Flouncing Embroideries, 25c, 35c, 50c, 75c, $1; half price.

1,985 yds Irish Point Embroideries, 15c, 20c, 25c, 50c, 75c; half Chicago prices.

Swiss Embroidery, all widths, 10c, 15c, 20c, 25c, 35c, 50c; way below importing prices.

33 pcs Torchon Laces, wide and fine, 11c; Chicago price double.

74 pcs Fine Spanish Laces, 20c; Chicago prices 30c.

All Fancy Laces away down.

Latest Styles, Lowest Prices, at PENNY & GENTLES', Southwest Cor. Fifth Street and Franklin Avenue.

SAM WARD DEAD.

The "King of the American Lobby" Dies in Italy.

The Career of the Noted Lobbyist—An Awful Conflagration in Asia-Minor—Over a Thousand Buildings Burned—Cable Flashes

LONDON, May 19.—Mr. Sam Ward died at Pegli, Italy, to-day. He passed away peacefully, surrounded by loving friends.

BIOGRAPHICAL.

Sam. Ward, as he is generally called, or "The Lobby King" as he was sometimes called, has been a noted figure in American society for nearly fifty years. His father was a member of the well known banking house of Ward & Prince, and his sister, Mrs. Julia Ward Howe, is among the famous women of the age. Sam shared neither the business ability of his father nor the intellectual ability of his distinguished sister. He was content to be a genteel loafer, and when his fortune was spent, he sank to be a parasite of the lobby in Washington. He was a connoisseur in dinner-giving, and in this capacity eked out a corrupt and shameful existence in New York and Washington, until Jim Keene came East from California to get "into society." Ward undertook to act as bear-leader to the cub from the Pacific Slope, and for this service was rewarded with "pointers," which were commonly understood to have netted him two or three hundred thousand dollars. Since then Ward has devoted himself to toadying such stray members of the British aristocracy as favored this country with their noble presence, and found in this station a corner eminently suited to him. At the time of his death he was on a visit to his nephew, Francis Marion Crawford, the author of "To Leeward," and the son of Crawford, the sculptor, and ended his days at Pegli, the summer resort in which Crawford has placed the closing scene of the story of which the author is supposed to be the hero.

Germany.

LEIPSIC, May 19.—Henzoh and Krazewski have been convicted of treason. The former was sentenced to nine years' penal servitude and the latter to three years and six months' imprisonment.

GLADSTONE'S REPLY TO BARTLETT.

In the Commons Gladstone, replying to Bartlett, Conservative, said the Government adhered to its position, that the Egyptian law of liquidation should be the basis of the conference. France asked an explanation to England's position in regard to affairs in Egypt. Both governments are desirous of exchanging views. After reciprocally exchanging views they will consult the other powers at the earliest moment possible. After this Parliament will be fully informed of the proceedings.

Asia Minor.

CONSTANTINOPLE, May 19.—At Bei Bazar, a city in Asia-Minor, 950 dwellings, 544 warehouses and shops, 11 mosques, 15 schools, 9 khans and 146 other buildings were burned. Eleven persons perished.

England.

LONDON, May 19.—Mr. Cesnola's Cyprian antiquities were auctioned off to-day at low prices.

THE DOYLE HABEAS CORPUS.

Further Interesting Testimony in the Case—Arguments on Friday.

The hearing of testimony in the Laura Doyle habeas corpus case was resumed before Judge Thayer this morning. Quite a number of persons were present and listened with great interest to the witnesses' testimony.

Dr. Louis C. Boisliniere testified as to the excellent character of the education given at the Academy of the Sisters of Loretto. Mrs. Ann Bennett testified that she lived at 2012 North Eleventh street. She knew Mr. and Mrs. Conn and lived in the same house with them. They had a comfortable home and took excellent care of the child, Laura. She thought it would be quite a severe strain in the child's health to take it now from Mr. and Mrs. Conn. Mrs. Conn had been brought up a Catholic. The child went to Sunday-school once, and "I think it was at a Methodist school." Mr. Conn was again called to the stand, and testified that when the Sister Superior came to take the child, he told her he must see her authority before giving her the child. When she returned with the authority he had changed his mind, because he saw that the child had fretted herself sick, and he determined to keep her. Father Brady, pastor of the Church of the Assumption testified he was one of the directors of the orphan asylum from which Laura Doyle was taken. It was customary never to let a child be taken from the asylum by others than Catholics before it had made its first communion. He then detailed how the child came to be given to the Conns under a misapprehension. He said a person who had been married to a Protestant by a Protestant minister, who had not attended mass for years, and who had failed to partake of the sacraments at least once a year, could not be a Catholic. They were not practical Catholics—they might call themselves Catholics, but they were outside the pale, of the church. They might get back by attending to their duties. If both parties were such Catholics as Mrs. Conn professes to be, the board would not give up a child to them. A resolution of the board of directors of the asylum was read, in which it was stated that the child Laura Doyle had been obtained under false representation, and the board recinded the order of delivery. Mrs. Mary Ann Keating said she went with Mrs. Conn when she obtained the child, and it was represented that she was to be brought up a Catholic. James Doyle, the father of the child, said he had not executed a surrender of his children to any one prior to the one given to the Sisters. The children's mother died, and they had ultimately to be sent to the asylum. He was a "hickory Catholic." He had two relatives who were members of the order of Loretto. Since he had been here Mr. Conn had asked him if he did not think it better to let the child remain with him. His son had asked the same thing. He had eight children, but was living alone now. He had supported one of them—Willie—but had given nothing to the Sisters while the little girl was with them. His wife had made a request of him that the children should be brought up Catholics, and told him if he ever married again and gave them a stepmother she would come back and haunt him. Elizabeth Kelly, the sister-in-law of Mr. Doyle said she had known Mr. Doyle for twenty-five years. His desire always seemed to be to have his children reared as Catholics. After Mrs. Doyle's death I took the children, and afterwards, when I was sick, I hadthem taken to the asylum." The brother of Laura Doyle, 17 years of age, testified that he had been to see his little sister at Mrs. Conn's and had found her nicely situated. He had made his first communion on the 21st of March, 1883, and had not been to church since. Both parties here concluded their case and Judge Thayer said he would hear their arguments on Friday. The child still remains in the custody of Mr. and Mrs. Conn.

SENSIBLE SHOPPING.

The Way People May Dress Well at Small Cost.

Any one who will watch the market can always find opportunities to purchase goods at bargains, and sensible people will take advantage of all such chances. This is one of the first principles of the art of shopping. A reporter who went through the large establishment of B. Nugent & Bro., 817-821 North Broadway, discovered just the opportunity that the ladies of St. Louis want at this time to purchase summer goods. This firm has inaugurated a great May sale for this week, and ha made enormous reductions on the splendid lines of goods in stock. The reductions are not mere talk to catch the public, but are bona fide, and are positively astonishing in extent. They are made on first-class goods, too, and really present splendid chances to secure bargains. All of the latest novelties in dress goods, and especially in fine silks, are offered at prices that have hitherto been unheard of in the West. There is a number of elegant silks, which may be obtained at marvelous figures. The reductions run through all of the departments, and no one who has purchases to make can afford to miss an examination of this magnificent stock.

The Carondelet Committee.

The committee of twenty appointed by the citizens of Carondelet to impress upon the Iron Mountain Railway authorities the necessity of a different time-table and the adoption of a 5-cent fare, were to have met General Passenger Agent Chandler this morning by arrangement with Superintendent Kerrigan, but a letter from the latter gentleman to Mr. F. W. Mott of the committee explained that the meeting could not take place to-day, owing to the absence of Mr. Chandler from the city. Mr. Kerrigan adds that as he is about to leave for Texarkana, not to return before the 22d, he would be happy to arrange for a meeting with Mr. Chandler on the 23d. This show of kindness and courtesy is greatly appreciated by the committee.

Good Weather Again.

The area of low barometer that swept over the city yesterday is now over the Lake Region, and Sergeant Weber says that delightful weather for the next four or five days may be looked for. The barometer is high in Eastern Texas and the Indian Territory. Clear weather prevails in the extreme Northwest, where the temperature is rising slightly. Cool westerly winds are blowing over the Mississippi Valley, and there is no danger that this week will see much hot weather.

THE Globe is at 714 and 716 Franklin avenue.

NORTH ST. LOUIS.

Paul Nageer, a boarder at 4039 North Ninth street has been missing since Thursday morning.

Over $10,000 is being expended in repairing, repainting, etc., the church of the Holy Name, Fourteenth and Grand avenue.

ON THE WING.

Mrs. Sherman leaves for New York in the morning by the Vandalia Line.

Mrs. W. Neills leaves for Columbus, Ohio, this evening by the Vandalia Line.

Mr. Knox and party and G. W. Allen leave for Cincinnati this evening by the Vandalia Line.

Mrs. D. C. Clymer, Mrs. Steele, E. Cooper, George R. Long, B. W. Miller, C. F. Kelley, Mrs. D. E. Levi and A. N. Hunder leave for New York to-night by the Vandalia Line.

EAST ST. LOUIS.

Albert Dilnow, colored, was jailed last evening for flourishing a large knife and threatening to kill several of his colored neighbors. He will be tried before 'Squire Draggon this afternoon.

A special meeting of the Council was called for this morning, but as no quorum attended an adjournment was taken till to-morrow.

John Griffin, watchman for the Vandalia road, is of the opinion that some one is trying to burn his house. Yesterday morning the rear of the house was discovered in flames, but the fire was extinguished before much damage was done.

John McCauliff created a disturbance at the City Park yesterday and was arrested by Officer Stack. He will be tried before 'Squire Draggon late this afternoon.

Mary Henderson was found sick and destitute on the street by the police Saturday night, and was sent to friends at French Village this morning.

Wm. Washington, colored, quarreled with some of his neighbors yesterday and attempted to use a knife. Chief Hallorin took him in charge, but released him later for want of prosecution.

CONGRESSMEN'S DRINKS.

Those Who Patronize the Capitol Restaurant and Bar.

Sunset Cox Drinks Wine at $2 50 a Bottle—Carlisle a Good Eater—Belmont Grumbles—Washburn a Generous Fellow—Wisconsin German Members Who Drink Milwaukee Beer—They All Smoke Cheap Cigars.

Special Correspondence of the Post-Dispatch.

WASHINGTON, May 17.—"Our wine trade," remarked a subordinate of the House restaurant, "has fallen off very much since the warm weather began. Members who drink a great deal of wine in winter won't touch it in summer. Whisky and beer and some cooling mixed drinks are about the only articles in this line sold in the Capitol now. Yes," he said, in answer to a question, "we sell in cool weather a great deal of wine here, a great deal."

"To whom?"

"Well, to everybody; some to the lobby and a good deal to members."

"Committee clerks?"

"No, not very much. They do not indulge in $2 champagne, though they do in fifteen and twenty-cent cigars. Our cigar trade is very peculiar. We sell more high priced cigars to committee clerks and to House employes than to members of Congress. It is a curious thing that members of Congress who sit and smoke on the floor of the House will buy cheap cigars when they known that the galleries are full of ladies and that the smoke of their cigars rises perpetually to the galleries, yet it is a fact. Why, I have seen members buy a class of cigars that would make the average committee clerk ashamed to be seen smoking. And they go straight from the cigar stand into the House and sit and puff that smoke up into the faces of people in the gallaries."

"As to wines?"

"Well

THE WESTERN MEMBERS

do not drink much wine. It is the fellows from the East mostly, New York and New England and some from the South. Sam Cox is, in the wine season, before the weather gets too warm, one of our best customers. He usually drinks two or three bottles of wine a day in the winter and early spring, and always the best, too, for it costs him $2 50 a bottle.

"Others? Well, let's see: there is Gov. Dorsheimer, he takes a bottle occasionally, though not often.

"Joe Blackburn used to drink a good deal of wine, but this year I have not seen him with a bottle before him. Quit drinking? O! no, he takes whisky now, or beer; don't know why it is that he has changed his tactics, but there is a marked change in his habits in this regard; though I have never known him to drink to excess of anything.

"Others? Well, yes—now there is Speaker Carlisle, for instance, he takes a glass of wine, or sometimes a bottle with his dinners. The Speaker's lunches are free, you know, and are always sent to his room. Good eater? Yes, he takes such things as terrapin stew and canvas-back duck, and the very best that the market or the season affords.

"Adams of New York is a generous fellow to himself, and to the boys in the restaurant as well. His lunch bills are generally large and paid without grumbling.

"There is a big difference in the way people pay their bills. Some pay with many a grumble and others without a word. See that New Hampshire man sitting over there? I remember when he first came here; he made a big kick one day over paying 15 cents for bread, butter and coffee. I read him a lecture, for it seemed to me ridiculous for a Congressman to be complaining of

SO SMALL A MATTER.

He staid away for several days, but came back directly and we have never had a growl from him since. To-day, you see, he is taking a chafling dish stew—about the most expensive article on the bill.

"Belmont? Well, he is rather fussy. He makes a heap of trouble, and while, of course, he has plenty of money and orders only the best, yet he is not a very satisfactory customer.

"Converse does not often come in here, and when he does only takes a light lunch.

"Stockslager, who is Chairman of the Committee on Public Buildings and Grounds, is another one who gets his lunches free. They are sent to his committee room and are good ones too.

"Davis of Illinois is a pretty good customer, so is Deuster of Wisconsin.

"Deuster and Guenther, who are the most pronounced Germans in the House, make it very lively for the beer here. You can see them almost any day about lunch time with a bottle of Milwaukee before them.

"Finerty? No, he does not drink much, occasionally a little whiskey with some friend, or a bottle of beer.

"Holman? never knew him to drink anything but tea and not "cold tea" either. His regular lunch is bread and butter and tea. He comes in at a regular hour, sits down at a regular table or as near to it as he can, and always in the same corner of the room and always takes the same thing. The waiter, who never gets anything from him, always knows what to order as soon as he sees the Judge coming in the door.

"King of Louisiana is a generous fellow, both to himself and to others. He gives dollars where other people give dimes.

"Le Fevre? Well, he drinks a bottle of beer occasionally, sometimes something stronger and enjoys a good lunch as much as any fellow in the House.

"Ochiltree is a good customer, of course, though he hardly bears the reputation that some folks give him in that respect. He takes a bottle of wine quite frequently and often whisky. He does not trouble the beer much. Too weak.

"Washburne is another generous fellow.

HE DOES NOT DRINK MUCH

but usually gives the waiter 50 cents every time he comes in.

"Mr. Hitt of Illinois is also quite generous. He always seems to have plenty of money and orders the very best. His lunches are a regular dinner, and he generally has a bottle of wine or a glass of claret with it. Do we ever lose anything? Well I should say so. I have known members of Congress to come in here and run bills day after day until they get so large that they are ashamed to come any more, then they go off and buy their lunches from the old woman down in the corridor and never come near here again. Of course, they are exceptions. As a rule we do not lose anything from Congressmen, though we have had a pretty tough time with House employes this session."

COMPETITION HAS NO SHOW.

Lower They Go.

We will sell the balance of the great $1 50 strictly all wool pants, worth $5, for $1 75, during the great Boston bankrupt sale of clothing this wee.. at the GLOBE, 714 and 716 Franklin avenue.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

It is reported that Duc d'Aumale is seriously ill of the gout.

Speaker Carlisle will not attend the Mecklenburgh Celebration.

Another loan of $30,000,000 is desired by the Mexican Government.

St. Leonard, the lecherous English lord, demands a trial by his peers.

The American legation was entertained by the King of Greece Sunday.

To-morrow the Wallace McKinley election case will come up in the House.

The town of Abscom, N. J., is in danger of destruction from a forest fire.

The reunion of the Ninth Ohio Veterans took place at Louisville Sunday.

Friends of Senator Anthony say he will soon resign his seat in the Senate.

Selam Stanford has offered Grant and his family a home for life in California.

W. G. Holyburton, telegraph editor of the Baltimore Evening News, is dead.

The dynamiter, Denis Deasy, died Saturday in Champlin, where he was imprisoned.

Arguments in the Swaim investigation at Washington will be heard Wednesday.

The threats against the American officers at Key West were made by drunken Cubans.

Prince Bismarck has gone to Friedericharuhe, a well-known German watering place.

The small town of Baylor, Seymour County, Tex., was visited by a $7,000 fire Friday last.

Gen. Sherman, in a private letter, again reiterates that he is not a presidential candidate.

The Gordon relief expedition will muster 12,000 men. It will not start before the end of August.

The Siamese embassy is now in New York and in three weeks will make a tour of the country.

The repair shops of the New York and Harlem Railroad Company burned Sunday. Loss $300,000.

The Prince of Wales at his hotel in Paris is constantly guarded by the police against any attack.

The Bennett-Mackay cable will reach Rockport Tuesday. All arrangements are complete to receive it.

Count De Lesseps wants the Egyptian Conference to consider the universal character of the Suez Canal.

The sentiment of the General Conference of Methodist Ministers is against licensing women to preach.

A vigorous censorship of dispatches concerning the Russian policy in Central Asia and Mero is ordered.

The court-martial at Saragossa, Spain, of officers charged with desertion passed extremely severe sentence.

The Reuben Springer tore six feet from one of her smoke stacks in passing under the bridge at Clinton, Iowa.

The French and English governments have ordered boxing to be made part of the regular military instruction.

The trouble between the whites and negroes at Austin, Tex., still continues. Three negroes were killed Saturday.

George H. Slicer of Brookville, Ind., killed his son Solomon, aged 23, Sunday morning. The quarrel grew out of family troubles.

A deputation of Saryh Turcomans from the Afghan frontier with other nomad Turcomans have tendered submission to the Czar.

Bill Bass, the criminal, was convicted of outraging an insane woman in Lamar County, Tex., and sentenced to hang Friday, August 1.

Prince William of Prussia, in the midst of much popular enthusiasm, arrived at St. Petersburg Saturday, and later dined with the Czar.

The City National Bank of Fort Worth, Texas, lost but $12,000 and the San Antonio Bank $2,500 by the Donnell, Lawson & Co. failure.

The Italian Government is preparing a scheme for the conversion of the National debt that is heartily approved by German financiers.

The negroes of Texas have called a State Convention to assemble at Houston August 5 to protect the colored element in State politics.

A freight train on the Missouri Pacific was derailed near Denison, Tex., Saturday. The engineer and brakeman were seriously injured.

Li Fong Pao, Chinese Minister to Germany and temporary representative at Paris, will shortly return home to accept a high position.

The French Minister asks for a credit of 38,000,000 francs to pay the Tonquin expenses and 4,500,000 francs for the Madagascar expedition.

A convention of the National Liberal party met in Berlin Sunday, at which unswerving loyalty was expressed to the Emperor and Empire.

The Malagassy government offers France £1,000,000 indemnity on condition that France shall renounce all claims to territory in Madagascar.

Donnell, Lawson & Co. have drawn up a plan of settlement under which their creditors will, it is said, receive at least 80 or 90 cents on the dollar.

All the employes of the Bakur Railway in Russia were arrested for complicity with Nihilists. At the impending trial 160 Nihilists will be arraigned.

S. B. Boynton of Milwaukee has made a discovery of a bed of precious stones near Waukesha. Several diamonds of excellent quality have been found.

A Lawrenceburg, Pennsylvania policeman shot Fixy Bray and William Hendershot while resisting arrest for an attempted abduction of a German girl.

The basis of settlement of the Mexican debt with the British bondholders is the payment of interest at the rate of 1½ per cent and the funding of overdue coupons.

Gov. Wolf in a message to the National legislature of the Chickasaw Nation protests against the adoption of the negro freedmen as citizens residing in the Chickasaw Nation.

In concluding the preparations for the Egyptian conference, France and Italy insist upon their right to discuss the general question of the administration of Egypt. The conference programme will be announced to-morrow.

The majority of the Russian Czarowitch was celebrated by various court and State ceremonies. Prince William of Prussia conferred upon him the decoration of the Black Eagle, and was in return made honorary Colonel of the Viborg Infantry Regiment. The celebration is considered as a guarantee of the good feeling between Russia and Germany.

BASE BALLS given to boys at the Globe.

JEFFERSON CITY.

Supreme Court Decisions Handed Down To-Day—Wallace's Successor—Notes.

By Telegraph to the Post-Dispatch.

JEFFERSON CITY, May 19.—The Springfield Lumber Company, capital $5,000, filed articles this morning.

Supreme Court opinions were handed down to-day as follows:

BY HOUGH, C. J.

State, respondent, vs. John Sutton, appellant; Henry Circuit; reversed and remanded.

State, respondent, vs. B. Hector, appellant; Henry Circuit; reversed and remanded.

BY HENRY, JUDGE.

Shehan, respondent, vs Owens, appellant; Buchanan Circuit; affirmed.

Judy, respondent, vs. Farmers and Traders' Bank, appellant; Audrain Circuit; affirmed.

Jules Blondeau, et al., respondents, vs. Patrick Sheridan, appellant, Buchanan Circuit; reversed and remanded.

BY NORTON, JUDGE.

State, defendant in error, vs. Rudolph Flora, plaintiff in error; Carroll Circuit; affirmed.

State vs. W. J. Madden, appellant; Ste. Genevieve Circuit; affirmed.

Ellis et al., appellants, vs. Hart et al., Henry Circuit; stricken from the docket.

Methudy et al., plaintiffs in error, vs. Ross et al., defendants in error, Court of Appeals; affirmed.

BY RAY, JUDGE.

McCleod, plaintiff in error, vs. Skiles; Jackson Special Law and Equity; affirmed.

J. D. Cox, appellant, vs. W. M. Estill, respondent, Caldwell Circuit; reversed and remanded, with instructions.

BY PHILLIPS, COMMISSIONER.

J. Kendrick, respondent, vs. Chicago and Alton Railway, appellant, Saline Circuit; reversed and remanded.

Borders, respondent, vs. Barber, appellant, Bolinger Circuit; affirmed.

BY MARTIN, COMMISSIONER.

Parker, respondent, vs. Thompson et al., Jackson Circuit; affirmed.

Louis Quell, et al., respondents, vs. Harlin, appellant, Clinton Circuit; affirmed.

Isaac Walker, et al., respondents, vs. John G. Priest, administrator, appellant, Court of Appeals; affirmed.

Martha Hays, et al., respondents, vs. Ethan Miller, appellant, Green Circuit; reversed and remanded.

State ex rel. Circuit Attorney Harvey, appellant, vs. Patrick McCann, appellant, Court of Appeals; affirmed.

Banking house of Bartholow & Co., respondents, vs. St. Joe Lead Company, appellant, Court of Appeals; dismissed on stipulations.

Adjourned till Monday next.

SHERIFF M'LEOD OF MARION COUNTY

brought in four prisoners to-day.

Wallace's successor for Prosecuting Attorney of Jackson County has not been named. The contest is becoming animated. Several applicants are in the field.

Ex-Sheriff Timberlake is here in the interest of Burris. The Governor will go to Kansas City. No appointment will be made until he returns. While there he will hear arguments in favor of the different applicants.

THE M. E. CONFERENCE.

South India Conference—Balloting for Two New Corresponding Secretaries.

PHILADELPHIA, May 19.—In the Methodist Conference the consecration of the Bishops elect was fixed for Thursday. The Committee on Missions reported that permission had been granted for a division of the South India Conference into two annual conferences during quadrenniumif the exigencies of the case may demand. Rev. Dr. Leonard of Cincinnati said that unless a greater harmony prevails in the future than in the past, the smaller the delegation from India the better. An appeal was made to Bishop Foster. He stated that in his opinion there was no demand now for two conferences in South India. The report of the committee was adopted. The Committee on Missions recommended the election of two co-ordinate corresponding secretaries for the Missionary Society. Adopted. The conference proceeded to vote. Rev. Drs. Reid of Michigan and McCabe of New York, Grucher of Baltimore, Hare of New York, Fitzgerald of Newark, Olin of Wyoming, and Rev. Todd were placed in nomination.

Rev. Dr. J. M. Reid and Rev. C. C. McCabe were elected missionary secretaries. Rev. Kynett of Upper Iowa was elected corresponding secretary of the Church Extension Society. Rev. Dr. Carter of the Methodist Church, South, and Rev. Dr. Nellis of the Methodist Church of Canada made remarks, as they were about to leave. Rev. Dr. Rust was elected secretary of the Freedman's Aid Society. Rev. Dr. Vincent was elected secretary of the Sunday School Union.

Rev. Dr. Buckley of New York and Rev. Dr. Crooks were nominated for editors of the Christian Advocate.

Rev. Dr. Lanahan of Baltimore was authorized by Rev. Dr. Crooks to withdraw his name.

Rev. Dr. Curry was elected editor of the Quarterly Review.

Adjourned.

A CURIOUS DISCOVERY.

Counterfeit Plates Ploughed Up in a Carondelet Yard.

Mr. Louis Liebermann, who lives on South Seventh street, in Carondelet, made a rather curious discovery on Saturday last while ploughing his yard. He turned up what at first appeared to be several old rusty plates of iron, but upon closer examination he found them to be the remnants of some skillful counterfeiter's stock, which had been buried there, probably, since the close of the war. Two of them were cleverly engraved counterfeits of the front and reverse side of the old 50 cent note authorized to be issued by the act of March, 1863, to the amount of $50,000,000. The plates were very dirty and covered with a thick rust in places, but other parts of them were as bright as when new. The engraving was of an excellent order and clearly indicated that the maker was a master of his art. Another one of the plates have simply the number 50 in two places, the figures being larger than those used on United States or bank notes, and hence must have been employed by the makers to counterfeit bonds of some kind. The fourth plate had the word "fifty" engraved on its face in four different places and was probably used on the old fifty-cent notes. The other three plates may or may not have been engraved. They were so rusty that the faces were entirely obliterated and no trace of engraving on them could be found. Mr. Liebermann was very much surprised at his discovery, and wondered who could have occupied the premises during the time of their burial. He made a report to the United States District Attorney, and delivered to him the plates. The matter will probably be investigated and steps taken to ascertain who might have been the counterfeiters plying their trade at that time, though there is scarcely a probability that any reliable information can be obtained at this late date.

METHODIST PROTESTANT CONFERENCE

Proceedings of the Meeting at Baltimore—Veteran Preachers Present.

BALTIMORE, May 19.—In the Methodist Protestant Conference the reports of the Board of Missions on publication and ministerial education was referred. The invitation from the Bishops of the Methodist Episcopal Church to the General Conference of the Methodist Protestant to join in the centennial celebration of Methodism in 1884 was referred to the fraternal relations committee. Rev. A. H. Basset of Ohio, one of the oldest members of the church, was introduced and made an address. He spoke of the general conference in 1842 at which were present nearly all the founders of the church. Rev. Dr. Webster of Maryland was also introduced. He spoke of the first Methodist Protestant conference he ever attended at Georgetown, D. C., 1832. Only two of that body now survive. He spoke of the great pleasure afforded him that the Union of the Cumberland Presbyterian Church with the Methodist Protestant Church is suggested. A memorial was received from the Fort Smith, Ark., conference asking recognition: referred. A number of propositions for changes in the discipline of the church were received; referred. Rev. Rosser, a delegate from the Texas conference, presented a claim for recognition as a member of the general conference. After much discussion the claim was referred.

BLOWN DOWN BY THE WIND.

The Wind Storm of Yesterday was Rather Destructive in the Suburbs.

A large wagon shed, owned by Henry Hayne, opposite O'Fallon Park, was blown down yesterday afternoon. Damage, $60.

The gable end of Father Phelan's church in Baden was blown down.

About 150 feet of the south and north fences of the Fair Grounds was blown down yesterday afternoon.

A house owned by John Lampertze, and in the course of erection by A. Keller at the southeast corner of Lee street and Warne avenue was blown down yesterday. Loss $900.

R. H. Newburg's house between Lay and Marcus avenues, Cote Brilliante was damaged to the extent of $500 by the high wind.

About 150 feet of the Jockey Club Park fence was taken down yesterday by the wind.

Cooper County (Mo.) Primaries.

By Telegraph to the Post-Dispatch.

BOONVILLE, Mo., May 19.—The Democratic County Committee met to-day and counted the votes cast at the primary election Saturday. The full official returns give Thomas Cramer, for Representative, a majority of 17; J. F. Rogers, for Treasurer, 147; Louis L. Williams, for Sheriff, 61. There was no opposition to the other candidates.

TERRIFIC BOILER EXPLOSION.

A Victim's Body Blown a Hundred Feet—Three Men Killed.

By Telegraph to the Post-Dispatch.

LITTLE ROCK, ARK., May 19.—The large boiler in the mill of W. C. Stout, near Lewisburg, exploded Saturday with fearful effect. The engineer and Capt. A. B. Thompson were instantly killed, the latter being thrown over 100 feet and stripped of every vestige of clothing. Several others were seriously injured, one of whom has since died. All the killed leave families.

ABOUT TOWN.

A PETITION for a pro forma decree and a grant of articles of incorporation was filed in Judge Barclay's court this morning by the Familien Unterstutzungs-Verein, No. 1, of St. Louis, Mo.

IN the case of Stephen J. Benet against Chas F. Fathmann, Judge Thayer this morning overruled a motion in arrest of judgment and rendered final judgment for plaintiff for $555 50.

THE hearing of the Heetfield habeas corpus case was postponed in Judge Horner's court this morning. At 2 o'clock an order of court was given providing for the custody of the child pending the hearing of the case.

THE motion for a new trial in the Hill ejectment suit was overruled in Judge Horner's court this morning.

LETTERS were issued this morning in the Probate Court to Charles H. Turner on the real estate of Benjamin Gratz, valued at $60,000.

BURGLARS attempted to break into a meatshop at the northeast corner of Twenty-second and Madison streets last night, but were frightened away.

A KEG of beer was stolen from August Hoffman, 1,711½ Biddle street, last night.

A SIGNAL lamp belonging to the Police Department was stolen from Nineteenth and Carr streets last night.

J. L. ASPRIL, jr., formerly of this city, and W. A. Vandervort, of Cicinnnati, Ohio, were here yesterday on a flying trip. They left last night for Cincinnati.

THE St. Louis Plattdeutsche Club will celebrate its eighth anniversary on Wednesday evening, May 21, at the club's hall, southeast corner of new Seventeenth and Wash streets.

THE annual steamboat excursion of the Retail Grocers' Association takes place on Sunday next to Nieman's Grove, twenty miles down the river, on the Helena. The boat leaves the foot of Vine street at 8:30 a. m., stopping at Lesperance street and at Carondelet. She will also make another trip from Vine street at 2 p. m.

THREE hundred little girls and 248 boys received the sacraments of first communion and confirmation at St. Bridget's Church yesterday. The occasion was made a very pretty one by marches about the school and the streets in the vicinity. The little girls were all dressed in white, and in their ranks were tiny girls bearing banners. The church was crowded to the doors. Father Harty and Bishop Ryan officiated.

THE Ladies' Church Aid Society of the Grand Avenue Presbyterian Church is preparing to give a reception at the church parlor Thursday evening to members of the church and to strangers.

THE twelfth anniversary of St. Malachy's Free School will be celebrated in St. Malachy's Hall May 26, 27 and 28 by a leap year festival. Every arrangement is being made to render the affair a very attractive one.

THE attention of a number of people on Market street, between Fifth and Sixth, was called this morning to an exhibition of brutality by a man who was riding a horse up to one of the buildings on that street. The man dropped one-half of the snaffle rein, which caused the horse to stop. This enraged the driver who, possessing himself of the rein, beat the horse over the head with the stock of his whip and jerked the rein until the horse's mouth had become raw and bloody. Unfortunately neither a policeman nor an agent of the Humane Society was about.

THE highest priced cigarettes are Richmond Straight Cut, made of gold-leaf tobacco.

CARONDELET JOTTINGS.

Johannes Wetter, a member of the Turner Association, died last night after a prolonged illness, at the age of 25 years.

Mrs. Endora Angela Earl, wife of Sergeant Earl, died this morning.

The funeral of George Chartrand, son of Michael Chartrand, took place yesterday afternoon. The members of Missouri Lodge, No. 1, and Carondelet Lodge, No. 114, I. O. O. F., attended in a body.

George Clark was fined $10 and costs for committing a nuisance.

A north bound freight on the Iron Mountain Road jumped the track at Jefferson Barracks yesterday, demolishing five cars. No one was injured.

W. F. Romert was fined $25 and send to the Work House for committing a breach of the peace.

The alarm of fire from box 418 at 12:15 o'clock this afternoon, was occasioned by the burning of a one-story frame dwelling on the corner of Kansas and Seventh streets, Carondelet, owned and occupied by Ewing Young. Loss, $100; no insurance.

BELLEVILLE.

Circuit Court convened this morning for the May term, Judge Amos Watts presiding. The Grand Jury was impanelled, and elected W. Blucus foreman, J. N. Boul of French Village and A. Woods of Freeburg clerks. The Petit Jury was also impanelled. The morning session was consumed in hearing motions and transacting other unimportant business. The first two weeks of the term will be devoted to civil cases.

Thomas Belleville, the 17-year-old son of John Belleville, while amusing himself in a swing near Dudley's mine yesterday, was thrown violently to the ground by the rope breaking, receiving dangerous internal injuries besides breaking both arms.

What Surprises Every One

Is the great $3 75 blue flannel suit in the great Boston bankrupt sale of clothing, this week, at the

Globe, 714 and 716 Franklin avenue.

CITY PERSONALS.

Mr. Joseph Specht has left for New York, where he will remain for a few days.

Mr. William Bley left last night for Buffalo, New York, where he expects to inherit a modest little fortune of $250,000.

Miss Maggie Turner of Denver, Col., is visiting her aunt, Mrs. S. W. Knapper, on Chouteau aoenue.

THE only genuine straight cut cigarettes are Richmond Straight Cut No. 1. Smoke no other.

LIVE HONEY BOTTLES.

A Wonderful Insect From Mexico—Ant Lore Reeled Off.

From the New York Sun.

Thrusting his hand into a desk, the fruit dealer brought out a small box, uncovered it, and lifted out an insect of such curious shape that it seemed impossible that it could be a living reality. Putting his finger under it, the dealer lifted out an ant with a small, black head and an amber-hued abdomen, perfectly round and as large as two peas.

"She's a rouser, ain't she? and as full as a lord," said the fruit importer, gazing at the creature with the eye of an expert.

"Yes, it's a real ant," he continued, "and this isn't the first one that ever came here. I imported 500 three years ago for a big dinner of some Mexican swell up town. Do they eat them? Well, I should smile. You've never been in Mexico, I take it? Well, this is a fair specimen of the honey ant of Mexico, and there they are considered great delicacies, and are always served as dessert, just as you serve shrimps here, only these are put on alive and kicking. My brother has one of the biggest collection of ants in the country. This was brought on for him, and they're trying to fix up some way to preserve it without putting it in alcohol. I reckon they'll put it in Canada balsam. You see those ants live in big families, and most of them don't look like this; but at a certain time of the year certain ones are selected by the others to act as bottles or storehouses for the rest. This being done the other ants bring all the honey they can collect and give it to the ones selected, and they take it in until each one is as full as it can hold and looks like this. As fast as they are filled they are taken by the other ants to a dark room made for the purpose, where they cling to the wall. In fact they are living bottles in which the ants store away their honey, and whenever they want it they go to the storehouse and take down a bottle, brush off the cobwebs, and make the ant give out a supply.

"Yes, it is wonderful, but not half so wonderful as some things ants do. One of the best authorities on ants, Sir John Lubbock, who has started a dog school in London, says ants stand next to man in point of intelligence, and I reckon they do. For instance, I have lived nearly all of my life in the South, where the ants tackled everything. Beds, tables, cupboards—in fact, every article that you wanted to keep ants out of had to be stood in water—that is, in peach cans cut off and filled. But even this wouldn't do; the ants would find some little floating matter on the surface, and bridge the moat with their bodies and so get over. Then we tried tar water, and suspended in pails from the ceiling. For a while this nonplussed them; but, attracted by the smell, they gathered on the safe under it, and after a while we found them coming down the rope. They had gone up the ceiling, and so on down. A friend of mine in the African fruit trade told me that one night when up a river, near the Congo country, he was awakened by a yell, and tumbling out of his hammock, found himself standing a foot deep in solid ants. He ran for his life, covered with them, and finally got beyond their line of march and stayed in a tree all night. The next morning, when he returned, the whole house had been cleaned out. A dog that was tied to a tree was represented only by a lot of clean-picked bones. When they come there is no way to do but surround the place with fire. Animals run from them.

"This sounds like a yarn," said the ant authority, "but the story told by Jaeger, the naturalist, is a bigger one. He states that a Catholic missionary was sick in Congo when one of these armies came along, and it was by sheer luck that the natives got him up. As they carried him out of the house the floor was over a foot deep with the insects, and of a cow that they forgot in the stable the bones alone told the story next morning.

Blackballing Gen. Pryor.

From the New York Sun.

At the meeting of the Bar Association on Tuesday night Gen. Roger A. Pryor was up for election as a member, and was rejected. His name was proposed by Mr. Edward Patterson and seconded by Mr. Frederick Coudert. The Committee on Admission, of which Mr. Hamilton Odell is chairman, voted unanimously for the election of Mr. Pryor. Neither Mr. Patterson nor Mr. Coudert was present at the meeting, as they had no doubt that Gen. Pryor would be elected. When it was learned that four-fifths of the fifty or more members present had voted against Gen. Pryor there was much indignation.

James C. Carter, president of the association, said he was very much surprised and grieved at the result. Silas B. Brownell said:

Gen. Pryor wouuld have been an honor to the Bar Association. The association has between 800 and 900 members, and if there had been any idea that the voting would have been against Gen. Pryor, there would have been so many members present that the attempt to reject him would have failed.

Gen. Pryor said last night that he had no idea why he was rejected. His career was open for the inspection of every one, and he felt certain his standing in the community would not be injured by the occurrence.

"As far as I know," said he, "I am on good terms with every member of the bar. One gentleman has told me that he thought my rejection was due to my friendliness for the Irish. Another friend thinks it is because I am an ex-Confederate. I do not think that either of these facts should prevent my election as a member of the Bar Association. I have not the slightest ill feeling against the association on account of the few who voted against me."

The Good Missourian.

From the Burlington Hawkeye.

Down near Fulton, Mo., last week, some indignant and awfully good citizens got together and hanged a negro because he was a liar, and now they are hunting for his brother to hang him also. Good people down that way. You remember Dean Ramsay's story of the old Highlander, who had changed his place of residence for highly moral reasons, removing to a good place. Something like the State of Missouri, maybe. "Donald, what brings you here?"

"Ou, weel, sir, it was a baad place you; they wur baad folk—but they're a God-fearin' set o' folk here."

"Well, Donald, I'm glad to hear it"

"Ou, ay, sir, 'deed are they, an' I'll gie an instance o't. Last Sabbath, just as the kirk was skailin', there was a drover chiel frae Dumfries comin' along the road, whustlin' an' lookin' as happy as if it was ta muddle o' the week. Weel, sir, oer laads is a God-fearing set o' laads, an' they wur just comin' oot o' the kirk—'od, they yokit upon him an' a'most killed him."

The Church Militant.

From the Burlington Hawkeye.

The man's coat was split down the back and his trowsers were torn at both knees, his hat was jammed in, his eyes blackened, his collar gone and his necktie stood out under one ear. The policeman eyed him suspiciously.

"See here," he said, "you look demoralized. I reckon I'll have to run you in. What did you go to a slugging match for?"

"It's all right," replied the demoralized one; "I'm a deacon of Dr. Newman's church, and have just returned from a conference of the trustees and pew-owners."

"Ah, yes," said the officer; "all right, move on. But you'll have to use soft gloves in that church after this, or we'll shut down on the whole think."

Uniform for the Union Club at Chicago.

From the Philadelphia Record.

The Union Republican Club has completed its arrangements for its trip to Chicago during the National Convention. The expense for each person has been fixed at $60. A uniform has been adopted for the members, as follows: A suit of light steel-gray cloth, with frock coat, cream-colored high hat, Lisle thread gloves of pearl color, blue satin necktie and a blue satin badge, in the center of which will be the design of a keystone wrought upon satin. The cost of the clothing is $23.

Table Talk.

From the Detroit Free Press.

"You needn't be so fly," said the new boarder to the pretty waitress. "Yesterday you poured the soup down by back, and to-night you flipped one of my biscuits up my sleeve, and the other is so small it looks lonesome."

"Well, you are partic'lar," said the pretty waitress, combing out her best bangs with jeweled fingers. "You'll want butter in your oleomargarine next, and fish balls twice a week. Beefstewmuttonragoutcornmushandmilkhase !" She had the last word.

Recently part of thelands of Moydristan, County Cavan, containing 219 acres, 1 rood, 33 perches, statute measure, and a small island called Gull Island, 14 perches, held in fee, and producing together an estimated profit rent of £221 9s 10d, was offered for sale in the landed Estates Court under the will of the late George Webb. The only bid was £4,000, or eighteen years' rental. It was considered insufficient and the sale was adjourned. Some time ago the same bidder offered £5,500 for the lands in question.

WM. A. RUTLEDGE. W. M. HORTON.

RUTLEDGE & HORTON

REAL ESTATE AND FINANCIAL AGENTS.

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612 OLIVE STREET.

MONEY.

Wall Street.

NEW YORK, May 19.—No rate for money. Prime paper 4@5¼. Bar silver 111¼. Exchange firmer, but unsettled. Bankers advanced postal rates to 486 and 488. Business 484 @485 long, 486@486 demand. Governments lower; 4½s declined to 112; registered do 110; coupon do 120¾. States quiet. Railways firm. Stocks weaker, Louisville and Nashville weakest; declined on large sales to 30¼; other active shares declined ¼@1. New York Central leads ¼ per diem, Erie new second 1-64, Reading 3-16. Threes 99, 4½s 112, 4s 120¼, Pacific 6s 120.

Money 4 per cent per annum.

Corrected daily by James Campbell, Banker and Broker, 307 Pine street.

U. S. BONDS.	When due.	Interest payable.	Bid.	Ask.
3 ₩ cent bonds		M. A. N. & F.	100	100⅝
4½ ₩ cent bonds	1891	J. S. D. & M.	111⅛	112
4 ₩ cent bonds	1907	J. A. J. & O.	120	120½
RAILWAY BONDS.				
Mo. Pac. 1st m. 6's	1888	Feb. & Aug.	105	105½
Mo. Pac. Consols	1920	May & Nov.	102⅞	103⅛
Mo. Pac. 2d m. 7's	1891	Jan. & July.	112⅞	111
Mo. Pac. 3d	1905	May & Nov.	113⅞	113¼
No. Mo. 1st m. 7's	1895	Jan. & July.	117	119
K. P. 1st m. 6's	1895	Feb. & Aug.	106⅛	107½
K. P. 1st m. 6's	1896	June & Dec.	107⅞	111
K. P. D. Ex. 6's	1899	May & Nov.	109	.....
K. P. Consols	1919	May & Nov.	95	99
St. L. & M. 1st 7's	1892	Feb. & Aug.	115	.....
ST. LOUIS CITY AND COUNTY BONDS.				
City 4's sterling, 10-20s	1902	May & Nov.	100	102
City 4's sterling, 10-20s	1903	Jan. & July.	101	102½
City 5's sterling, 10-20s	1900	June & Dec	104¼	106
City 5's	1900	Jan. & July.	106⅛	108
City 6's currency	1886—87	Various.	104½	105¼
City 6's gold	1893—93	Various.	112⅞	113⅞
City 6's sterling	1898	June & Dec.	115	116
City 6's water	1887	June & Dec.	104⅛	105½
City 6's water	1890	June & Dec.	108	109
City 6's water	1892	April & Oct.	110⅛	111½
City 6's bridge approach	1892	June & Dec.	112	113
County 7's currency	1885	Feb. & Aug.	101	102
County 6's gold	1895—96	Jan. & July.	113¼	115
County Park	1905	April & Oct.	117	119
STATE BONDS.				
Mo. 6's	1886	Jan. & July.	105	.....
Mo. 6's	1887	Jan. & July.	106⅛	.....
Mo. 6's	1888	Jan. & July.	108	.....
Mo. 6's	1889—90	Jan. & July.	109	.....
Mo. 6's	1894	Jan. & July.	116	.....

*Interest to seller.

Clearings........$ 2,657,807
Balances........ 291,122

New York Closing Quotations.

Corrected daily by Tracy & Bell, bankers and brokers, 206 North Third street.

Stocks.	Opening.	Height.	Lowest.	Closing.
Canada Southern	39¼	39¼	38⅛	39⅜
Canadian Pacific	44¾	46¾	44¾	46½
Central New Jersey	74⅞	74⅞	71¼	71½
Central Pacific	48	45	43⅞	44½
Chicago and Alton	132½	132⅛	132½	132½
Chi., St. P., M. & O.	28⅞	28⅛	27	27
do. pref	89¾	87⅞	88¼	88¾
Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific	115½	115½	115½	115½
Chicago, Burlington and Quincy	117¾	117⅜	116⅞	116⅞
Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul	71¾	72⅜	71	71⅝
Chicago and Northwest	104	104⅝	102¾	103⅜
Del., Lack. & W	111¼	111½	109	109½
Denver and Rio Grande	12	12	10¾	10¾
Erie	16⅛	16⅛	15⅞	16
Lake Shore	88¼	88¾	85¾	87¼
Louisville & Nashville	36⅛	36⅛	30¼	31½
Ind., B. & Western	13	....	....	....
Illinois Central	125	123¾	123	123¾
Michigan Central	76	76	75	75
Missouri Pacific	72	72	70⅛	70⅜
Missouri, Kan. & Tex	15¾	15¾	15⅛	15⅜
New York Central	112	112	111⅜	111⅝
Y. Y., Chicago & St. Louis	7	7	7	7
Northern Pacific	22⅜	22⅞	21⅛	22
do pfd	49¾	49⅞	48⅞	48¼
Oregon Transcontinental	14⅝	15⅛	14¼	14⅜
Or. Nav. & Trans. Co	79¾	79¾	76	77
Ohio Central	2	2	2	2
Pacific Mail	39⅛	40	37¾	38⅜
Phil. & Reading	32⅞	32⅛	30⅛	32
Pullman Pal. Car	103	103	103	103
St. L. & San F	20	20	20	20
St. P., M. & Manitoba	90	90	89	89
Texas & Pacific	14¼	14¼	13¼	13⅜
Union Pacific	45¼	45¼	43⅝	47½
Wabash, St. L. & P	7⅞	8⅛	7⅞	8⅛
do pfd	15	15	13	13
Western U. T. Co	57⅛	57⅛	55⅞	56⅛
West S. Bonds	51¼	51¼	49⅞	30⅛

COMMERCIAL.

Afternoon Board—2 to 3 P. M.

Wheat and corn stronger. Oats lower and weak.

Wheat—May $1 08; June $1 07; July 94⅛ to 95@95⅛, closing 94⅛ b.; August 91⅛ b.; year 91⅛.

Corn—Cash 50⅛; May 49¾ b.; June 50⅛; July 52¼@52⅛; August 53⅜; year 44⅛ b.

Oats—May 31⅛@31⅛; June 32⅛@32¼; July 30¾@30⅞ b.; year 26⅛.

Closing Prices 3 P. M.

Reported daily by the Culver Commission Company, rooms 208 and 210, Chamber of Commerce, St. Louis.

Grain—CHICAGO—Wheat—May 86⅛; June 88; July 90½@90¼; August 89⅞; September 89⅞ b. Corn—May 55¾; June 58⅛ a.; July 57@57⅛; August 58⅛. Oats—May 31⅛; June 81⅞; July 32¼; August 28⅛.

Chicago Curb—Wheat—July 90⅛ b. Corn—July 57⅛ b.

TOLEDO—Wheat—May 98 b.; June 94⅛ b.; July 96; August 94⅜ n. Corn—May 59⅛ a.; June 56⅛ b.; July 57⅛. Oats—May ——; June ——.

NEW YORK.—Wheat—May $1 00⅛, June $1 01½, July $1 04, August $1 03¾, September $1 04¾. Corn—May 62 a, June 62 b, July 63⅛, August 64⅜. Oats—May 35⅛, June 36⅛ b, July 37⅛ b.

Provisions—CHICAGO—Pork—August $17 40. Lard—June 8.10; July 8¼; August 8.35. Short-ribs—June 8.02½.

Cotton—NEW YORK—Futures closed dull. May 11.56; June 11.68; July 11.84; August 11.95; September 11.67; October 11.15; November 10.94; December 10.94. Sales 61,000 bales.

NEW ORLEANS—Futures at 1:05 p. m. steady. May 11.55; June 11.60; July 11.79; August 11.85; September 11.40; October 11.84; November 11.68; December 11.64. Sales 12,800 bales.

Elgin Butter Market.

By Telegraph to the Post-Dispatch.

ELGIN, ILL., May 19.—The butter market opens slowly with light offerings on open board. Bids of 25 cents made for round lots. Cheese—Skim dull, bids of 11 cents made for choice full creams.

Chicago 'Change.

CHICAGO, May 19, 9:45 A. M.—The markets are fairly active this morning and moderately steady, with opening prices a shade easier than on Saturday. July wheat 90⅛, July corn 57⅛, July pork $17 50; July lard 8.25. Weather overcast and mild.

1:10 P. M.—Wheat closed 1c under Saturday at 86 for May; 87⅝ June; 79⅜ July. Corn lower at 53⅜ May; 55 June; 56¾@57 July. Oats 31⅜ June; 32¼ July. Rye 60⅛. Barley 72. Flaxseed $1 68. Whisky $1 12. Pork $17 80 June; $17 40 July. Lard dull; 8.20 July.

Grain Inspections.

INTO ELEVATORS—Wheat—3 cars Northern Fall, 1 car No. 2 Mediterranean, 12 cars No. 2 red winter, 1 car No. 3 do, 1 car No. 4 do, 8 cars rejected; total, 26 cars. Corn—4 cars No. 2 white-mixed, 4 cars rejected do, 58 cars No. 2 mixed, 33 cars rejected, 3 cars no-grade; total, 102 cars. Oats—12 cars No. 2, 2 cars rejected; total, 14 cars. Rye—1 car No. 2. Total in, 143 cars.

OUT OF ELEVATORS—Wheat—10 cars No. 2 red winter. Corn—7 cars No. 2 white-mixed, 2 cars rejected do, 75 cars and 62,000 bu No. 2 mixed, 29 cars rejected; total, 113 cars and 62,000 bu. Oats—1 car No. 2. Rye—7 cars No. 2, 1 car rejected; total, 8 cars. Total out, 132 cars and 62,000 bu.

Movement of Wheat and Corn To-Day.

	Receipts. Wheat.	Receipts. Corn.	Shipments. Wheat.	Shipments. Corn.
St. Louis	32,907	62,425	27,625	172,266
Chicago	12,186	61,345	149,244	123,317
Milwaukee	14,800	480	15,930	1,940
Baltimore	10,879	20,109	82,333	19,006
Toledo	12,000	7,000	5,000	28,000
New York	162,850	148,000	119,923	48,481

CHICAGO INSPECTIONS—16 cars spring wheat, 10 cars winter do, 184 cars corn, 289 cars oats, 7 cars rye, 29 cars barley.

Receipts and Shipments of Leading Articles for the Past 48 Hours.

Articles.	Receipts.	Shipments.
Flour, brls	7,450	13,626
Wheat, bu	32,907	27,625
Corn, bu	62,425	177,266
Oats, bu	12,570	38,315
Rye, bu	565	3,639
Barley, bu	2,519	2,415
Hay, tons	432	80
Pork, brls	....	339
Hams, lbs	....	106,717
Meats, lbs	370,683	391,581
Lard, lbs	1,680	375,361
Grease, lbs	....	4,840

Commercial Notes.

The following information on the crops is from a reliable source: Kansas City—"Wheat crop on Missouri Pacific Road is big and looks fine. Corn backward two weeks; if weather continues will all be planted last of next week or first of week after. No old corn on this road; hear of some small lots back in the country. Atchison—Wheat from Atchison to Kansas City is fine. Corn very backward—two to three weeks late. Corn planted one month ago is rotting in the field."——Commencing to-day there will be an afternoon session on the Chicago Board of Trade, commencing at 2 and ending at 2:30 o'clock.——Seymour, Hunt & Co. of Chicago wire E. M. Samuel & Sons: "It is believed that bulk of wheat shipped out from here last week was not for export; probably largely by Milwaukee clique. Money stringency is shown in increased carrying charges for lard, wheat and corn."——A leading exporter of New York telegraphed Saturday that the best price for No. 2 Chicago Spring wheat laid down in Liverpool was 98c. How could they export on that figure?——Next Saturday evening Jimmy Newell, the popular and gentlemanly young door-keeper of the Exchange, receives a benefit at the Grand Opera House, at which a first-calss entertainment will be offered for the enjoyment of those who attend. As Jimmy's friends are legion there is no doubt but that the house will be crowded from pit to dome on that night. Every member of the Exchange should be and undoubtedly will be there, if able to get down town. This is the first benefit Jimmy has ever had and it should be made a rousing one.——Receipts of corn were larger to-day both in Chicago and St. Louis. Advices from the country indicate an increased movement of corn to both markets. ——New York estimates the decrease in the visible at 750,000 bu in wheat and 1,500,000 bu in corn; Toledo's estimate is 1,250,000 bu in wheat and 1,500,000 bu in corn.——A private Chicago telegram stated that Young & Co. were changing their June wheat into July at 2¼c premium. This seems to indicate a decided tightness in the money market, and makes the wheat a much heavier load to carry. ——New York's stock of wheat this morning 2,075,473 bu.; of corn 483,769 bu., and of oats 969,395 bu., showing a decrease of 105,000 bu. in wheat; 60,700 bu. in corn, and 67,000 bu. in oats.——Milwaukee's stock of wheat decreased 146,000 bu to 1,012,488 bu.——Toledo's stock of wheat decreased 104,300 bu. (No. 2 100,000 bu. smaller at 745,000 bu.) and corn 32,000 bu. to 222,949 bu.——"Old Hutch" was said to be selling cash wheat and lard in Chicago to-day, with the probable idea of depressing the market so as to be able to purchase fresh lines.

The Markets.

FORENOON SESSION, CLOSING AT 1 P. M.

Wheat—Stock 321,474 bu against 325,301 yesterday; No. 2 red 93,330 bu, an increase of 5,974 bu. Elevator withdrawals 1,305 bu to city, 14,815 to railroads. Contrary to general belief the Chicago market opened lower and declined. Stocks were off at the opening, cables unfavorable—Beerbohm quiet and easier, with cargoes 6d lower and private cables quiet and unchanged. The weather was favorable, crop reports of the best and nearly all influences favoring the bear side. While Eastern advices were reassuring and to the effect that the financial panic was over, yet there was enough stringency in money matters in the leading cities to make speculative operators cautious, checked buying and bringing cash grain on the market. The market was a weak one nearly all the time, though the feeling was rather unsettled. At close was easy and ⅜c below Saturday. May sold in a small way at $1 09⅛ to $1 09; June at $1 07⅛ to $1 07. July opened at 95⅛ and sold off until after the noon call it was down to 94⅛, but closed better at 94⅜; year sold at 91⅜ early down to 90⅝@90⅜, closing at 90⅜ bid; August offered at 91⅜, bid 91⅛. Offerings were liberal of spot and prices gave way still more. Some fancy hard white brought $1 13, but $1 12 was the best obtainable price for fancy red. Millers bought fairly of both grade and sample, but only at the lower rates. No. 2 red $1 09 regular and in C., $1 09@1 09½ in St. L., $1 09 in D.; No. 3 red $1 01 asked this side; No. 4 90 bid for U.; 90⅛ for C.; 91 for St. L.; rejected 70 in E., 67 asked for U., 68 for St. L.; No. 3 Turkey 89 regular.

Corn—Stock 1,270,843 bu, against 1,398,194 yesterday; No. 2 mixed, 1,057,398 bu, a decrease of 105,385 bu. Elevator withdrawals, 9,536 bu to city, 40,909 to railroads, 97,600 to river. The weakening off of wheat, the early decline in stocks, together with larger receipts at Western accumulative points and anticipation that arrivals would continue to increase, all had a depressing effect. The public cable was better, reporting 6d advance in cargoes to arrive, but a later and private cable was quiet and a shade easier. Then the uneasiness in regard to the financial situation had so shaken public confidence that it was was difficult to draw buyers in. The natural consequence was a weak feeling and little, if any, recovery in price, and though the close was firm it was at declines of ⅝@1¼c from Saturday's close. May sold at 50 to 49⅝; June at 50⅛ to 50; August at 53⅜ to 53⅛, closing at 53⅛; year 44⅛. July opened at 52⅛ and gradually declined, with fluctuations of not over ⅛c, until after the noon call it sold at 51¾, then improved and closed at 52. The market for cash was weak, except for white-mixed grades, which were so scarce and urgently sought for to fill Southern orders that 1@2c higher was paid. Grade No. 2 mixed was only a small fraction lower and in active Eastern shipping demand, besides an order and local inquiry. Rejected was weakest. Late a sale of 100 cars No. 2 mixed made f. o. b. E. track at 54, which will go to Europe, via the Atlantic seaboard. No. 2 mixed 50⅛@50 regular, 50@50¼ in C., 50⅛ in St. L., 51⅛ E. side; No. 2 white-mixed 60⅛ regular; rejected do 59 in St. L. and later 60 bid this side; rejected 49⅛ this side, 50 bid for U., 50⅛ for E. and V.; no-grade 47 in St. L.

Oats—Stock 238,719 bu, against 250,529 yesterday; No. 2, 194,305 bu, a decrease of 12,507 bu. Elevator withdrawals 4,987 bu to city. Futures declined and weak, with more sellers than buyers, owing to the decline in other markets. June sold at 33 to 32⅞, July at 31 to 30⅞ and year at 26⅜, and there were sellers late at the lowest rates without buyers. May was offered at 31⅛, bid 31⅛. Cash grades were lower, but the demand was fair; offerings, however, exceeded buyers' wants and the tone was weak. No. 2 32 in E, 32⅛@32⅜ in St. L., 31⅜ asked regular; rejected 31⅛ in St. L, 31 in E.

Rye—Stock 45,471 bu, against 45,471 yesterday; No. 2 40,316 bu. Elevator withdrawals 4,449 bu to railroads. Grades on East side were firmer, with 62 bid for No. 2 and 60 for rejected, but none offered.

Flour—A very dull trade was reported to-day and prices, although not quoted lower, were decidedly in buyers' favor. An entire absence of shipping inquiry was reported, and the local demand was confined to actual wants. We quote the inside prices on strong grades and outside lots between grades: Extra fancy $5 45@5 70; fancy $5 25@5 35; choice $4 60@4 70; family $4 00@4 10; xxx $3 60@3 70; xx $3 25@3 35; x $2 95@3 10; superfine $2 65@2 70; fine $2 35@2 45; patent $5 90@6 50. These prices are for lots on arrival at depot and Levee; favorite brands 25c more and order lots higher.

Cornmeal—Higher at $2 95@3 00 on orders; pearlmeal, grits and hominy $3 50@3 60.

Rye Flour—Quiet at $3 50@3 70 del.

Millfeed—Still weak and dull, besides. Sacked bran 71¼ at country point, 73 E. track; bulk 60 at country point, 63 on P. track.

Hay—Showed no change, but the specialty of the demand was shown by local buyers paying $19 for strictly fancy timothy. The low grades were as dull as ever. This side—Prairie $12 for prime; $14 for choice; mixed $13@14 for common to prime; timothy $14@18 for prime to choice. East side—50c@$1 lower than above rates.

Provisions—Were weaker again and besides were very dull. There was very little demand and sales were small, confined mainly to bacon. Standard mess pork was offered at $16 75, but none to be sold at that, and little inquiry any way. Prime steam lard had 7¾ bid for this side and on East side could be bought for 7.90. Loose dry salt was held at 6 for shoulders, 8.10@8.20 for longs, 8.20@8¼ for c'ribs and 8.45@8.55 for shorts, but no sales were reported. Packed bacon longs sold at 8.60@8⅝, longs at 8.70@8¾ and shorts at 8⅞@9.10, but some loose cribs brought 8¾ del; packed shoulders nominal at 7. Hams 11¾@13¼ for plain and canvassed; fancy small, 14@15. Breakfast bacon 10@11. Beef—Extra mess $12@15 ₩ brl according to brand; on orders higher: $7@8 ₩ ½ brl; dried 15@16, selected 18; smoked tongues $5 50@6 ₩ doz. Tallow—Strickly prime in oil brls 6¾; do in irregular packages ¼c less; choice cake 6¾; No. 2 6; tallow grease 5¾. Grease—Brown 4⅛@4¾; yellow 5@5⅛; white 5¾. Salt—Domestic $1 25 E side, $1 30 this side; ground alum $1 15 ₩ sack—small way 5@10c higher.

Highwines—Steady at $1 11. Saless 144 brls. Cincinnati firmer at $1 11. Chicago and Peoria $1 12.

Lead—Stronger and higher, 10 cars common selling at $3 45, and for refined $3 50 was bid; offerings small and held firmly.

Grass Seeds—Very quiet. German millet quoted at 50@52½, common do 40@55. Hungarian 65@72½. Clover $4 75 @4 90. Red-top 34@47½. Timothy $1 10@1 25.

Hempseed—Native salable at $2@2 25; none offered.

Flaxseed—Steady, with a small sale of 5 sks at $1 65, but crushers bidding $1 55.

Castor Beans—In demand at $2 25 for prime.

Cotton.

Spots to-day where characterized by more firmness, ans at Liverpool and New York were higher. At the former the demand was active and sales amounting to 15,000 baled were made on a basis of 6 5-16d for uplands and 6 7-16d for Orleans. An improved business was also done at the last-named at 11 9-16c for middlings. Locally, the demand and movement were very light, but the tone was firm, while New Orleans was unchanged at 11⅛ for middlings. Speculative markets opened stronger, but before the close prices weakened and fell off, Liverpool closing 1-64d lower than the opening. New York at 2:30 p. m., although a point lower for near-by months, was generally unchanged for far-off months. At New Orleans prices were also off a point or two at the 1 p. m. call. Trading was fair at both these markets.

LOCAL SPOT QUOTATIONS—Low ordinary 8¼; ordinary 9¼; good ordinary 10¼; low middling 11; middling 11¼; good middling 11¾; middling fair 12¼. Stained—Low middling 9¾; middling 10¼; good ordinary 9⅛. Tinges—Low middling 10; middling 10⅝.

RECEIPTS, SHIPMENTS AND STOCK.—Gross receipts to-day 217 bales, against 408 bales last year; since September, 1883, 295,769 bales, against 445,945 bales same time last year; shipments to-day 1,408 bales, against 888 bales last year; since September 1, 1883, 292,744 bales, against 417,878 bales same time last year; stocks in compresses and warehouses to-day 8,893 bales, against 29,806 bales.

NET RECEIPTS, EXPORTS AND STOCKS—Net receipts at United States ports for 3 days, 2,676 bales: same time last week 14,012; same time last year 13,167; exports 9,263; same time last year 10,872; stock 51,405; same day last year 544,529; net receipts since September 1, 4,740,348.

LIVERPOOL—Uplands 6 5-16d; Orleans 6 7-16d; sales 15,000 bales. Futures closed quiet. May and June 6 20-64d, June and July 6 22-64d; July and August 6 27-64d; August and September 6 30-64d; September and October 6 28-64d; October and November 6 15-64d.

Cotton-Belt Bulletin (Latest).

WAR DEPARTMENT. SIGNAL SERVICE, U. S. ARMY, ST. LOUIS, May 18, 1884, 5 P. M.

Division of telegrams and reports for the benefit of Commerce and Agriculture.

DISTRICTS.	AVERAGE. Max. Temp.	AVERAGE. Min. Temp.	AVERAGE. Rain-fall.
1 Wilmington	81	54	0.00
2 Charleston	83	66	0.00
3 Augusta	85	59	0.00
4 Savannah	84	65	0.05
5 Atlanta	84	56	0.00
6 Montgomery	88	61	0.00
7 Mobile	87	58	0.13
8 New Orleans	81	61	0.01
9 Galveston	89	68	0.00
10 Vicksburg	81	58	0.01
11 Little Rock	82	..	0.13
12 Memphis	..	..	....
Means	85.0	60.0	0.03

J. H. WEBER,
Sergeant, Signal Service, U. S. A.

Country Produce.

STRAWBERRIES—Receipts were pretty liberal, and the demand fair at prices about the same as those prevalent Saturday. The demand was chiefly for choice sound berries, suitable for order orders and the better class of local dealers, of which stock the supply was hardly ample; while there was, as usual, a surplus of common berries, which went to peddlers at low prices. Arkansas—The train bringing in the berries from this State did not arrive till Sunday afternoon, and consequently they had to be carried over till this morning, which delay had a damaging effect on the berries. Wilson sold at $1 25@1 50 ₩ 6-gal. case for very poor, $1 75@2 for good to choice, and the best at $2 25; Crescent at $1 25@1 50 for poor, to $1 75@2 for the best. Tennessee—Berries all shipped by freight, and came to hand in rather poor shape; over-ripe and soft. Crescent sold at $1 50@2 ₩ 6-gallon case. Missouri—Monarch sell slow, as it is an undesirable variety, at $2@2 50 ₩ 6-gallon case for partly green to $3@3 25 for choice; Wilson wanted at $3@3 50. Illinois—Arrivals rather light, but quality good; choice Crescent $3@3 25, small and soft Crystal City at $2 and Wilson at $2@2 50 for green, $3@3 50 for choice and $3 75@4 for fancy. Kentucky—Fine in quality and condition and selling readily at $4@4 50 for Sharpless and $3@3 50 for Crescent.

BLACKBERRIES—Very few arriving; choice salable at $3@3 50 ₩ 6-gallon case.

NEW POTATOES—Selling rather slow at $2 75@3 25 ₩ brl, top rate for good sized; offerings were pretty liberal, and in excess of demand. Sales: 20 brls $2 10; 40 at $2 25; 10 at $2 75—all small in size and slack brls.

SWEET POTATOES—Very scarce, and in demand at $3 50@4 ₩ brl for Southern yams and $4 50 for red Nansemond.

NEW ONIONS—More plentiful, but demand fair. Southern $4 50 ₩ brl, or $2 50 ₩ sack, and Bermuda at $1 75 ₩ bu box.

TURNIPS—Arrivals small. Choice salable at $2 50@2 75 ₩ brl.

CUCUMBERS—Slow sale at 40@50 ₩ dos for choice and 25@30 for culls.

CABBAGE—Steady and in good demand. Sales ranged at $2@2 50 ₩ crate for damaged, $3@3 50 for fair, and $4@4 50 for nicely trimmed.

BEETS—Arrivals light; demand also moderate at $3@3 50 ₩ brl.

CARROTS—Higher and wanted. Salable at $3 50@4 00 ₩ brl.

SQUASH—Fair sale at $3 50 ₩ brl.

TOMATOES—Bermuda 50@75 ₩ pack box, top for choice ripe.

STRING BEANS—In good supply and demand fair for fresh at 75c ₩ bu box for flat, and $1 for round. Stale and speckled dull at much less.

GREEN PEAS—Arkansas sold steadily at 60@75 ₩ ½ bu box.

PLUMS—Common small wild, from Arkansas, slow sale at 75 ₩ ⅓ bu. box.

APPLES—Very little doing. There is some inquiry for choice fruit at $4 50@5 ₩ bbl, but very little of this stock arriving.

ORANGES—Steady, and in fair demand. We quote: Imperial $4 50@5, Palermo $3 50@4, and Messina $3 75@4 25 ₩ box.

LEMONS—Dull. Messina and Palermo $3 50@3 ₩ box.

PINEAPPLES—Scarce, and in fair request at $2 75@3 ₩ doz.

BANANAS—On orders $2 50@3 50 ₩ bunch.

BUTTER—No material change to note in the general tone of the market. The demand, which was only a light local one, was for the best grades, which were in ample supply, the only surplus being of the medium and low grades—off color, oversalted or mixed which was dull and nominal. We quote: Creamery at 21@22 for choice and fancy; seconds at dairy rates. Dairy—Choice to fancy 16@18; fair 12@15; low 7@10. Near-by packed accumulating and next to unsalable—choice ranged at 7@8, and poor at 5@6.

EGGS—Unchanged at 10½c.

LIVE POULTRY—Chickens scarce, firm and in fair request. Hens $3@3 25, mixed $2 50@2 75. Turkeys, geese and ducks dull and not wanted. Spring chickens selling mostly at $1 50@2 50 for small to medium sized; choice large salable at $3 50@4.

GAME—In fair supply and demand moderate. Mallard ducks $3 and teal $1 50; snipe $1; plover 50c@$1; frog legs $1.

DRIED FRUIT—Demand good, offerings light and market firm. We quote: Apples—Common dark 5@5½; fair to good 5½@6; prime quarters and sliced 6½@6¾; choice do do 6¾@6¾; fair to choice evaporated 7@9. Peaches—Common 5@5½; fair to good 5½@6½; prime 6½@6¾.

WOOL—We note a decline of about 1@1½c in prices offered by buyers on Saturday, but up to this time no Eastern advices have been received confirming any decline to that extent. Much of it is probably due to the manner in which the wool received in this market is disposed of. All the St. Louis Wool buyers are members of the "Wool Exchange," which holds daily meetings to consult on the condition of the market. On adjournment, its members reset in a body commission merchants having wool to offer, each buyer handing in on a card a slip of paper his price or bid on the wool offered, which is then knocked down to the highest bidder. It is these consultations and the method of trading which frequently cause considerable and rapid changes in our quotations. Tubwashed—Choice 32@33; fair 30@31; dingy and low 26@29. Unwashed—Choice medium 22@22½; good average medium 20@21; selected light fine 19@20; good average 17@18; heavy 13@16; combing, ¼ blood, 20@22; combing, low grades, 16@18. Kansas—Choice bright medium 21@21½; good do 19@20; light fine 17@19; heavy do 13@15. Burry, black and off lots 5@10 less. Southern hard burry 10@12½.

HIDES—Quiet, but steady and unchanged. We quote: Dry Flint 17½; damaged 14½; bulls or stags 10; dry salted 13; do damaged 11; glue stock 5; kip and calf classed as damaged. Green—Salted 8¾; damaged 6¾; calf skins 12; damaged 11; bulls or stags 5¾; green (uncured) 7½; damaged 5¾; glue stock 3.

SHEEP PELTS—Easy. We quote: Green 70@80; dry 40@70, as to amount and quality of wool; green shearlings 15; dry do 10@15; green lamb skins 20@25.

FEATHERS—Easier. We quote: Prime live geese at 53 in large and 54 in small sks; unripe, quilly, etc., 38@43; mixed 10@35; tare 3 and 10 ₩ cent.

DEER SKINS—Dull at 20@21½.

BEESWAX—Quiet at 32@32½ for choice.

HOPS—Choice 28@30; prime 24@25.

LIVE STOCK.

	Cattle.	Hogs.	Sheep.	Horses & Mules.
Receipts	1,389	7,139	2,610	75
Shipments	1,405	4,171	1,115	117

CATTLE—There was no lack of confidence in the market at the opening this morning although buyers were not very numerous. There was one buyer who came to the front and purchased freely for Eastern shipment at higher prices than prevailed on Thursday and Friday of last week, but outside of this there was little disposition to trade, and the general Eastern inquiry was rather limited, buyers being cautious and slow to take hold and then only of the most desirable among the arrivals. Good butchers' cattle were wanted and those sold brought satisfactory prices, the market developing greater strength at the start than was shown during last week at so early an hour. Receipts were only moderate, but the quality was a little better than the average. We quote values stronger for all and higher in best grades at the following:

RULING QUOTATIONS—Exporters $6 35@6 65; good to heavy steers $6 00@6 75; light to fair steers $5 40@5 75; common to medium native steers $4 75@5 40; fair to good Colorado steers $5@6 25; Southwest steers $4 25@5 75; light to good stockers $3 75@4 40; fair to good feeders $4 50@5; native cows and heifers, common to choice $3 65@4 50; cornfed Texas steers $4 50@5 85; scalawags of any kind $2 50@3 25; milch cows and calves $23@50; veal calves $6@10.

REPRESENTATIVE SALES—National Yards — 20 native butchers averaging 1,080 lbs at $5 65; 18 native butchers averaging 909 lbs at $5 60; 15 native butchers averaging 952 lbs $5 60; 36 native butchers averaging 1,021 lbs at $5 50; 34 native steers averaging 1,281 lbs at $5 90; 12 native steers averaging 1,181 lbs at $5 65; 25 native steers averaging 1,290 lbs $5 95; 38 native steers averaging 1,031 lbs at $5 60; 34 native steers averaging 1,274 lbs at $5 90; 34 native steers averaging 1,236 lbs at $5 85; 17 native steers averaging 1,333 lbs at $6 10; 19 native steers averaging 1,164 lbs at $5 60.

REPRESENTATIVE SALES—Union Stock Yards—Cattle—3 native steers averaging 997 lbs at $5 25, 20 native steers averaging 1,040 lbs at $5 50, 15 native steers averaging 920 lbs at $5 40, 12 dairy cows averaging 980 lbs at $4 25, 11 dairy cows averaging 1,060 lbs at $4 62½, 10 dairy cows averaging 1,140 lbs at $4 75, 22 dairy cows averaging 1,025 lbs at $4 62½, 14 Southwest cows and heifers averaging 900 lbs at $4 62½, 12 Southeast cows and heifers averaging 1,020 lbs at $4 75, 25 native heifers averaging 642 lbs at $5 15 native steers averaging 1,098 lbs at $5 50, 10 native steers averaging 1,095 lbs at $5 95; 214 retail from $3 25 to $5 12½.

HOGS—Trade during the earlier hours was quiet, the demand being confined almost exclusively to city butchers, who supplied themselves at about former rates, the range of prices paid being from $5 60@5 85 for light to good heavies, these last being possibly a shade stronger. There was some demand for packing grades, but at lower prices. As a result the movement was slow, only a few Yorkers changing hands at $5 45@5 55 for the best weights, which doubtless would have brought 5c more last Friday and Saturday. No transfers were made to packers and there is nothing to base quotations upon. A few pigs and light Yorkers sold at $5@5 25, but scalpers and speculators were no more anxious to operate than any other class.

REPRESENTATIVE SALES—National Stock Yards—54 averaging 265 lb at $5 85; 59 averaging 227 lb at $5 60; 54 averaging 229 lb at $5 65; 46 averaging 226 lb at $5 75; 60 averaging 218 lb at $5 70; 10 averaging 245 lb at $5 70; 22 averaging 189 lb at $5 60; 48 averaging 195 lb at $5 55; 40 averaging 188 lb at $5 50; 20 averaging 137 lb at $5 15; 14 averaging 132 lb at $5 25; 81 averaging 246 lb at $5 70; 67 averaging 191 lb at $5 55.

UNION STOCK YARDS—Hogs—67, averaging 163 lbs, at $5 40; 68, averaging 197 lbs, at $5 50; 73, averaging 174 lbs, at $5 40; 45, averaging 168 lbs, at $5 30; 50, averaging 172 lbs, at $5 40; 41, averaging 164 lbs, at $5 30; 58, averaging 159 lbs, at $5 35; 35, averaging 199 lbs, at $5 60; 40, averaging 178 lbs, at $5 50; 65, averaging 194 lbs, at $5 50; 84, averaging 146 lbs, at $4 90; 41, averaging 142 lbs, at $4 50; 58, averaging 241 lbs, at $5 62½; 32, averaging 179 lbs, at $5 40; 105, averaging 132 lbs, at $5 05; 78, averaging 164 lbs, at $5 30; 62, averaging 182 lbs, at $5 25; 76, averaging 147 lbs, at $5 05; 78, averaging 157 lbs, at $5 30; 30, averaging 190 lbs, at $5 50; 92, averaging 154 lbs, at $5 35; 30, averaging 176 lbs, at $5 40; 39, averaging 227 lbs, at $5 55; 31, averaging 220 lbs, at $5 55; 67, averaging 173 lbs, at $5 30; 75, averaging 159 lbs, at $5 35.

SHEEP—Quiet for want of stock, but generally steady, and the few sales made brought unchanged rates.

Horses and Mules.

HORSES—Heavy draught, extra, $200@275; heavy draught, good, $1 50@1 90; drivers, extra, $175@250; drivers, good, $125@160; streeters $130@150; saddle horses, extra, $175@225; saddle horses, good, $140@160; cavalry $130@140; plugs $50@80.

MULES—15 hands, 4 to 8 years old, $130@145; 15½ hands, 4 to 8 years old, extra, $170@180; 16 to 16½ hands, 4 to 8 years old, $190@210; heavy plugs $80@115.

Live Stock Markets by Telegraph.

KANSAS CITY, May 19.—Cattle—Receipts 1,545; firm and a shade higher for all grades. Hogs—Receipts 2,168 head; opened steady and closed dull and a shade lower at $5@5 30; bulk $5@5 25.

PHILADELPHIA, May 19.—Cattle dull; receipts 2,700; pr me $7@7 25; good $6 25@6 75; medium $6@6 25; common $5 25 @5 75. Sheep dull; receipts 11,000; clipped $5@6 25; wool sheep $4@7 25; spring lambs $2 50 a head to 10c a pound. Hogs in fair demand; receipts 500; Western 8½; common and rough 7½.

CHICAGO, ILL., May 19.—Hogs—Receipts 13,000; prices 5@10c lower; light $5@5 80; rough packing and shipping $5 90 @6 05. Cattle—Receipts 5,000; stronger; exports $6 30@6 60; good to choice $5 90@6 20; common to fair $5 20@5 80. Sheep—Receipts 3,000; demoralized; common to fair $2 50@4 00; medium to good $4 50@5 50; choice to extra $5 50@6 50.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

BALTIMORE, May 19.—Flour quiet and steady: Western superfine $2 75@3 00; extra $3 62@4 62; family $5 75@5 65. Wheat—Western firmer and dull; No. 2 winter red spot $1 01¼@1 02; May $1 01¼@1 02¼, June $1 02@1 02¼, July $1 01¾@1 01¾. Corn—Western mixed spot 59 bid, June 59¼. Oats—Firm; Western white 41@43, mixed 39@43. Provisions—Quiet and steady; mess pork, old, $17 75, new $18 50; bulk meats, shoulders and clear rib sides packed 7½@9¼; bacon, shoulders 8¼, clear rib sides 10¼, hams 14¼@15¼. Lard—Refined 9¼. Butter quiet; Western packed 10@20, creamery 24@27. Eggs quiet at 14@15. Petroleum nominal at 8, refined 7¾. Coffee dull; Rio cargoes ordinary to fair 9¼@10¼. Sugar steady; A soft 7. Whisky quiet at $1 16. Freights—Liverpool dull; cotton 11-64d; flour 9d@1s; grain 2d. Receipts—Flour 1,965 brls; wheat 11,000 bu; corn 32,000 bu; oats 7,000 bu; rye 2,500 bu. Shipments—Wheat 20,000; corn 19,000. Sales—Wheat 35,000 bu; corn 135,000 bu.

NEW YORK, May 19.—Flour—Receipts 21,800; sales 7,000; dull. Wheat—Receipts 162,550; ¼@1½ lower; dull trading; No. 1 white nominal; sales, 120,000 bu No. 2 red June $1 01@1 01¼; 248,000 bu July $1 03@1 04¼; 40,000 bu August $1 03¾@1 04; 16,000 bu September $1 04@1 04¾. Corn—Receipts 148,400; ¼@1¼ lower; mixed Western spot 53@63; future 62@65¼; sales 296,000. Oats—Receipts 95,200; ¼@1¼ lower; Western 36@45; sales 260,000. Beef dull; mess 12@13. Pork dull; new mess $18 25; old $17. Lard dull; steam 8.37½. Butter quiet; Western 8@25; Elgin creamery 25. Cheese dull at 2@12½. Sugar dull. Molasses quiet. Petroleum firm. Rice steady. Coffee dull. Tallow steady at 6¾@6 11-16. Western eggs dull at 14@14½.

NEW ORLEANS, May 19.—Flour dull but steady; fancy $5 75@5 90; choice $5 40@5 65; extra fancy $6@6 10. Corn meal quiet at $3 05@3. Corn quiet; mixed 67; yellow, none here; white 67@69 for prime to choice. Oats—Stock large; prime 42@42½; choice 43@43½. Bran quiet at $1. Hay quiet and easy at $21@22; $18@19 for strictly prime. Pork quiet and easy at $17. Cut meats quiet; shoulders $6 40@6 50; sides nominal. Bacon quiet at $7¾@7¾@9.40, long clear sides $9.35@9.40. Hams quiet at 13@13. Lard unchanged; refined 8¼. Whisky steady at 115. Exchange on New York at par; sight 1@1¼ premium. Cotton—Spot firm at 11¼; net receipts 723 ba les; gross receipts 724 bales.

KANSAS CITY, May 19.—The Daily Indicator reports: Wheat—Receipts 6,181 bu, shipments 2,561 bu, in store 133,408 bu; steady; No. 2 red cash sales at 83¼; June sales at 82¼; No. 2 soft cash 99 bid, 108 asked. Corn—Receipts 25,291 bu, shipments 15,472 bu, in store 64,472 bu; steady; No. 2 mixed cash sales at 44½; June 45¼ asked; July sales at 45@45¼. Oats—No. 2 cash 29 asked. Rye—No bids and no offerings. Eggs firmer at 11c per dozen. Butter unchanged. Hay weaker; fancy small baled $14. Provisions unchanged.

CINCINNATI, May 19.—Flour dull; family $4 50@4 70. Wheat dull and lower at $1 03@1 04. Corn easier; No. 2 mixed 55¼. Oats quiet at 36½. Rye steady at 70. Barley quiet; extra No. 3 fall 80. Pork dull at $17. Lard dull at 7¾. Bulk meats quiet at 6⅞@8¼. Bacon dull at 7¾@9@10. Whisky active and firm at $1 11.

MILWAUKEE, May 19.—Wheat easy; No. 2 and May 86¼; June 90¾; July 92; receipts, 15,000; shipments, 14,000. Corn scarce; No. 2 at 54. Oats easier; No. 2 on track at 35; No. 2 white do at 36@36¼. Rye lower; No. 1 at 65¼. Barley steady; No. 2 at 70; extra No. 3 at 64; receipts, 9,000; shipments, 3,000.

TOLEDO, O., May 19.—Wheat quiet and lower; No. 2 red cash 92@93; May 92½; June 94½; July 96¼; August 94½; No. 2 soft $1 03; No. 3 red 87@89. Corn dull and easier; high mixed 59; No. 2 cash, May or June 59; July 59; rejected 56@56¼; no-grade 53@55. Oats dull and steady; No. 2 cash or May 35¼; June 36¼ asked.

DETROIT, MICH., May 19.—Wheat steady; cash June at $1 03¼; May $1 03¼; July $1 05; August 95; No. 2 cash 98¼; No. 2 white 99 bid; receipts 4,000 bu; shipments 12,000 bu. Corn at 60; receipts 1,000; shipments 3,000. Oats—No. 2 white 39¼; No. 2 35¼; receipts 1,000; shipments 1,000.

BUFFALO, N. Y., May 19.—Wheat—No. 2 hard spring nominal; $1 11 asked, $1 07 bid for May; June $1 11, $1 10 July, $1 12 August. Corn—Car lots selling at 61 on track, 58 asked for May, 58¼ for June. Oats nominal at 41 for No. 2 white on track; canal 42¼.

PITTSBURG, PA., May 19.—Oil quiet and heavy, and no disposition manifested to operate extensively. Sales opened at 80, declined slowly to 77¼, but recovered to 77¾ at 1 o'clock.

CLEVELAND, May 19.—Petroleum unchanged, S. W. 110, 8c.

WILMINGTON, May 19.—Turpentine steady at 27¼.

Foreign.

LIVERPOOL, May 19, 2 P. M.—Beef dull; extra India mess 83s; prime 82s. Wheat—Receipts for the week: Atlantic ports, 21,300 quarters; Pacific ports 8,000 quarters; other sources 36,000 quarters. Corn—Receipts 36,900 quarters.

LONDON, May 19, 2 P. M.—Turpentine steady at 24s 6d.

THE RIVERS.

Height of water above low-water mark........ 19 ft. 1 in.
Fall in last 24 hours........ 0 ft. 1 in.

ARRIVED—Emma C. Elliott, Grand Tower; Spread Eagle, Grafton.

DEPARTED—Gen. Gilmore, Lower Mississippi; Spread Eagle, Grafton; Mary Michael, Ste. Genevieve.

The river is almost on a stand but one inch having been subtracted since Saturday.——Business on the wharf is not overly brisk.——The Gen. Gilmore returned from her trip down the river.——The Anchor Line has several very fine boats posted to leave for the South this week, and the barge line is on the boards with a tow for New Orleans.——The Diamond Jo Line has a fast one for St. Paul, and the two Saints Line is in the field with a number of staunch boats.——The Charles Morgan will make Wednesday and Saturday trips during the summer. The fare is but 50c and 25c. This is a daisy.

The Morton-Springer Race.

Isaac P. Lusk, agent Diamond Jo Line, received the following telegram this morning: "St. Paul, May 18, 1884.—The Morton arrived at 10:45 this (Sunday) evening; big trip of freight and passengers; about twelve hours ahead of the Reuben R. Springer." This is a remarkably fast trip considering the amount of business handled and landings made, the Morton having made the run from St. Louis to St. Paul in a little over four days, and beating the time of the fast Reuben R. Springer, that left here at the same time, about twelve hours. The Springer is by no means a slow boat, but the Morton is too much for her.

Indications.

WASHINGTON, May 19.—Southern Atlantic States—Partly cloudy weather, local rains; winds shifting to southerly; stationary temperature. West Gulf—Partly cloudy weather and local rains; northern winds, becoming variable; stationary temperature. Ohio Valley and Tennessee—Partly cloudy weather and rains; southwest to northwest winds; slightly cooler. Lower Lake Region—Partly cloudy weather and rain; southerly shifting to westerly winds; slightly cooler. Upper Lake Region—Partly cloudy weather and rain; winds shifting to northwesterly; stationary temperature in northern part, slight fall in temperature in southern part. Upper Mississippi Valley—Partly cloudy weather and local rains; northwesterly winds, shifting in northern part to southerly; stationary temperature in southern part, slight rise in temperature in northern part. Missouri Valley—Fair weather, followed by partly cloudy weather and local rains; winds becoming variable; lower barometer; stationary temperature in southern part, slight rise in temperature in northern part. Cautionary signals continue at Oswego, Section 6, Charlotte, Buffalo, Erie Cleveland, Section 5, Port Huron, Alpena, Mackinaw City, Grand Haven, Section 3, Milwaukee, Section 11, Escanaba, Marquette and Duluth.

Weather Bulletin.

WAR DEPARTMENT, SIGNAL SERVICE U. S. ARMY, WASHINGTON, May 19, 1884, 6:07 A. M.

The following observations are taken at the same moment of time at all stations:

STATIONS.	Barometer.	Thermometer.	Direction wind.	Rainfall in past 24 hours.	State of Weather.
Bismarck, Dak.	29.69	50	S	.....	Fair.
Cairo, Ills.	29.79	62	W	.24	Fair.
Chicago, Ills.	29.52	59	SW	.06	Cloudy.
Cincinnati, Ohio	29.68	65	SW	.51	Cloudy.
Davenport, Iowa	29.65	54	NW	.36	Cloudy.
Deadwood, Dak.					
Denver, Col.	29.81	47	SW	.09	Clear.
Des Moines, Iowa	29.82	49	NW	.08	Clear.
Dodge City, Kan.	29.96	53	W	..	Cloudy.
Ft. Assinboine, Mont.	29.81	43	NE	..	Clear.
Fort Buford, Dak.	29.63	56	NW	..	Cloudy.
Fort Custer, Mont.	29.69	47	.....	..	Hazy.
Fort Elliott, Tex.	29.98	52	.....	..	Hazy.
Galveston, Tex.	29.90	70	N	.45	Lt. Rain.
Indianapolis, Ind.	29.60	62	SW	.51	Lt. Rain.
Keouk, Iowa	29.77	54	NW	.35	Cloudy.
La Crosse, Wis.	29.61	50	N	.81	Cloudy.
Leavenworth, Kans.	29.92	52	NW	.04	Clear.
Little Rock, Ark.	29.90	55	..	.55	Clear.
Louisville, Ky.	29.67	67	SW	.23	Clear.
Memphis, Tenn.	29.66	67	W	..	Fair.
Moorhead, Minn.	29.76	41	S	..	Clear.
Nashville, Tenn.	29.27	68	SW	..	Fair.
NorthP latte, Neb.	29.87	48	..	..	Clear.
Omaha, Neb.	29.87	50	NW	..	Clear.
Pittsburgh, Pa.	29.76	63	S	.08	Lt. Rain.
Shreveport, La.	29.88	70	NW	.87	Cloudy.
Springfield, Ills.	29.68	57	NW	.81	Cloudy.
St. Louis, Mo.	29.76	57	W	.07	Clear.
Stockton, Tex.	29.87	70	SE	..	Cloudy.
St. Paul, Minn.	29.77	49	NW	.18	Clear.
Vicksburg, Miss.	29.93	68	S	.06	Fair.
Yankton, Dak.	29.82	50	W	..	Clear.
Fort Smith	29.96	61	..	..	Clear.
New Orleans	29.92	76	NW	.02	Clear.
Salt Lake City	29.79	56	NE	..	Fair.
W. Las Animas	29.84	52	S	..	Fair.
El Paso, Tex.	29.75	68	W	..	Fair.

*Dash (——) indicates rainfall inappreciable.

J. H. WEBER,
Observer Signal Corps, U. S. A.

Local Weather Bulletin.

ST. LOUIS, MO., May 19, 1884.

Local Time.	Ther.	Wind. Dir.	Wind. Vel.	Weather.
2:07 p. m.	63.5	W	20	Fair.
6:07 p. m.	56.9	W	24	Clear.
10:07 a. m.	62.7	W	25	Clear.
2:07 p. m.	69.2	NW	22	Clear.

Maximum temperature, 71.0.
Minimum temperature, 56.9.
River Stage, 19 ft. 7 in.
Rainfall in past 24 hours, 00.0 inches.

J. H. WEBER,
Sergeant Signal Corps, U. S. A.

Water Stage.

SIGNAL SERVICE, U. S. A., ST. LOUIS, May 19, 1884.

Daily report of the stage of water, with changes in the 24 hours ending 2 p. m., Washington time.

STATIONS.	Above Low Bench-Mark.	Fall.	Rise.
St. Louis	19 ft. 7 in.	0 in.	0 ft. 0 in.
Herman, Mo.	14 ft. 7 in.	0 in.	0 ft. 3 in.
Kansas City, Mo.	10 ft. 8 in.	3 in.	0 ft. 0 in.
Peoria, Ill.	10 ft. 0 in.	2 in.	0 ft. 0 in.

J. H. WEBER,
Sergeant Signal Service U. S. A.

River Telegrams.

WHEELING, W. VA., May 19.—River 8 ft. 6 in., falling. Departed—Diurnal, Parkersburg, 12 m.; down, George Stone; up, Venture and Veteran No. 2. Locals on time. Weather cool and rainy.

CAIRO, ILL., May 19.—Arrived: Commonwealth, St. Louis, 9 p. m.; City of Vicksburg, St. Louis, 10 p. m.; A. J. Baker, St. Louis, 4 a. m.; R. S. Hayes, St. Louis, 11 a. m. Departed: Commonwealth, Vicksburg, 11 p. m.; Baker, Ohio, 9 a. m. Pleasant and cool.

EVANSVILLE, IND., May 19.—River falling; 17 feet 2 inches on the gauge. Arrived: Jumbo, New Orleans, 11 a. m.; Ariadne, Cincinnati, 11 a. m.

MEMPHIS, TENN., May 19.—River falling. Arrived: Andy Brown, Cincinnati; Ida Darragh, Vicksburg. Departed: Storm No. 3, Cairo, 8 a. m.; Centennial, St. Louis, 10 a. m.; clear.

CINCINNATI, May 19.—River 19 feet 2 inches and stationary. Showery and cooler. Arrived: Ohio, Memphis, last night.

PITTSBURG, PA., May 19.—River five feet and falling. Weather cloudy and rainy. Katie Stockdale arrived last night, leaves 5 p. m.

NEW ORLEANS, May 19.—Arrived: Scudder, St. Louis. Departed: Port Eads and barges, St. Louis.

STEAMBOATS.

LOWER MISSISSIPPI.

St. Louis and New Orleans Anchor Line.

UNITED STATES MAIL LINE.

Packets for Natchez, Bayou Sara, Baton Rouge and New Orleans leave Wednesdays and Saturdays.

CITY OF BATON ROUGE........Bixby, Master. Will leave Wednesday, May 21, at 5 p. m.

Packets for Cape Girardeau, Cairo, Hickman, Memphis, Helena, Greenville, Arkansas City and Vicksburg leave Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.

ARKANSAS CITY........Brolaski, Master. Leaves Tuesday, May 20, at 5 p. m.

Packets for Ste. Genevieve, St. Mary's, Chester, Wittenberg and Grand Tower.

Str. E. C. ELLIOTT........Lennox, Master. Leaves Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays, at 4 p. m.

JOHN W. CARROLL, Agent.

St. Louis and Miss. Valley Trans. Co.

FOR NEW ORLEANS.

Str. Sidney Dillon and barges leaves Thursday, May 22, at 4 p. m. For freight rates to New Orleans and Texas apply to

JAMES P. BURDEAU, Agent.

FOR UPPER MISSISSIPPI.

DIAMOND JO LINE.

Fine Passenger and Freight Steamers, for Hannibal, Quincy, Keokuk, Muscatine, Rock Island, Davenport, Dubuque, McGregor, La Crosse, Winona, Red Wing and St. Paul.

SIDNEY........Best, Master. Leaves Tuesday, May 20, at 4 p. m.

Str. PITTSBURG........Killeen, Master. Leaves Thursday, May 22, at 4 p. m.

Str. MARY MORTON........Boland, Master. Leaves Saturday, May 24, at 4 p. m.

For freight, passage or information, apply to ISAAC P. LUSK, Agent. Wharfboat, foot of Washington avenue.

FOR ALTON AND GRAFTON.

Str. SPREAD EAGLE, Henry Leyhe, Master, leaves daily at 3 p. m.

JENKINS & SASS, Agents.

MISSOURI RIVER.

For Portland, Jefferson City, Rochefort, Boonville, Cambridge, Miami, Waverly, Lexington, Kansas City, and all way landings.

STEAMER MONTANA.

Geo. G. Keith, commander; J. I. Larie, clerk. Leaves Wednesday, May 21, at 5 p. m. From Star Line Wharfboat. No freight received until Monday. JENKINS & SASS and L. F. D'ARCAMBAL, Agents, No. 208 North Commercial. Telephone 394.

For Sandy Hook, Providence, Wolf's Point, Rockport, Arrow Rock, and intermediate points. VIA MO. PACIFIC R. R. AND BOONVILLE. For through rates and bills of lading apply to Contracting Freight Office, 13 North Third street.

JOHN J. O'CONNOR, Commercial Agent.

FOR EXCURSIONS!

LARGEST, FINEST AND FASTEST EXCURSION VESSEL ON WESTERN WATERS.

The side-wheel palace steamer

CHARLES MORGAN

Is now open for charter; is 267 feet long and furnished with every modern convenience. beautiful, full length cabin, handsomely [illegible] For terms and dates apply to F. F. MARION, Pres., 408 N. Levee or to JENKINS & SASS, 208 N. Commercial st.

St. Louis Post-Dispatch,

PUBLISHED BY

THE DISPATCH PUBLISHING CO.

JOSEPH PULITZER, President.

[Entered at the Post Office at St. Louis, Mo., as second-class mail matter.]

TERMS OF THE DAILY.

One year, postage paid	$9 00
Six months	4 50
Three months	2 25
One month	85
One month (delivered by carrier.)	65
By the week (delivered by carrier)	15

Subscribers who fail to receive their paper regularly will confer a favor on us by reporting the same to this office by postal card.

THE WEEKLY.

One year, postage paid	$1 00
Six months, postage paid	60

All business or news letters or telegrams should be addressed: POST-DISPATCH, 515 and 517 Market street.

MONDAY, MAY 19, 1884.

AMUSEMENTS THIS EVENING.

GRAND—"Burr Oaks."
STANDARD—"Cyclones."
EDWARDS' THEATER COMIQUE.—Variety Olio.
GREGORY'S DIME MUSEUM—Colored Baby Show.
MATINEES TO-MORROW.
UNION GROUNDS—St. Louis Unions vs. Boston.

BEFORE going any further with this cable idea the Municipal Assembly ought to find out if MAXON approves of it. If MAXON objects, of course, we want to give it up.

THE panic is over and Wall street returns to its normal occupation of stock gambling. When the Wall street broker reads that the panic has been a terrible warning against gambling he smiles inwardly and winks visibly.

THE the call for the abolition of option trading has been a failure, but the signers to it should not be discouraged. Let them sign a petition to abolish the telegraph and the railroad and then business will be put on its proper basis.

THE religious enthusiasts of Water Valley, Mississippi, yesterday undertook to convert a Mormon missionary by pouring buckets of tar on his head. One would think that a Christian missionary would have a fine opportunity in that neighborhood.

THE Mexican Congress has authorized the President to borrow thirty million dollars. This is very kind. All that is wanted now is to authorize somebody to lend the money. It is believed that Mexico would be willing to borrow three hundred millions, and would not quarrel about the rate of interest.

THE BENNETT-MACKAY cable is expected to reach land on this side during the present week, and then we shall have something like competition in cable rates. It remains to be seen whether BENNETT will hold out in his refusal to sell out, combine, consolidate, or otherwise follow the precedent of cable companies.

THE suddenness with which the panic came to an end suggests that its work has not been well done and that a great many of the victims of mistaken speculation have escaped, or, at least, postponed the sentence of bankruptcy. These may be expected to drop off one by one, but the country is to be congratulated that their disappearance will take place quietly.

WE are pained to learn that our distinguished citizen, JOHN H. MAXON, is suffering from overwork. He devoted all of Saturday afternoon to his benevolent purpose of terrorizing the little newsboys and keeping them away from his bob-tail cars, and the strain was too much for his gigantic intellect. His mania takes the form of believing that he owns the whole earth.

WE beg to remind our readers who may be contemplating their customary pilgrimages to the summer resorts, to bear in mind that the most potent aid to health and happiness is that peaceful and contented frame of mind which results from the daily perusal of a good newspaper, and that the POST-DISPATCH will be sent to any address, upon notice given at this office, at our usual rates.

THE purchasers of the condemned receiving ship Colorado bought her with $25,000 worth of uncondemned Government ordnance stores stowed away in her hold, which reduced her cost to them from $35,000 to $10,000. This is the way the Navy Department does business. This is the way the naval appropriations go. This is why they have enriched so many rings that were engaged in depriving us of a navy. And yet Secretary CHANDLER has the cheek to make a kick against this particular steal when it is too late, pretending that he did not know of the stores in the Colorado when he sold her.

THE French are fond of boasting of their ignorance of the affairs of other nations and the comments of the Parisian press on the Wall street news certainly justifies the boast. The *Gaulois* says "Every eleven years New York has a krach," and it complacently ignores such events as the panic of '68 and of '57. The *Rappel* says "the panic is a trump card for TILDEN, HANCOCK and their friends, evidently supposing that HANCOCK is a political leader of the Democracy." The Parisian editor evidently has as little acquaintance with American politics as the American politician has with honesty.

MRS. JULIA COLSON of 3304 State street, Chicago, wrote on a card the words, "Bury me with Jip," and then, locking herself in her room, turned on the gas. Barely in time to restore her to life her husband and son found her in a comatose condition some hours after. "Jip" was her lap-dog, which had been condemned and shot for biting a neighbor's little daughter. A woman bereft of her lap-dog and left with nothing but a Chicago husband and son to love, should always be watchfully guarded during the first wild despairing moments of her woe.

A TRIFLING local question, which is, however, worthy of settlement, has arisen between the people of St. Louis and a party by the name of MAXON. The party by the name of MAXON has accumulated a small fortune by packing citizens of St. Louis into his horse-cars, and is under the delusion that as soon as a citizen enters one of those cars he becomes immediately a prisoner of MAXON'S, and enjoys no rights, save such as MAXON thinks good for him. For instance, the average citizen was under the impression that while hanging on to one of MAXON'S straps he was privileged to buy a newspaper if he could get one. But MAXON thinks that it is not for the best interests of the community that the people should rashly and recklessly buy papers on his horse-cars. They may take their papers at their houses or they may buy them from the newsboys at the corner, although we understand MAXON does not approve of this, but they certainly shall buy no papers in the cars if MAXON can prevent it. The question remains unsettled whether MAXON makes the laws for the city or whether the city makes laws for MAXON.

OUR SPRING SUIT.

Following the example of nature and the course of the fashions at this pleasant season of the year, the POST-DISPATCH to-day indulges in a spring suit of type. The dress wherewith we are appareled to-day is of the well-known make of Farmer, Little & Co. of New York. In selecting it, while care was taken to provide for a handsome and attractive appearance, greater thought was given to another consideration which is always paramount in the course of this paper. The new type is a trifle closer than the dress which we used for the last time Saturday. The difference is hardly perceptible to the eye of the casual reader, but it suffices to add between one-sixth and one-seventh to the amount of reading matter which we can place in a column. In other words, the POST-DISPATCH in its new dress will contain about fifteen per cent more reading than heretofore, and our spring suit is not so much a present to our selves as to the good public whose kindly favors we take this occasion to acknowledge.

THE BARTHOLDI NUISANCE.

Is it not about time to withdraw the appeals for the Bartholdi pedestal fund, to close the subscriptions, which are now closing automatically, and to give the public a rest? For two years now, every variation and invention of importunacy and mendicancy have been exhausted in making the American people come down in order that BARTHOLDI'S statue might go up, and by every possible expression of neglect and indifference the American people have said that they did not want to be bothered with it.

BARTHOLDI'S idea was a harmless one originally. As a work of art, his statue is worthless; as a light-house, it is equally worthless. Still, if he could get the people of France to pay for the statue, and if he could get the people of the United States to pay for the pedestal, there was no reason why his whim should not be gratified. But when he makes an appeal to a sentiment which does not exist, and when his mistake is discovered, his attempt sinks to the level of a public nuisance after it has been settled that success is hopeless.

It now appears that, instead of costing a quarter of a million dollars to complete the work, it will take at least $400,000, and perhaps the next estimate will run the cost still higher. The fatal defect in the attempt to collect subscriptions is that no one now has any hope that the full amount will ever be collected, and those who would willingly give to help a success do not care to give a cent toward a predestined failure. The absence of any accounting for funds also leads to the suspicion that agencies, commissions and expenses are eating into the subscriptions.

The business at present is a nuisance; it will soon develop into a scandal and a disgrace. This should not be permitted. The committees all over the country who have had charge of the subscriptions should meet and resign, and the whole business should be closed out—the sooner the better.

THE BUCKET-SHOPS.

After much discussion of the bucket-shop question, that question has come fairly before the people of St. Louis in a manner that promises to dispose of it effectually. It is in reality before the Merchants' Exchange, but that Exchange is, through its vast membership and varied interests, a thoroughly representative body, more truly representative of the public sentiment of St. Louis than any other body capable of giving an expression of opinion.

There need be no false delicacy about describing the bucket-shops as gambling houses. They are nothing else. There is not even the pretense that any real values are handled or that any trade quotations are fixed by them. The transactions consist purely and simply in betting on what the quotations of the regular Exchanges will be, and the bets are all gambling bets. It is as impossible to defend the bucket-shops on the ground that they are not gambling houses as it is to defend them on the ground that they are, like the gambling on 'Change, an inseparable adjunct to legitimate trade.

Instead of being any part of the regular transactions by which the prices and quotations of commodities are regulated all over the world, the bucket-shops are a nuisance and an obstruction. They succeed in combining all the bad features of option trading with none of its advantages. The only reason that could be urged for tolerating them would be that they were necessary evils; when there is no pretense that they are necessary they become simply evils, to be forthwith abolished.

It would not be a great stretch of the powers and functions of Municipal legislation if the Municipal Assembly should refuse to license bucket-shops, or should exercise its powers to license them out of business. But it might be a dangerous exercise of political authority to interfere in any business which claimed a show of legitimacy, and fortunately it is not necessary for the city to interfere. The Merchants' Exchange has it in its power to abolish bucket-shops in this city by simply refusing to furnish them with their capital. It not only has the opportunity to do this but it has the urgency of a very strong pressure from the Chicago Chamber of Commerce, calling on it to unite in an effort to abolish these gambling adjuncts to our regular trading bodies, and when such an opportunity is presented the conservative and respectable business interests represented by our Exchange should not hesitate to act.

UNEQUAL TAXATION.

With sixty-three miles of increased mileage our State Board of Equalization has added only two millions to its valuation of the railroad, telegraph and bridge property in the State, making the total $42,000,000. Compared with the stock and bonds upon which these properties are paying liberal returns, this assessment is ridiculously low. In a letter to to the Board, the State Railroad Commissioners estimated the cash value at $105,000,000. If the farms and other real estate of Missouri were assessed so much below their cash value or taxed so low in proportion to their net earnings, the treasury would soon be bankrupt.

But the mighty organized influence of the railroads and other great moneyed corporations is shifting more and more of the burdens of government upon the farms of the country, the real estate of cities and those forms of personal property like horses, cattle and industrial implements, which, being the visible means of support of the great laboring and producing masses, cannot escape taxation. The richer a commonwealth becomes the greater is the proportion of its wealth that takes the form of personal property, and especially those forms of it which elude the assessor and defy the tax-gatherer. In the last ten years the assessed valuation of real estate in New York has been increased one-third, yet her personal property assessed for taxation now is $132,000,000 less than it was ten years ago.

The worst of it is that the brunt of the increased taxation of real estate falls more and more upon the cities, and especially upon the small residence properties of the comparatively poor. Not only is such property taxed at its full cash value in St. Louis, but often at more than it can be sold for. One-half of all the real estate taxes in the great State of New York falls upon the two cities of New York and Brooklyn. Only one-fourth of the whole falls upon rural real estate, while the other three-fourths are collected from city real estate owners. The population of that State is about evenly divided between city and country, but there, as in Missouri, the tendency is to put the whole burden upon real estate, and especially upon the small owners in cities, who seem to be the most helpless victims of a grossly iniquitous system of assessment and taxation. What they owe for their property is not deducted from the assessment. They have to pay State and municipal taxes on the full value, and whatever tax is levied on the mortgage also comes out of their pockets ultimately.

THE proverb that "a burnt child dreads the fire," is not verified by the theological infant of the *Globe-Democrat*, who returneth Sunday morning to the fire of controversy wherein he was scorched of a Saturday. If his theology is lame his English is blind. He says:

> The POST-DISPATCH, quoting from Cruden's Concordance, said that Ezekiel passed judgment upon the Prince of Tyrus. We replied that Ezekiel passed no judgment upon the Prince of Tyrus, but was merely a medium for conveying the judgment of the Lord.

In the first place Cruden's Concordance, which is a most valuable work, and one of great utility to the religious editor, does not mention the Prince of Tyrus, but merely gives chapter and verse for reference. In the next place our learned but mistaken contemporary seems to be under the delusion that when we speak of Ezekiel passing judgment, we ascribe to Ezekiel a function which was really that of the Lord. Now, Webster's Dictionary, which is also a most valuable work, and one of great utility to the religious and irreligious editor, defines the active verb, "to pass," thus: "To give forth; to utter; to pronounce; to deliver by word; to make orally." The judgment passed upon the Prince of Tyrus was, indeed, the judgment of the Lord, but it was not the Lord who gave it forth, or who uttered it, or pronounced it, or delivered it by word, or made it orally, for this was done by Ezekiel, as we said. The plain meaning of common English words should not be hard to understand by one whose trade is to deal in words, but it appears that in the dictionary, as in the Bible, there are things hard to understand which the unlearned and unstable wrest to their own destruction.

THE report of the House Judiciary Committee in regard to the "Backbone" land grant may be entitled to a great deal of respect. But it is not a judicial decision, and each member of the House must decide the question for himself and vote accordingly. Even if the conclusions of the committee are correct, they apply only to cases wherein, with the tacit acquiescence of Congress, a land grant has been transferred by the grantees to another company and the latter's road has been accepted by the Interior Department and the grant patented under the official orders of the Attorney General. It was the delay of Congress in declaring this grant forfeited that enabled Senator BARNUM and Attorney-General BREWSTER to perfect this "Backbone" swindle and to fortify it with technical safeguards, which the Judiciary Committee pronounce conclusive and insurmountable. But fortunately the cunning rascality has not progressed so far in the case of the Texas Pacific and other large unearned grants which the land grabbers and land monopolists are after. In all such cases Congress should give the public domain the benefit of all reasonable doubts on points of law, declare the forfeiture and leave all mooted questions of law to the courts.

AN article in the North American *Review* for June treats of the monopolies that exist in this country, and of the ways in which they are formed and perpetuated. When the president of the Reading Railroad was questioned by a Pennsylvania legislative committee about combinations to put up the price of coal, he pleaded in justification that fifty trades were doing the same thing. A committee of manufacturers had fixed the price of every pound of rope used in raising coal. Associations of manufacturers had fixed the price of every keg of nails, every paper of tacks, every gross of screws, every dozen of picks, spades or hammers, and every pound of blasting powder. The fact is, as Mr. HEWITT alleges, that our tariff enables our mill owners to combine against their employes and consumers, and at the same time renders trade unions of workingmen far less powerful in this country than they are in England.

A New Party Needed.

From the Kansas City Star.

No party can hold power in this country which persists in collecting war taxes in time of peace. If neither of the existing parties has the courage to reduce taxation a new party will come into existence to do this work. The Whigs and the Democrats were afraid to tackle the slavery question, and had to give way to the Republicans, who absorbed the larger portion of the brains, the conscience and the courage of the two old parties. The protective tariff is to-day to the country what the system of African slavery was thirty years ago. The attitude of the existing parties toward it is similar to that of the Whigs and Democrats as to slavery in 1852. The Democracy, although pro-slavery in its general leanings, contained many anti-slavery members. The Whigs, as a party, were hostile to slavery, but there was a large element among them who favored the peculiar institution. To-day the Democratic party is against protection to about the same extent that the Whigs were against slavery. The Republican party is a pro-tariff party, just as the ante-bellum Democracy was a pro-slavery party, but it numbers among its members a multitude of revenue reformers. If the tariff issue splits the Democratic party it will just as certainly split the Republican party as well, and a new organization will be the result, which will absorb the larger part of the intellect, the culture and the conscience of the country, and which, with the energy of youth and the inspiration of a noble purpose, will accomplish its mission of freeing the American people from their second slavery.

What Gould Has Done.

From the New York Times, (Rep.)

Undoubtedly Jay Gould is as perfect a specimen of the modern financial adventurer, with plenty of brains, no conscience, and (probably) much money, as can be found. His methods for years past have been as bad as they well could be. His cool violation of every trust, his calculated and unscrupulous enticement of the public to investment or speculation in worthless securities, his deliberate gutting of corporate property by the abuse of his powers as trustee, his cunning employment of legal forms for purposes of substantial robbery, his "rigging" of the stock market, and his cynical indifference to every consideration of justice and fair business principles are, and for years have been, among the most powerful of the forces that have debauched a large portion of the business community of the country. His career is, as thousands of people are saying, a scandal and a shame to the nation. The helplessness of the law to bring him to account, the impunity with which he has committed a long series of gigantic operations that in point of morality are no better than the petty operations of the bunco-steerer, are matters for which every American citizen may well blush. But the blush will not be the lighter if we stop to reflect that this wily man would have been utterly harmless if he had not had the unprincipled greed of his fellow-citizens as the basis of his operations, and had not been countenanced, supported, and, in a sense, justified by active and direct association with men whom the community believed they had a right to trust.

No Protection for the Farmer.

Speech of Milo White (Rep.), of Minnesota, in House of Representatives.

Now, bless your innocent souls, every farmer among us knows that we get just what dealers can pay for wheat, basing the price on Liverpool, deducting freight, elevator charges, interest, insurance, commissions, a fair margin, etc. You from the East come to Chicago and buy what you want in the open market, and pay no more than the relative Liverpool value. The same is true of pork, beef and corn, and if you do use 90 per cent of all our produce you do not of our great staple, wheat. So we who do the hardest of the work get the least pay, wear the poorest clothes and pay the highest price for all we buy. Give us cheaper goods and we will give you cheaper provisions; make your goods a little cheaper and you can sell in other lands. You cannot do so now. We furnish you with the best breadstuffs in the wold, and cheaper than the English manufacturer gets them. We are doing our share to enable you to send your goods to Mexico and to South America.

Why is This?

From a Lecture by Henry George.

Is not, the world over, "the working class" synonymous with "the poor class?" But we are used to this, and if we were not it would be strange. Supposing there were to come to you to-night some one from another sphere, and you were to endeavor to explain how we got along down here, how by our own labor we have to build houses and find food. All we have from nature is the raw material, and work produces all we require and all we have. Suppose you were to take that celestial visitor through your city and show him your Fifth avenue. He would say, "This must be the workingman's quarter," and when you came down to the tenement districts he would say, "This is where the idle people live." How would you explain it to him? How would you account for the fact that those who don't work possess all the advantages which you stated were the direct results of labor?

The Safe Ones.

From the Chicago Herald.

Both C. P. Huntington and Charles Crocker of the Central Pacific Syndicate, hasten to deny that the failure of Fisk & Hatch was either caused by or could affect their interests in any way. Of course not. The Central Pacific securities, which hastened Fisk & Hatch's downfall, long ago passed out of the hands of Huntington & Crocker. Those worthies unloaded the stock more than a year ago at from 95 downward, and now the dear public, Fisk & Hatch included, own it at 35. Any failure caused by Central Pacific cannot touch the Central Pacific syndicate, for they own nothing connected with it save the first mortgage bonds, which are securely locked up in their vaults, and are not on the market. The poor fellows who are hurt by the fall in Pacific Railway stocks are those upon whom it was quickly unloaded when the late boom was in full blast.

If Gould Should Go.

From the Boston Herald.

If Jay Gould should be "ground exceeding fine," in the slow-grinding mills of the patient gods, it would do more for the cause of business sobriety and morality than all the sermons that can be preached, and all the editorials that can be printed between now and A. D. 1900.

POLITICAL DRIFT.

BRISTOW will speak for Arthur at the business men's meeting in New York.

IF Mr. Tilden intends to decline the nomination he may as well begin to write his letter.

MR. BLAINE is going home to Augusta this week, "to get out of the political whirlpool," as he says.

GOVERNOR ADAMS of Nevada predicts that the Democrats can carry that State on a low tariff issue.

FIVE of the six Democratic Congressmen from Michigan are in favor of Carlisle's nomination for President.

THE Blaine men say that Robert Lincoln can afford to wait. Jeems can't afford to, but he has had some experience in that line and may have more.

SENATOR SHERMAN says that his brother, the General, is likely to make a public declaration before the convention meets, reiterating his determination not to be a candidate.

CONGRESSMAN PAIGE of Cleveland visited Gramercy Park last week, and on his return to Washington announced unequivocally that Tilden will be nominated and will accept. "Then," he added, "we can all go fishing and let the campaign run itself."

THE Democratic Conventions for the election of delegates to the National Convention have begun, and the voice of everybody is strong for the old ticket.

NEWSPAPERS whose editors have been elected delegates to the Republican National Convention are now doing the straddle act.

PROFESSOR SUMNER, the free-trade doctrinaire of Yale, says that the fate of the Morrison bill is "only an incidental collision in the irrepressible conflict."

AT a recent meeting of the Young Men's Democratic League in Fremont, Ohio, the home of Hayes, that distinguished reformer was denounced in a resolution as a "monumental fraud."

THE anti-monopolists have nominated Ben Butler for the Presidency, and adopted a platform that demands the "fostering care of Government" for about everything under the sun.

TARIFF reform Democrats at the East claim that protectionist Bourbons are using Tilden's name as a cloak for the purpose of securing the election of high tariff delegates to the National Convention.

PROFESSOR SUMNER, the Yale free-trader, predicts that the Republicans will next winter make a great reduction in the tariff, just as in 1877, after a bloody-shirt campaign, their first step was to withdraw their troops from the South.

MANY of the Democratic brethren in Congress are not on friendly terms. Randall and Dorsheimer do not speak to each other, Randall and Hewitt do not speak to each other, Randall and Blount do not speak, Randall and Cobb do not speak, Hewitt and Belmont do not speak, Cox and Dorsheimer do not speak, Cox and Belmont do not speak, Dorsheimer and Waldo Hutchins do not speak.

MEN OF MARK.

CHARLES O'CONOR just before his death paid the whole debt of Nantucket town.

SENATOR EDMUNDS is the owner of the largest tombstone manufactory in Vermont.

CAMPANINI vows that he will never sing again. This looks like the beginning of a ten-year series of farewell concerts.

GEN. TOM BRADY of Star Route fame is said to have lost $100,000 by the suspension of Fisk & Hatch.

WERE Mr. John Ruskin to visit the Hebrides he would "rather meet a blackheaded gull than either the Lord of the Isles or Dr. Johnson."

MR. THORN and Mr. Torrence, New Yorkers, owned two of the winning horses in the races of the Parc de la Marche, near St. Cloud, on Wednesday.

MR. RUPP, editor of the Eau Claire (Wis.) Democrat, has been left $1,000,000 by his uncle, the lately deceased New York millionaire of that name.

MR. JOHN C. ENO, the former president of the Second National Bank of New York, was an uncommonly talented bank officer. His defalcation amounted to $4,000,000.

CHARLES O'CONOR'S fine estate on North Shore, including his fire-proof library building, will pass by bequest into the hands of the Roman Catholics of Nantucket.

BUCK GRANT'S operations in Wall street cost Senator Chaffee nearly $3,000,000. Marrying into the Grant family is the highest of worldly honors, but it comes pretty steep.

MR. WILBUR F. STOREY, who started two papers and resuscitated one, was a country postmaster and a Shakespearean apothecary before he acquired and recreated the Chicago Times.

WARD blames Fish for all the trouble, and Fish blames Ward. The Grants blames both, and the creditors blame the Grants. Among all hands the only man suspected of having anything left is Ward.

ALGERNON WEBB, the heir to Byron's mansion of Newstead Abbey, lately committed suicide at Cambridge, England. The estate passed into his father's hands from those of Col. Wildman, to whom it was sold by Byron.

LAST Christmas President Fish, of the defunct Marine Bank, gave each of his three daughters $50,000 in money. As he has since failed for several millions he will be able to do better by them next Christmas.

J. W. DREXEL, the New York banker; Senator Arkell; W. J. Arkell, the railway man; and John A. Sleicher, of newspaper fame, became the directors of the Albany Journal, now newly incorporated, with $140,000 capital.

HENRY IRVING'S two sons, Henry and Lawrence, give some promise of success on the stage, and lately have appeared with much applause as the two Surfaces in "The School for Scandal," in an amateur charity performance at Kensington.

IT is thrown in the teeth of Queen Victoria that she was altogether too sensitive over the alleged morganatic marriage of Louis of Hesse, since she selected as a husband for her daughter Helena Prince Christian, who already had a morganatic wife and family in Germany.

THE METROPOLITAN PRESS.

What the Editors of the New York Journals Are Saying To-Day.

By Telegraph to the Post-Dispatch.

NEW YORK, May 19.—The WORLD says: "When Grant stepped from the Presidency into a swindling broker's office, which obtained money from victims on false pretences, which sought to impress the belief in its solvency upon its customers by pretending to be interested in heavy Government contracts, and which used securities intrusted to its keeping, is it any wonder that the Fishes, Enoses, Hatches and Seneys came into existence?"

THE SUN.

The Sun says: "If Zach Chandler were living he would be the right man for Chairman of the Republican National Committee. As Zach Chandler is dead the right man is Stephen W. Dorsey of New Mexico."

THE TIMES.

The Times says: "We commend to the 'business men' who are engaged in getting Mr. Arthur nominated at Chicago the consideration of the question now being seriously discussed at Washington, viz: 'If he be nominated can he be elected?' Some of the gentlemen referred to are not acquainted with traffic in 'futures' and with the extraordinary risks it involves. They would do well to reflect on the probable demand before they invest very largely in Mr. Arthur for November delivery."

THE TRIBUNE.

The Tribune says: "If financial disorder spreads to the great branches of industry the Democrats will learn to their sorrow what the voters think about them. That the disorder will so spread seems altogether improbable, and, for once, patriots and Democratic demagogues can both thank heaven for the same escape; the patriot because the country is not to suffer and the Democrat because the folly of his party has not quite extinguished its chances."

THE PEOPLE'S FORUM.

Where the Readers of the Post-Dispatch Find a Hearing.

ST. LOUIS, May 19, 1884.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

Can you or any of your readers inform me the origin of the following lines:

"Hush-a-by, baby, on the tree top,
When the wind blows the cradle will rock;
When the bough breaks the cradle will fall—
Down comes the baby, cradle and all."

Years ago I saw it stated in some newspaper or magazine that they were written upon American soil by an English lady, and that their composition was prompted upon first seeing the North American Indians place their children in hammock-like cradles suspended between the boughs of trees. Not only this, but that it was supposed to be the first four lines of English poetry ever written upon the American continent. Yesterday "Johannes Factotum," who assumes to know as much about the origin of doggerel and wise saws as the editor of the Globe-Democrat does about religion and the bible, proceeds in the columns of that paper to assign for said lines an entirely different origin. He says the lines have been traced to the reign of Henry VI., and alludes to the battle of Barnet, which was fought in 1471, and in which the great Earl of Warwick was killed. It was in this occult way that the popular sentiment of England expressed its idea of the "Last of the Barons," whose power was typified as the "wind," while the "bough" was the House of Lancaster; the "baby," of course, being the son of Henry VI., killed by the cruel Duke of Gloster after the battle of Tewksbury." The question is one of no great consequence, but I would like to have some one else's opinion upon it before consenting to this "occult" origin.

XERXES.

The Bible in the Church.

ST. LOUIS, May 18, 1884.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

A gentleman writing in your columns a few days since in regard to the Papal Bull denouncing Free Masonry says that every lodge has a copy of the Bible, which he has never seen in a Catholic Church. This is a virtual admission that he has never been in a Catholic Church during divine service, or else a betrayal of a strong prejudice on his part against Catholicism; for a copy of God's Holy Word is always upon the altar during the celebration of Mass, and the gospel and epistle are read therefrom daily.

A CATHOLIC.

ANSWERS TO CORRESPONDENTS.

TED—Have not the pedigrees; many of them are of Irish descent.

FISHER—The St. Louis and Cairo Railroad has made no announcement as yet. Write to Chas. Hamilton, superintendent, Fourth and Olive.

SUBSCRIBER—St. Louis has 22 steam fire engines and 2 chemicals. One steam engine is a reserve, leaving 21 in active service. Chicago has 35 steam fire engines and five chemical engines.

Like a Leech.

From the Philadelphia Record.

A protective tariff is like a leech—it has a sucker at both ends of it. With one end it sucks up the substance of the people for the benefit of the Treasury; with the other it depletes productive industries in order to sustain unproductive industries.

A Wise Precaution.

From the Courier-Journal.

The New York bankers should see to it that a law is at once passed prohibiting street processions. The mania that seizes a bank depositor to join a procession in times of financial peril has made life a burden to many a banker.

Knows How it Is.

From the Philadelphia Call.

Miss Ella Wheeler in her maiden-days sung:

I will love the man whom my soul reveres,
And kiss him blue with a fiery yearn.

Poor Wilcox! No doubt he feels pretty blue by this time.

Too Much Salary.

From the Cincinnati Commercial Gazette.

It seems incredible that a railroad man like Jewett, drawing a salary of $40,000 a year, should permit the Erie Railroad to be involved to the extent of near $2,000,000 with Ward & Grant and the Marine National Bank.

A Chivalric Motto.

From the Paris Morning News.

One of the men arrested for a recent assassination committed just beyond the fortifications is curiously tatooed on all parts of the body. On one arm he bears this elegant device: "Death to the Police."

An Excellent Idea.

From the Philadelphia Press.

New York should get up a slugging match for the benefit of the Bartholdi Pedestal Fund. There's more money in it than there is in a strawberry festival.

Willing But Afraid.

From the Burlington Free Press.

An exchange says: "Strawberries are now within the reach of all." That's so, but who wants to go to jail just for stealing a little box of sour strawberries.

Profanity Avoided.

From the Cincinnati Enquirer.

"Where shall I go?" exclaims Senator Eaton in a Civil Service speech. The Senator will have to excuse us. Bad language is forbidden in this paper.

Confession and Apology.

From the Luling (Tex.) Signal.

Our editor has been seriously indisposed for several days, and looks like a cotton-stalk nipped by the late frost. Too much politics and picnic.

As Lambs Follow the Bell-Wether.

From the Baltimore American.

The financial walls of Wall street seem to be of the bricks-set-in-a-circle order. Knock one over and they all tumble.

In the Hands of His Friends.

From the New Haven Register.

Mr. Eaton should feel better. He has been publicly indorsed by eleven good Republicans in his district.

Flagellation, Fame and Hard Cash.

From the New York Star.

Billy Edwards looked blue and felt sore all over yesterday. Still the beating was cheap at $7,000.

Cared For.

From the Philadelphia Call.

General Grant is not so bad off. He has grown sons to care for him in his old age.

Precisely.

From the Burlington Hawkeye.

Mr. Randall made as good a Republican speech as one would care to hear.

Too Withered to Last till Then.

From the Chicago News.

Mr. Flower's boom might be used for Decoration Day purposes.

WAR A BOUTTE LEPHONES.

The West End Stirred up Over a Grievance —A Petition Prepared.

The patrons of the telephone company in the vicinity of Leffingwell and Washington avenues have worked up a lively feeling of indignation at the company's restrictions upon those who use the instruments. A short time ago the order wen forth from the main office that nobody should use the telephonesin that locality unless he was connected with the store from which the message was to be sent. This had an injurious effect upon the druggists' business especially, and the annoyance became so great that it was considered that there was only one of two things to do—have the 'phones taken out or the order modified. It was argued that, inasmuch as the benefits of the telephone to each druggist personally is very small, and that they only pay for its use for the sake of their patrons, the rule is an imposition. Doctors near their store cannot communicate with anybody, and if a person is dangerously sick and in immediate need of a physician, no call can be made over the wire, but a messenger must be dispatched, consuming valuable time. This is a specimen of the conversations that have taken place recently:

"Hello."

"Tell Dr. Blank that his services are immediately required at No. ——." Here the parties were disconnected and all further information prevented. A prominent druggist alleges that this arbitrary curtailing of privileges nearly proved fatal to a prominent married lady of the West End a few nights ago. She was suddenly taken with a violent bleeding and the family physician was telephoned for, but the summons being as abruptly terminated as the above, she was compelled to wait till he was notified by messenger. When he reached the house the lady was rapidly sinking, and was with difficulty restored, whereas, had the telephone message reached him all danger could have been easily averted. Ladies who have been accustomed to go into the drug stores and converse with their husbands at their offices down town have been summarily switched off, and nearly all the old customs must now be more honored in the breach than in the observance. A few days ago a petition was signed by patrons who subscribe $1,400 to the company, stating that the objectionable law must be abolished or out go the instruments. It has not yet been presented, but, as it includes druggists, doctors and liverymen, they expect it will have a beneficial effect. Said a druggist in the proscribed region to a POST-DISPATCH reporter this morning: "The milk in the cocoanut is caused by the fact that the Company wants every drug store to become a public station, charging ten cents a message. We have been told that if we would add $30 to our annual subscription of $100 we would be allowed to charge. We said we were not in the telephone business, and expected that our patrons could have our privilege. They complained that the girls did too much useless talking with their beaux down town, but that has been stopped a long while and only business conversation has been allowed over our wires. Why, every now and then parties rush in here to call up the POST-DISPATCH office and are immediately cut off as soon as it is discovered we are not talking. One druggist right near a telephone messenger station has been told to 'let the speaker go over to the station and pay 10 cents if he wants to talk.' Yes, it seems to me as if the company wants to either get us into the telephone business or make our patrons pay money to the office around the corner."

MR. W. C. STEIGERS

Will call on merchants wishing to contract for advertising in the POST-DISPATCH.

MINNESOTA.

A Glance at the Northwestern Summer Resorts.

Lake Minnetonka—St. Paul and Minneapolis—Attractive Spots—Conveniences and Advantages.

LAKE MINNETONKA, MINN., May 15.—The exceptional growth of the great Northwest of our country and the causes contributing thereto will always be a source of interesting study and instruction to people of a more conservative business and social temperament. A candid judgment, founded upon a various and general intercourse with the Northwestern people, will discover much to commend and much to condemn. The foremost trait which characterizes this country throughout its elements might be styled "newness." Many excellent people, representatives of the old stock of the East, and some of the South, among whom may be mentioned the distinguished engineer, Gen. Rosser of Confederate fame, are to be found here. Nevertheless, the great mass of the population is essentially democratic and thoroughly imbued with the assertive spirit so commonly found among a newly-risen people, which may be forcibly expressed by saying that "the gentleman who knocks for admission at my front door to-day is the hired man of yesterday fresh from the stable." The progress of years alone will mould a proper social structure out of heterogeneous foreign and native elements. The vigor here manifested in the conduct of business affairs is wholly deserving of praise, and something of the "snap" which has signalized and promoted the growth of Chicago is to be witnessed in the cities of St. Paul and Minneapolis, the future one metropolis of the Northwest. The well-known cause of the sudden uprising of a vast center of population of 200,000 inhabitants—I speak of the twin cities as one—undoubtedly lies in the exceeding fertility of the circumjacent cereal producing country, where the farmer "tickles the face of the earth and it smiles with golden harvests." Passing in review the many points of local interest, St. Paul will be observed to differ materially from Minneapolis in aspect, and bears the impress of an older settlement. Many railroads center in St. Paul and enter a Union Depot of eligible size and situation. The industrial pursuits are mercantile rather than manufacturing, and a prodigious wholesale trade is carried on with the far Western points. Many fine homes are to be found here, and especially upon St. Anthony's Hill, overlooking the river. A beautiful prospect is to be had both up and down the river, but not so fine as may be seen from Fort Snelling. Fort Snelling is situated upon a bold promontory, about four miles above St. Paul at the confluence of the Minnesota and Mississippi Rivers. To the rear stretches a broad prairie where is held the annual army rifle practice of the department of the Dakota. At the front, however, delightful river scenery opens upon the vision, and here the promontory falls sheer to the water's edge, excepting a single projecting ledge of rock, along which runs the Milwaukee Railroad, hugging the side of the cliff. A very interesting feature is the old stone round tower, constructed as a defense against the Indians; but time has wrought changes in its use, and it now serves only as a resting place for pigeons, which have free access through the embrasures intended for musketry. I next pass on a mile and a half up stream to the beautiful waterfall of Minnehaha. This spot truly can boast no claim to imposing grandeur, but it is in all things very pleasing to the eye, and well deserving of poetic mention. Alas! that I can no longer speak of the once splendid Falls of St. Anthony! They are intimately associated with childhood's recollections of the day when prairie chickens abounded in the neighborhood of the then hamlet of Minneapolis. But the graceful splendor of this fall of water has since been changed from a thing of beauty into one of power and furnishes the motive power to the many mills of the greatest flouring center of the world. These mills have a capacity of turning out 29,000 barrels of flour daily, and of a quality which vies with that of St. Louis. A massive viaduct of stone has been recently completed across the river at the foot of the falls and leads into a Union Depot about to be erected for the accommodation of the various railroads centering in Minneapolis. One enterprise of vast commercial importance to the city, and which is a direct blow at Chicago supremacy, is the projected railroad to the Sault St. Marie. This route shortens the distance to the seaboard 140 miles and will divert much of the grain trade from the old beaten path via Chicago. At the head of this enterprise stand the Hon. W. D. Washburn of the well known family of that name, every member of which has achieved so much honorable distinction. Mr. Washburn maintains the family tradition as a man of ability and wealth, and is possessed of those energetic traits of character which contribute to the success of grand enterprises and the building up of cities. The investment in buildings for the past year amounted to $10,000,000, and among new improvements under way or nearly completed may be mentioned the Union Depot, a commodious Chamber of Commerce, a Government post-office and the West Hotel. In the closing lines of this letter I shall touch upon the many attractions found in and about the blue waters and shaded banks of the peerless Lake Minnetonka! This lake consists of two general divisions, the upper and lower lakes, of a total length of eighteen miles and an estimated shore line of 200 miles. The surrounding timber growth consists of magnificent specimens of linden, elm, oak and sugar maple, and to this background of forest, setting off the bright blue water, is to be attributed much of the peculiar attraction possessed by the lake for the weather worn and weary victims of a hot southern sun and radiating brick and mortar. Here the wasted body gains renewed strength while one enjoys the refreshing shade of a grand old maple and, stretching his limbs on the green grass, surveys the sparkling water over which the fleeting shadows come and go. The more active will find ample employment in boating or casting the line for fish. Fish still abound in quantity and are of superior size and flesh; chiefly may be mentioned pickerel, black bass, rock bass, croppy and pumpkin seed. Yachting is a favorite pastime and the various regattas excite the enthusiasm and emulation of the spirited young men of the cities, some of whom have imported fast sailing yachts of fine model and staunch build from the East. Of steamboats there are too many on the lake and they vary in size from the palatial steamers, Belle Minnetonka and City of St. Louis to the diminutive family steam-yacht. Of hotels for the accommodation of the thousands resorting hither may be prominently mentioned three: The prodigious Hotel Lafayette, of a capacity of 800 people, is constructed upon a grand scale of magnificent proportions, and, being sumptuously furnished throughout, is well suited for the entertainment of the Army of the Tennessee, which will meet here in July. It is, however, unfortunately situated and exposed to a severe sun. The Lake Park Hotel is a favorite resort for the people of Minneapolis, well located and deservedly popular. Hotel St. Louis, operated under the personal supervision of Mr. Charles Scudder of our city, is the chief place of sojourn for the many tourists of the South. This hotel has deservedly enjoyed an enviable name for the social station and refined character of its people, and is peculiarly agreeable to Southern visitors by reason of its spacious sleeping apartments. The grounds are rolling, well improved and covered with a fine growth of timber; the views are fine, and from one point may be seen the distant blue hills of the Minnesota River. Superb drives lead into the adjacent country, one of them to the Lyndale Springs, the water of which has been carefully analyzed and pronounced purer than that of the Waukesha.

F. G.

A LIFETIME IN PRISON.

The Outlook for a Charleston, W. Va., Mail Robber and Pension Agent.

CHARLESTON, W. VA., May 19.—George J. Williams, who has been working as a pension agent and at mail robbing in Nicholas County, this State, and who obtained in this fraudulent manner about ten thousand dollars, was to-day found guilty in the United States District Court in session here. Williams is well educated and thoroughly posted in pension and postal laws. There are eight other indictments against him. When all the cases against him are tried he will probably serve the balance of his life in prison.

A Violent Rain Storm.

By Telegraph to the Post-Dispatch.

SHELBYVILLE, ILL., May 19.—One of the most violent rain storms ever witnessed here passed over this section of the State yesterday afternoon. It was accompanied with deafening roars of thunder and blinding flashes of lightning, and followed by a shower of hail which slightly damaged growing fruit. Corn planting, which had just been vigorously resumed after the cessation of rainy weather, is again suspended.

Nominated for the Legislature.

By Telegraph to the Post-Dispatch.

MT. CARMEL, ILL., May 19.—Wm. R. Wilkinson was nominated for Representative by the Republicans Saturday. There were three candidates in the field, and of course considerable opposition. His majority will be small.

Boston's City Debt.

BOSTON, May 19.—The city debt for the year ending April 30th is $43,277,670; an increase of nearly $2,000,000 last year.

COTE BRILLIANTE HANDICAPS.

The Weights to Be Carried at the Coming Meeting.

Programme of the St. Louis Driving Club—Base-Ball Games on Saturday and Sunday—Diamond Chips and Sporting Sundries.

The official announcements of the handicaps in the coming running meeting at Cote Brilliante are as follows:

In the turf cash handicap distance one mile and a furlong, in the coming meeting of the St. Louis Jockey Club, the following weights will be carried by the entries: Force, 6, 120; Brad, 6, 116; Pearl Jennings, 5, 114; Lute Fogle, 5, 114; Wedding Day, 6, 112; Freeland, 5, 112; John Henry, 5, 110; Mammonist, 6, 108; Barney Aaron, 5, 108; Joe Starks, 6, 108; Finality, 4, 106; Olivette, 4, 105; Boz Sedam, 5, 105; Bonnie Bird, 6, 105; Flanders, 6, 105; Aleck Ament, 6, 105; Scalper, 4, 104; Vallet, 5, 104; Tilford, 4, 103; Baccarat, 4, 102; Rosaline, 4, 102; Queen Ban, 4, 102; Miss Gooderidge, 4, 100; Twilight, 4, 100; Mattie K., 3, 93; Mount Olive, 4, 95; Concordia, 5, 80.

For the Citizens' Plate handicap race, of 1¼ miles, the following entries carry the appended weights: John Davis, 6, 120; Force, 6, 120; Freeland; 5, 112; Wedding Day, 6, 112; Lute Fogle, 5, 112; Topsey, 6, 112; John Henry, 5, 112; April Fool, 4, 110; Arestino, 4, 110; Barney Aaron, 5, 110; Ferg. Kyle, 4, 108; Nat McGinniss, 5, 108; Blazes, 6, 107; Barnum, 5, 106; Aleck Ament, 6, 106; Olivette, 4, 105; Obermeyer, 4, 104; Rosalind, 4, 104; Queen Ban, 4, 102; Allmode, 6, 102; Katie Fletcher, 6, 102; Lloyd Daly, 3, 100; Lycurgus, 5, 100; Atwood, 4, 98; Spinner, 6, 98; George L., 4, 98; Modesty, 3, 96; Exeter, 4, 94; Concordia, 5, 85.

For the steeplechase the following weights will be carried: Guy, 6, 153; Miss Mousley, 6, 148; Scalper, 4, 140; Warrington, 5, 138; Baccarat, 4, 135.

The St. Louis Driving Club.

The announcement that the matinees of the above association will begin the afternoon of Saturday next at the Fair Grounds will be received with much pleasure by the gentlemen members of the club and the public generally who are interested in trotting. The club has made numerous and important additions to its membership and the affairs will increase correspondingly in interest. The events for the first matinee will be as follows:

First Race—Gentlemen's roadsters, trotting to wagon or cart; mile heats, two in three; owners to drive; $15, $10 to first and $5 to second.

Second Race—Gentlemen's roadsters, to harness; half-mile heats, three in five; blanket to first, whip to second.

Third Race—Pacers, to wagon or cart, who have no record better than 2:35; mile heats, two in three; $15, $10 to first and $5 to second.

Fourth Race—Gentlemen's roadsters, to wagon or cart, who have no record better than 2:40; half-mile heats, three in five; owners to drive; blanket to first, whip to second.

Music will be furnished by the Arsenal Band.

Games on Saturday and Sunday.

In the American Association series, the St. Louis Club received a bad beating at Toledo, McGinnis, who was suffering from a lame arm, being badly pounded for seventeen hits—eight in one inning, off of which seven runs were made. The final score was: Toledo, 12; St. Louis, 6. Louisville kept up her record by beating the Columbus at Columbus by a score of 7 to 0. At New York the Baltimores beat the Mets by a score of 12 to 4, and at Philadelphia the Athletics defeated the Washingtons by a score of 12 to 0. Cincinnati beat the Indianapolis in the latter city by a score of 8 to 2, and at Brooklyn the Alleghenys beat the Brooklyns by a score of 4 to 3. Yesterday Columbus beat the Louisvilles by a score of 8 to 5 at Columbus, thus aiding St. Louis' lead. Cincinnati again defeated the Indianapolis at Indianapolis by a score of 5 to 2.

In the Union Association fight St. Louis has won two victories, beating the Baltimores on Saturday by a score of 16 to 8 and yesterday by a score of 6 to 3. At Cincinnati the Cincinnati Unions beat the Bostons by a score of 13 to 3 on Saturday and yesterday beat the Keystones by a score of 7 to 5. The Keystones beat the Altoonas on Saturday at Altoona by a score of 9 to 8. At Chicago on Saturday the Chicago Unions were beaten by the Nationals by a score of 8 to 1, and yesterday the tables were turned by a score of 2 to 0.

The League battles of Saturday resulted as follows: At Boston—Boston 9, Chicago 7; at Philadelphia—Philadelphia 16, Cleveland 2; at Providence—Providence 5, Detroit 2; at New York the leaders lost their first game by the appended score: Buffalo 4, New York 1.

The St. Louis Reserves.

On Saturday the St. Louis Reserves returned from their extended trip and are in much better condition than when they went away. The infield has been strengthened by the addition of Messrs. Brown and Coridan, both serviceable and valuable players and the other men show in much improved form. On Saturday afternoon they met the Vincennes club, whom they beat by a score of 9 to 0. Hickman pitched a splendid game striking out eleven men and keeping the visitors down to five hits. On yesterday they met the Rock Island club which ranks very high and came here with a good record from Chicago, where they played two fine games with the Chicago Reserves last week, winning one handsome victory. The result was another fine victory for the Reserves by a score of 9 to 2. Ward pitched for the Reserves and did most creditable work. This afternoon the Reserves will meet again the Rock Islands.

Diamon Chips.

Mr. Regan of the Terre Haute Club is in town.

Mr. Warren, a Rock Island journalist, accompanies the team from that city.

The Page Avenue Browns defeated the Leffingwells by a score of 9 to 0 yesterday.

Fears are expressed that the new Metropolitan grounds at New York, will be too small.

Manager Barnie of Baltimore, offers Weldman $3,600 in case the Detroit Club disbands.

The St. Louis Browns beat the Fort Wayne Club yesterday at Fort Wayne, by a score of 10 to 2.

George McGinnis was very lame during Saturday's games which accounts for the manner in which he was hit.

The St. Louis Reserves will leave to-night for Cincinnati, continuing the Reserve schedule there to-morrow.

The Buffalo Club is pratically without a pitcher, as Galvin has gone home so badly injured that he will be unable to play for some time.

Whitney, of Boston, struck out forty-eight men in five games. Shaw, of Detroit, comes next, with thirty-eight struck out in four games.

Fred. Lewis is still suffering from the severe blow he received on his right knee, from a pitched ball at Indianapolis, but will be all right in a few days.

The Active Juniors defeated the Willow Juniors yesterday by a score of 11 to 7. The feature of the game was the playing of Whalen, short stop of the Active Juniors.

In spite of the wehther yesterday fully 2,000 people visited the Amateur Park to see the Lyons do up the Wedge House nine and the St. Louis Grays the Bucks by a scratch.

There was no interference at Indianapolis with the base-ball game yesterday, as was anticipated, and the largest crowd gathered there for a long time was in attendance.

One of the orders issued by Will White, the captain of the Cincinnati American team, makes it compulsory for every member of the team to slide in close plays when running the bases.

Crowley, who wasn't good enough for the Athletic Club, is doing fine work in Boston. He has made but one error so far in championship games this year, and rivals Horning in throwing to the home plate.

The Idle Hours defeated the Merry Knights yesterday morning in a brilliantly played game by a score of 26 to 12. The features of the game were the battery work of Baer and Day, and the terrific batting of the Idle Hours.

The St. Louis Type Foundry Base-Ball Club defeated the C. A. Drach electrotype nine yesterday, in a well contested game, by a score of 18 to 13. The features of the game were the pitching and catching of Wells and Ford, and Johnson and Kuehner.

The Westlocks of the Graham Paper Company defeated the Recorder's nine of the Court House yesterday, by a score of 20 to 19, in a ten inning game. The features of the game were the heavy batting of Armfield and Tirrill, and the third base play of Matson of the Westlocks.

In the game between the Lebanon Reds of Lebanon, Ill., and the Westerns of St. Louis yesterday, at Lebanon, the umpire decided the game by a score of 9 to 0 in favor of Lebanon, on account of the Westerns refusing to play after the sixth inning because a little rain had fallen, not five minutes.

The porters and clerks of Samuel Cupples & Co. played a game of ball Saturday afternoon at the foot of Lesperance street, in which the former defeated the latter by a score of 14 to 13, the features of the game being the pitching of Burns and the magnificent catching of Cirroll of the porters' nine.

Manager Cassilly's Nationals of East St. Louis defeated the Lucas Amateurs yesterday by a score of 6 to 3. The Nationals have played several games this season without a single defeat. All communications should be addressed either to Mr. Frank Keating, East St. Louis, or to Geo. E. Cassilly, 401 Franklin avenue, St. Louis, Mo.

Captain Anson has a habit of raising one of his feet when he catches a ball at first base. Yesterday Williamson fielded a ball to him from Hackett's bat. Anson raised his foot as usual, and before he could get it on the base again Hackett touched the bag. The umpire said "not out." Anson expostulated, but Van Court was firm.—[Boston Herald.

The Buffalo and Cleveland players have complained that Sweeney of the Providence Club has a practice of making a balk when a man is on first base, and that Umpire Burns refused to call Sweeney's movement a balk. Last Saturday, however, Umpire McLean tumbled to Sweeney's tricks, called a "balk" on him, and the Providence pitcher governed himself accordingly.

In the Metropolitan-Washington game of May 9, when the old Washington favorite, Jack Lynch, appeared at the bat, Manager Hollinghead stepped forward and handed Umpire Daniels a handsome ball and bat made of flowers, with the words "Nationals, 1880, and Mets, 1884," which shows that Jack is not forgotten by his old friends. The design was very pretty, and "Jack" raised his hat in acknowledgment.

The high-priced players of the New York Club kicked so vigorously against the engagement of the veteran Robert Ferguson to play second base on their nine that the directors of the Metropolitan Exhibition Company released him. Connor, Ewing, Gillespie and Welch were with Ferguson on the Troy nine, and the strict discipline they were then subjected to did not agree with them. Since they have joined the New York Club they have done pretty much as they pleased, and for this reason they did not relish the engagement of Ferguson.

Sporting Sundries.

The Louisville shoot has been postponed to June 23 on account of the scarcity of pigeons.

Hosmer and Hamm have posted their second deposit of $200 a side for their three-mile-with-turn scull race. Six hundred dollars in all is now up, and the remaining $200 a side will be posted ten days before the date of the race.

The McCoy-McDonald fight took place at Butte, Montana, yesterday, and was witnessed by about 3,000 people. Thirty-one rounds were fought, McCoy knocking McDonald out of time in the last round. The time was 2 hours and 13 minutes.

The London papers state that George Fordham, the famous jeckey, is completely broken down in health and pocket. He will hardly be likely to ride again, and his friends talk of raising a subscription benefit for him. He was engaged to ride Scot Free for the Two Thousand, but had to surrender the mount to Platt.

Turning to thoroughbreds for a moment, we find that Leamington got Iroquois, the only American-bred horse that ever won the English Derby, when he was 24 years old; that Bonnie Scotland sired Luke Blackburn, his greatest performer, when 23; and that Lexington produced Duke of Magenta at the age of 24. When a horse passes his seventeenth birthday he cannot stand as much drain upon his vitality as when ten, but if properly cared for and rightly limited he is just as likely to produce as many first-class performers, for the number of mares covered, as when his muscles were more elastic.—[Record.

Speaking of his career in this country, Charles Mitchell, the pugilist, says: "I've been badly treated by the papers. They said I was downed by Sullivan, but I wasn't. I've never been knocked out yet, and I don't expect to be. Then they say I hit a foul blow, but I did nothing of the sort. Edwards is a first-rate fellow, but his friends did too much blowing, and I wanted to show them what I could do. I really won the fight in the first round, and if they had let us fight our three minutes, according to the rules, I'd have knocked him out before the round was over."

George Hosmer is rapidly gaining a reputation as a trick oarsman. "Sophomore," at Pridceton College, where Hosmer is engaged training the crews, writes: "If you would prefer to die laughing come up and see Hosmer do some of his comical rowing tricks. They beat all creation. His imitations of a sculler learning to row are vividly realistic. The 'agony' of the beginner is so natural that you expect the exponent to take a bath at any moment, only he doesn't go that far. That would be running the fun into the water, and, although Hosmer is as fond of sculling as a duck is of water, he doesn't care to indulge that way. Hosmer also gives a capital imitation of a 'dude' sculler who has learned to row and who shapes himself in the most killing manner. The Boston boy also stands up in the boat and rocks her until you would think she would surely upset. Sculling with only one scull (the other being taken out) is also a feature of Hosmer's tricks in a shell. He rows from 100 to 117 strokes a minute while doing this remarkable balance act."

St. Louis Unions vs. Boston Unions.

By far the most interesting games which will take place in the Union Association fight will be the St. Louis-Boston series, which open to-morrow at the Union Park. In the Boston ranks are several veterans, including Tim Murnane, Tom Bond and others, who were at one time "top of the heap," and are playing as well as they ever did. The St. Louis men will find foemen worthy of their steel, and will show what genuine stuff there is in them.

THE pick of the Virginia tobacco crop is used in Richmond Straight Cut Cigarettes.

Important to the St. Louis Public.

1,000 fine cassimere suits in fifty different styles, guaranteed to be worth from $15 to $18, will be all but given away for the small sum of $7 50, in the great Boston bankrupt sale of clothing this week at the GLOBE, 714 and 716 Franklin avenue.

N. B.—If any of the St. Louis clothing merchants desire to purchase any of the above suits they can have them at $8 each.

OUR NEIGHBORS.

Interesting Personal, Social and News Gossip from the Neighboring Towns.

PEIRCE CITY, Mo., May 17.—Mrs. Frank Mollering of St. Louis is spending a few days in town.——Mr. Leslie and Miss Effie Humphrey were married, May 14.——The cards are out for the marriage of Miss Celia Newman to Mr. Sam M. Etinger, Wednesday, May 21.——Forsythe Brothers have taken stock in the Lawrence County Bank, and the capital stock is increased to $75,000.

OLAWVILLE, ILL., May 17.—M. F. Spitherwood, brother of our Postmistress, Mrs. M. S. White, arrived last night on a visit with his new bride from Clay Center, Kan.——We had the pleasure Thursday of meeting and making the acquaintance of Mr. Ellis upon our streets, who is traveling agent in the interest of the POST-DISPATCH. With our assistance some additional names were enrolled as subscribers. The POST-DISPATCH is held in esteem by many of our people more than any other St. Louis paper, on account of its free and independent speech, irrespective of party, politics or religion.——Miss Sarah Tierny is home on a visit from Carbondale.——It is rumored that M. A. Morgan will be a candidate for legislative honors.——Steps have been taken to have a money order office connected with our Post Office.——The incessant rains have retarded our farmers greatly in getting their corn corn planted.

MARSHALL, Mo., May 18.—A shooting affray occurred here yesterday afternoon between two negroes, named Thos. Benton and John Johnson, in which seven shots were exchanged, two of which struck the former, one entering his left leg, and the other his right arm. The difficulty grew out of some ground which Johnson had rented Benton for cultivation, and having had some trouble during the morning over the matter, Johnson notified Benton that he had changed his mind with regard to renting him the land, and said he intended to destroy the vegetation thereon. Johnson at once proceeded to carry out his threat, whereupon Benton drew his revolver and commenced firing at him, when Johnson, who had also armed himself since their trouble in the morning, returned the fire. Both emptied their revolvers, Benton firing three shots and Johnson four, with the above result. Benton's wounds are quite painful, but not serious. Both parties were arrested.——The large flouring-mill of Wm. M. Johnson & Co. of this city caught fire about 4:30 o'clock this morning from the engine-room, and burned it to such an extent as to necessitate the erection of a new engine-room. It was only by the building being wet from the heavy rains during the night, and the untiring efforts of the citizens, that prevented the entire structure from being destroyed.

CIGARETTE smokers who want the best should smoke the Richmond Straight Cut, No. 1.

HA! HA! HA!

Don't Talk About Low Prices.

1,000 pairs of union cassimere knee pants for boys up to 11 years will be slaughtered at 25 cents per pair in the great Boston bankrupt sale of clothing this week at the

GLOBE, 714 and 716 Franklin avenue.

Attention, Travelers.

P. C. Murphy, the old and reliable trunk manufacturer, has now on hand and for sale in his new and commodious store-room, Third and St. Charles streets, the largest and finest assortment of trunks and traveling goods ever exhibited in this market, comprising everything in use for traveling purposes, and at prices to suit the times. Call and see.

Politics in the Southeast.

Two Southeastern Missouri candidates are in the city to-day, feeling thoroughly charmed with the political outlook. One of them is Hon. William Dawson of New Madrid, who is running for Congress in his district, with every chance of getting there, and the other is Albert O. Allen, editor of the New Madrid Record and candidate for Railroad Commissioner. Mr. Allen makes one of the three candidates who are coming to the Democratic Convention from the southeastern corner of the State, the other two being Seibert of Cape Girardeau, who is running for State Treasurer, and Cox of Ste. Genevieve, who wants the State Auditorship. Mr. Dawson is a member of the Legislature and a graduate of the Christian Brothers' College in this city.

GAMING FOR A LIVING.

A Talk With a Professional on This Subject.

Gamblers' Delusions—Reminiscences of the Mississippi River—How to Win at Poker—Working the "Bug."

There was something extremely English about the gentleman's appearance. It was not his trousers, with their dainty check pattern; nor his silk hat moulded in Fashion's latest bulge; nor yet the patent leather "tooth-picks" which graced his little feet. Perhaps it was the degage air with which he leaned over the rail in front of the bar, and said in sweetly modulated tones to the individual with the diamond pin, who stood behind it: "Another of the same, dear boy." There was something that bespoke refinement and culture in the very way he ordered his mint julep: "You don't mind joining me?" he said, addressing the POST-DISPATCH reporter.

The reporter did not mind; on the contrary, he he acquiesced gracefully, and blithely entered into conversation. Horses, the theaters, and the price of stocks became successively the topics of conversation. The reporter regretted the fall in C. C. C. & I., as he was long of that stock, very long indeed, in fact, since he had had any. And what was to be thought of the failure of Grant, Ward & Co., in New York, and the Marine Bank?

"Those fellers," said the gentleman with the patent leather boots, "remind me very much of some men I knew out in Leadville who invented an original system of busting faro-banks. The system was a beautiful one to look at, and was elaborately calculated by algebraic equations. The only thing it required was a lot of capital, and they put together every cent of money they had, and tackled the biggest faro-banks in Leadville—it was in the winter of 1880. They wanted to get me into the 'spec,' and were very much offended, when they had exhibited their 'system' to me, and had offered me the opportunity of making my everlasting ortune, that I didn't care to go into the thing. 'No,' I said, 'I don't see any hole in it, but there is always a hole in these 'systems' somewhere, and I guess you may count me out. So they put up their little pile and went for the bank. In those days they were cleaned out—hadn't a red cent—but they held on to their

FAITH IN THEIR 'SYSTEM.'

If their capital had held out, they said, they would have broken the bank eventually. The fact is, no system of gambling was ever invented, nor ever will be, that is sure to win, and the percentage in favor of a faro bank will beat you sooner or later if you play against it."

"When I kept a faro bank in Ann street, New York," continued the stranger, "I was a victim of the same sort of delusion I have spoken of. We did a good business at our place—worth perhaps $30,000 a year—and lots of wealthy brokers were customers of ours. My partner and myself thought we had a system that was a sure thing, and every cent we made we lost at others' banks, until finally we impaired our own capital so seriously as to cripple us, and a run of luck the wrong way broke us. That gave me a lesson, and I have given up 'systems' from that time forth.

"The notion that it is possible to devise a system of play that is sure to win is one of the most curious delriums in the world, and yet the most experienced gamblers are thoroughly imbued with it. At Monaco, or any other great gambling place, you will see the players pricking off the turns upon a card, and staking their money accordingly. They never quite lose the idea that eventually they will arrive at the great secret which will enable them to beat the bank—a combination of probabilities which shall amount to a certainty. Men have spent a whole lifetime in the vain endeavor to elaborate a method, which, like the philosopher's name and the theory of perpetual motion, continually eluded them.

It is not alone in the percentage in its favor that the bank has an advantage. The fact is that when you

PLAY AGAINST A BANK

you play against a machine, and a machine can beat a man out of sight every time. Few men have the nerve to quit the table when they are ahead, for the seduction of gambling is so absorbing that if a man wins his appetite for play is whetted, and if he loses, he must go on, in order to retrieve his losses. The average man is not contented to win a reasonable amount, but plays on until he has lost every cent in his pocket. A friend of mine, an experienced gambler, told me once that the only system of play he had ever discovered consisted in 'following the luck', as he called it. 'Luck,' he said, seems to run in streaks. When I am in luck I bet, and when the luck is against me I lie back and put up an occasional chip to see how it goes. If the luck has been running my way, and suddenly stops, I cast in my chips and leave.

"It is curious how a color will run sometimes, in a game like rouge-et-noir for instance. Red was turned up, on one occasion at Monaco, thirteen times in succession, and the banks won more than a million francs. It is on these long runs of a color that the bank makes its biggest winnings. People think that because a color has turned up several times in succession it hasn't a good a chance of coming up the next, and so pile their money and double their bets on the other color. Of course, as a matter of fact, the chances are always exactly even, although it is quite impossible to convince ninety-nine people out of a hundred that such is the case. It is a question that has puzzled everybody who has ever thought about it. Apparently, if red has been turned up six times in succession, the chances are largely in favor of black on the seventh turn of the cards. It is not true, however, for, how is it possible that the result of an individual turn can be affected by turns which have already been made and which lie in the past?

"When our bank was broke in New York I struck for the West and

PLAYED POKER

on the Mississippi steamboats. My partner, Joe Mason, was a first-class poker player, the coolest hand I ever met, and a perfect gentleman. He could discount your society swells for tone. One night a stranger came into our game a few hours after we left New Orleans. The luck ran against him and he lost several hundred dollars—all he had, I guess. He borrowed a stack of chips—$50 worth—and played them with a trembling hand. In a couple of deals they were gone. 'Lend me another fifty,' he said, hoarsely, to Joe.

'I don't know you,' Joe replied, "and I'm not going to stake you in the game. If you are broke you had better withdraw.'

"The stranger's lip quivered—he had been drinking heavily. 'You have swindled me out of my money,' he said, and drawing a revolver from his hip-pocket he fired.

"Jo did not move a muscle of his face—the bullet cut off the corner of the ace of clubs he held between his fingers. His hand sought his pistol-pocket, but, checking the movement, and seeing the man had been disarmed, he simply straddled the ante, and said, 'You should learn to shoot better, Mr. Stranger.' 'I could have killed him,' he said afterward, to me, 'but he was drunk, so I let him go.'

"I never have played anything but a square game of poker, and I have won large sums at it. Poker isn't the game of chance it is generally thought. I regard it as essentially a game of skill. A man who bases his play on good judgment and a little mathematics is sure to come out ahead. Once in my life I got into a game of poker with a man who had a bug."

"A bug?" said the reporter, interrogatively.

"Yes, a little steel instrument, with a spring that can be fastened under the table. It was at a mining camp in California, when the gold fever was at its height. The fellow was a sharper, and I had had my eye on him all through the game. He kept his hand below the level of the table most of the time, and held some remarkable cards. I watched him until I was sure I was not mistaken, and then I pricked him under the table, and said, 'Hand it over!' He looked up in surprise.

"'Hand it over!' I repeated.

"'What do you mean?' he said, innocently; but the other players were looking at him, and he got red and pale by turns.

"'Show it to us' I said significantly; and taking a six-shooter from the drawer, I laid it on the table.

"The fellow saw the game was up, and rose to make his escape, but they grabbed him. We found the bug, with two aces and a king in it, neatly fastened under the leaf of the table."

"And what did you do to the sharper?" said the reporter anxiously.

"Oh, we tied him to a lame mule, like Maseppa, and drove him around the town for the amusement of the boys. He never came back to that camp."

EXPOSURE TO DRAFTS WHEN HEATED, and the sudden changes in the temperature of the atmosphere, are prolific sources of severe Colds, from which many cases of Inflammation of the Lungs, Pleurisy, Asthma, and other Pulmonary Affections are developed. Should you unfortunately contract a Cold, resort at once to Dr. Jayne's Expectorant, a remedy that will not only promptly cure Coughs and Colds, but will relieve and strengthen the Pulmonary and Bronchial Organs, and remove all dangerous symptoms.

DIED.

Marriage and death notices will be inserted at the rate of twenty-five cents for three lines.

BARRY—Sunday May 18, at 11:30 a. m., ELIZABETH, beloved wife of John Barry, aged 32 years.

The funeral will take place Tuesday, at 10 o'clock a. m., from the family residence, 412 Argyle avenue, to St. Malachy's Church, thence to Calvary Cemetery. Friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

Terre Haute (Ind.) papers please copy.

BELL—Entered into rest, at 5 o'clock this morning, JOHN T. BELL, in the 65th year of his age.

Funeral from residence, 2131 Sheridan avenue, on Tuesday, May 20, at 2:30 o'clock.

ANDERSON—May 12th, 1884, BLANCH, infant daughter of Edwin R. and Louisa Anderson, aged three months and 12 days.

McGRATH—At a quarter past 2 o'clock this morning, RICHARD CYRIL, youngest son of Major John P. McGrath and Mary Jane, his wife, aged 5 years, 9 months and 29 days.

Funeral from residence of his parents, 3108 Clifton Place, at 3 p. m., Tuesday, the 20th inst.

GREGORY—May 18, at 1:20 a. m., ALVIS, beloved son of Thomas B. and Elizabeth A. Gregory, aged 26 years.

Funeral from late residence, 4008 North Broadway, Tuesday, May 20, at 2 o'clock p. m. Friends of the family invited to attend.

MORRIS—On Monday, May 19, 1884, at 4 o'clock a. m., ROBERT PATRICK, son of the late Patrick I. and Mary Morris, aged 5 months.

The funeral will take place Tuesday, 20th inst., at 1:30 o'clock p. m., from family residence, No. 1632 Franklin avenue, to Calvary Cemetery. Friends of the family are invited to attend.

EARL—ENDORA ANNELA, wife of Sergt. James Earl, after a long illness, aged 34.

Funeral Wednesday, 10 a. m., from residence, 826 Kansas street, Carondelet, to SS. Mary and Joseph Church, thence to Mt. Olive Cemetery.

CARPETS! CARPETS! CARPETS!

AN INSPECTION WILL CONVINCE YOU.

LINOLEUMS LINOLEUMS LINOLEUMS

J. KENNARD & SONS.

In the forty years we have been in business we have never offered such a variety of CHOICE GOODS at such LOW PRICES as we can now. All we ask is a call to convince those intending to purchase.

420 AND 422 NORTH FOURTH ST., ST. LOUIS.

OUR STOCK IS THE LARGEST.

OUR STORE IS THE LIGHTEST.

OIL CLOTHS OIL CLOTHS OIL CLOTHS

OUR PRICES ARE THE LOWEST.

MATTINGS! MATTINGS! MATTINGS!

GARDEN FORKS, " HOES, " RAKES, " TROWELS

CHEAP AT SIMMONS HARDWARE CO.

DEPOT OF Sinclair & Watson FOR THE WEST.

ESTABLISHED 1854.

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F. W. ROSENTHAL & CO., 410 AND 412 N. FOURTH STREET.

Edwards' Theatre Comique and Summer Garden, 606, 608, 610 and 612 S. FOURTH ST.

OPEN ALL THE YEAR ROUND

We have thrown the key away, therefore can not close until the lease runs out. NOTICE—We have the coolest Theater in the United States; windows north, south, east and west, fifteen feet high and five feet wide; we are bound by contract to catch the cool breezes that are wafted from the four corners of the globe, and supply our patrons with overcoats the warmest night in summer.

COMPANY NO. 39.

Manchester and Jennings, Gibson and Binney, Frank LeRoy, John Von Brant, Pause Le Petre, B. S. Hodges, Miss Fanny Mossgrave, Miss Freddie Peasley, Miss Mamie Kay, Miss Rose Hall, Miss Aimee, Miss Ida May. Manchester and Jennings' Local Character Comedy, entitled

SCENES AT BARTOLD'S GROVE.

Prices of Admission—Seat in Private Boxes, 50c; Orchestra Reserves, 35c; Parquet Circle, 25c; Balcony Circle, 15c. MATINEES TUESDAY, FRIDAY and SUNDAY.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

OFFICE ST. LOUIS EXPOSITION AND MUSIC HALL ASS'N, ROOMS 11 and 13, No. 322 PINE ST. St. Louis, May 20, 1884.

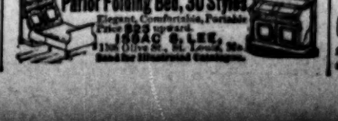
Proposals are invited for the gasfitting of the St. Louis Exposition and Music Hall Building, for which plans and specifications can be seen at office of superintendent of construction, northeast corner of Fourteenth and Olive streets.

Bids to be in by noon Friday, May 23, 1884.

The Building Committee reserve the right to reject any or all bids if deemed for its best interest.

J. H. JOHNSTON, Secretary Building Committee.

ANDREWS Parlor Folding Bed, 30 Styles



Elegant, Comfortable, Portable. Price $12 upward. ISAAC G. LEE, 1108 Olive St., St. Louis, Mo. Send for Illustrated Catalogue.

AMUSEMENTS.

STANDARD THEATER.

TO-NIGHT—Entire Week. Matinees Wednesday and Saturday at 2. You must laugh, because you can't help it.

STEINER'S AMERICAN BOUFFENIERS

In the funniest of all absurdities,

CYCLONES.

Sparkling music. Gorgeous Costuming. Delightful Comedy. A bewildering array of beautiful young ladies.

Next Sunday—Cyclone Opera Company.

Friday, May 23.—Benefit of Dick Powers, Assistant Treasurer.

SUMMER EXCURSIONS.

I am making contracts for steamers

CHARLES P. CHOUTEAU AND HELENA

for excursions during the summer months. Apply to 12 a. m., at Southern Hotel or address

W. B. THOMWEDAM.

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

NEW BOOKS.

THE WATER BIRDS OF NORTH AMERICA.

By S. F. BAIRD, T. M. BREWER and R. RIDGWAY. In two volumes, quarto, cloth, gilt top.

Volume I. Now Ready.

THE ILLUSTRATIONS.—The first volume of the WATER BIRDS contains 135 illustrations of heads, and 68 full-length figures, all beautifully engraved on wood, besides numerous diagrams. The illustrations of the heads are printed in the text, unlike those of the LAND BIRDS, which were printed in groups in separate sheets. In the Hand-colored edition of the WATER BIRDS, all the illustrations of heads are most exquisitely executed in water colors from patterns prepared by Mr. Ridgway.

Price of the Water Birds.

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The second volume, completing the work and including over 400 illustrations, will be published in September.

TWELVE DAYS IN THE SADDLE. A Journey on Horseback in New England during the Autumn of 1883. Prefaced by remarks on the Hygienic Value and the Necessary Expenses of such a Journey. By MEDICUS. 18mo. Parchment-paper covers. 50 cents.

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A Western Journey With Emerson.

LITTLE, BROWN & CO., Publish'rs, 254 Washington St., Boston.

OUT TO-MORROW AT 11 O'CLOCK.

THE JUNE CENTURY.

Is unusually bright and interesting, containing the "DIARY OF AN AMERICAN GIRL IN CAIRO during the war in Egypt in 1882; a thrilling narrative of revolt and massacre by the Arabs. "THE RED SILK HANDKERCHIEF," a love story by H. C. Bunner. "SAILORS' SNUG HARBOR," an illustrated sketch, full of sailors' yarns and of anecdotes of disabled tars. "AMERICAN WILD ANIMALS IN ART," by Julian Hawthorne, with illustrations. "A FRENCH-AMERICAN SEA-PORT," by S. G. W. Benjamin, fully illustrated by Burns; a description of a picturesque French city, on an island off the coast of Newfoundland.

THE SERIALS include the conclusion of "AN AVERAGE MAN," the middle part of "LADY BARBERINA," by Henry James, and the seventh instalment of "DR. SEVIER," by G. W. Cable.

THE TIMELY ARTICLES are:—"WHAT IS A LIBERAL EDUCATION" by President Eliot of Harvard. "COMMERCE IN THE COLONIES," by Edward Eggleston, illustrated with numerous engravings of old coins, and fac-similes of old engravings. "THE USE AND ABUSE OF PARTIES," by Washington Gladden.

POEMS are by H. H., Emma Lazarus, R. W. Gilder, and others.

TOPICS OF THE TIME AND OPEN LETTERS discuss: The Cincinnati Riot, Our Militia, Music in the Churches, The Temperance Question, etc., etc. Other features are a full page original engraving by Kingsley, a full page illustration and verses, by Kenyon Cox. BRIC-A-BRAC contains a number of humorous poems, dainty verses, etc.

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AMUSEMENTS.

GRAND OPERA HOUSE

Every evening, Wednesday and Saturday Matinee, the Overwhelming Success,

BURR OAKS,

BY D. K. AND M. D. HIGGINS,

With its Wealth of Magnificent Scenery and Startling Mechanical Effects.

LODGE NOTICES.

GOLDEN CROWN LODGE, No. 62, K. of P., will hold a stated convention at Castle Hall, s. e. cor. Franklin av. and 11th st., Tuesday evening, 13th inst., at 8 o'clock. Work in the Amplified Third Rank. Members should not fail to attend. Visitors greeted with knightly courtesy. By order of L. C. DIEKMANN, C. C. M. H. BECK, K. of R. and S.

NAPTHALI LODGE, No. 25, A. F. & A. M., will hold a called meeting at 1:30 o'clock p. m., Tuesday, May 20, 1884, for the purpose of attending the funeral of our late Brother John T. Bell. Resident members are earnestly requested to attend, and visiting brethren are fraternally invited. BENJ. LYNDS, W. M. J. T. MCCOY, Sec'y. m33

CORNER STONE LODGE, No. 323, A. F. & A. M., will hold a stated convocation this (Monday) evening at Freemasons' Hall at 8 o'clock. Visiting brethren are fraternally invited. O. S. DIXON, W. M. LEWIS A. J. LIPPELT, Secretary. m33

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE.

Book-keepers.

WANTED—Book-keepers—(Double entry), now employed in a Southern city, desires a position in St. Louis; ref. A 1 in every respect. For particulars ad. O 40, this office. a36

WANTED—Position in office, or as assistant book-keeper; moderate salary. Ad. E 4, this office. m36

Clerks and Salesmen.

WANTED—Reliable young man wishes situation as collector and office work in a wholesale house; can furnish best of references; bond if required. Ad. K 40, this office. m37

WANTED—Young man would like to get a situation; experience in grocery, hardware and bar. B. Beall, 620 Olive st. m37

WANTED—Situation as clerk or collector; can give best references; has some office experience, and is willing to work hard. O 42, this office. w34

WANTED—Steady employment by a young man in an office as collector; can give bonds; wages no object. H 42, this office. m37

WANTED—Situation by first-class salesman or clerk; have been in business for myself five years; will accept any position. L 43, this office. t37

WANTED—Situation as grocery clerk; best city refs. R 44, this office. t37

WANTED—Middle-aged man desires a position as clerk; good penman and figurer; speaks English and German; can give reference. F 45, this office. t37

The Trades.

WANTED—Watchmaker wants a permanent place as watch and clock repairer in some store. Ad. 1004 N. 20th st. m38

WANTED—Situation by a licensed engineer of 15 years' experience; do his own firing and repairing. F 42, this office. m38

WANTED—Situation by a thoroughly competent practical engineer; best ref. Please address F. M. Stanze, No. 828 N. Market st. t38

WANTED—Young man wants situation who has worked at the tinning trade. Address 1713½ N. 12th st. t38

WANTED—A carpenter to do job work. Apply in basement, 700 Olive st. m38

Coachmen and Drivers.

WANTED—A good steady man, German, wishes a situation as carriage driver in a private family. B 43, this office. m39

WANTED—Situation as private driver; understands the care of horses, harness, carriages and cows; am married; no children. Address 703 Morgan st. m39

WANTED—Situation as a coachman; best of city reference. M 44, this office. t39

WANTED—Situation by a steady young man as driver or porter in wholesale house; first-class city refs. Address M. F., 2525 Benton st. t39

WANTED—Young man speaking German and English; wishes to drive a grocery wagon. Ad. N 45, this office. m39

WANTED—Steady young man, who understands care of horses, wants situation driving light wagon; good ref. Ad. P 45, this office. t39

WANTED—Situation as hostler and driver; experienced competent man; willing and obliging; good ref. Ad. H 45, this office. t39

WANTED—Man wants situation as driver. Ad. D 46, this office. t39

WANTED—Young man wants situation as coachman; understand horses. C 45, this office. t39

Cooks.

WANTED—Situation by a middle aged man with good refs. as meat and pastry cook. Ad. Cook, 1400 Morgan st. t40

Stenographers.

WANTED—By a stenographer, writing 125 words per minute, a position. Ad. H 60, this office. 41

Boys.

WANTED—Situation by a boy of 16, in store or office, who writes a good hand. Ad. K 41, this office. m42

WANTED—Boy of 16 wishes a situation in a grocery; experience. H 41, this office. m42

WANTED—Situation by a boy of 15 in an office. L 42, this office. m42

WANTED—Situation by a boy to work around the house, for his board and clothes. G 42, this office.

WANTED—Situation by German boy of 13 for any kind of work; can give good ref. 705 Clark av., upstairs.

WANTED—Situation by a boy from the country, in a store or wholesale house. Ad. 1402 N. 11th st. t42

WANTED—Situation by a boy of 17 to drive a wagon for some grocery store. Add. T 44, this office. t42

WANTED—To learn a trade by a boy of 14, where he can have board; wages no object; willing to apprentice himself for 6 years. Add. O 44, this office. s42

WANTED—Boy of 14 wishes a situation in some office or store; can give reference for honesty. B 45, this office. t42

WANTED—Situation as office boy. S. S. Weaver, 2878 Easton av. t42

WANTED—Bright, honest boy of 16 years wishes to learn the plumbing trade; can bring refs., and is willing to work. W 44, this office. t42

Miscellaneous.

WANTED—Positions for two boys in business houses, to begin at bottom and work up. For particulars apply to F. W. Hunn, 921 Olive street, or P. O. box 9, Kirkwood, Mo. w43

WANTED—Young man wants situation as porter in commission house or hotel; ref. Ad. E 46, this office. t43

WANTED—Situation by a man of good habits; willing to work, wages no object. Ad. E. Allen, 1327 Poplar st. t43

WANTED—I want work, am good penman, can use carpenters' tools and willing to put my hand to anything. Ad. B 46, this office. t43

WANTED—Young man of 24, speaking both English and German, desires a situation of any kind. A. Sigur, 702 S. 5th st. t43

WANTED—Situations by two experienced waiters; country hotel preferred. J 45, this office. t43

WANTED—By young married man of experience, situation at office work or as collector; city refs. Add. T 43, this office. t43

WANTED—Situation by a middle-aged Scotchman to work around a store, or at anything; can give good refs. D. White, 210 Ashley st. t43

WANTED—One first-class cigar-maker desires situation of any kind. Address 702 S. 7th st., in store.

WANTED—By a colored man a place as porter or janitor. Call at 1325 Morgan st. m43

WANTED—Situation as porter in store or driver of delivery wagon; best of reference given. Ap. at 1106 Pine st. m43

WANTED—By experienced cornet player, situation in brass or string band. Ad. M 40, this office.

WANTED—Situation by two girls in hotel outside of the city. J 41, this office. m43

WANTED—Situation for man with horse; collecting or light delivery preferred. Address Pernot, 2336 Wash st. m43

WANTED—Situation as gardener, to take care of horses and stock and make himself useful in house, by elderly German. Address Aug. Hertz, 2911 Chouteau av. m43

HELP WANTED—MALE.

Book-keepers.

WANTED—An assistant book-keeper in a wholesale house; $80 for right one. R 38, this office.

Clerks and Salesmen.

WANTED—We supply unemployed people with situations in all classes of business; we are perfectly reliable, and our charges are very moderate; hours, 8 to 5. Commercial Employment Agency, 22 N. 4th st., rooms 4 and 5, up stairs. 54

WANTED—Salesman for wholesale house. Steady position and salary. Inclose stamp for reply. Granville & Miner, Hillen Building, New York. m54

BUSINESS WRITING.

Business penmanship and commercial correspondence are taught as specialities at Bryant & Stratton's Business, Shorthand and Telegraph School, corner Fifth and Market streets.

Resolutions and testimonials engrossed, and all kinds of ornamental lettering and pen-work done by R. S. Bonsall, Pen Artist. Call or send for circular.

The Trades.

WANTED—Mechanical drawings for shops or Patent Office promptly executed. George Crehore, 22 S. 16th st. 58

WANTED—Paper-hangers at J. L. Isaacs', 1210 Olive st. 58

WANTED—Three saddle hands; one on Western saddles, one on side saddles and one on English saddles. J. B. Scott Saddlery Company, Quincy, Ill. 58

WANTED—75 good paper-hangers at Rosenthal's, 410 N. 4th st. s58

WANTED—Barber; must be a good workman and of steady habits; will pay $12 per week. John W. Brahurstad, Effingham, Ill. 58

WANTED—One good picture fitter. American Art Co., Eighth and Pine sts. m58

WANTED—Two good carpenters. Apply at 2905 Chouteau av. to-morrow at 7 a. m. T. J. Gunn. m58

WANTED—Painters. Apply at job, 2925 Pine st., Tuesday morning. Hewitt & Son. m58

HELP WANTED—MALE.

Laborers.

WANTED—50 teams on 7th and Clark av., at the rate of $4 50 a day. Carroll & Moloney. m59

Boys.

WANTED—Two boys at Booth Kindling Factory, near Water Tower. m61

WANTED—Strong boy to take care of horses and work around the store; wages $8 and board and lodging. Inquire at 312 S. 5th st. m61

WANTED—Good strong boy or young man to work in store and take care of horse and wagon. 1807 Market st. m61

WANTED—Boy about 14 to make himself useful in millinery business. B. Diamant, 1413 Market st. m61

WANTED—Good strong boy at Williamson Corset Brace Co., 18 S. 6th st. m61

Miscellaneous.

WANTED—Twenty-five young men, from 19 to 20 years old. Apply at cooperage works corner 11th and Ferry sts. August Hoffman. w62

WANTED—Two young men to distribute circulars. Apply at Locust Street House, cor. 11th and Locust sts.

WANTED—Second bar-tender; reference required. Apply at Theater Comique Saloon, 610 and 612 S. Fourth st., at 9 a. m. w62

WANTED—A good queensware packer at 714 N. 4th st. m62

WANTED—Young man in gents' furnishing goods store at 607 Pine st. m62

WANTED—Two gentlemen of respectable appearance and fair address can obtain a lucrative position by applying at Yoster Bros., rooms 10 and 12, 206 S. 4th st., bet. 8 and 10 a. m. w62

WANTED—Young man that is energetic and genteel in appearance, for subscription work in city. Address, in own hand, giving name and residence. Circulation, this office. 62

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE.

Teachers, Companions. Etc.

WANTED—Situation by young woman as companion for invalid; good seamstress; best of refs. D 43, this office. m77

WANTED—Situation as companion to a lady and take charge of children; no objection to country; refs. given. Add. A 46, this office. t77

Clerks and Saleswomen.

WANTED—Position as copyist at home or in an office. Apply 1418 N. Jefferson. m44

Stenographers.

WANTED — Position as amanuensis by competent stenographer and type-writist. Address L 5, this office. 41

WANTED—Competent lady stenographer and type-writer of experience desires a position; best of city ref. K 45, this office. t45

Dressmakers and Seamstresses.

WANTED—Situation by a lady to do plain sewing in a private family. Please call or address 1421 Market st. m46

WANTED—Young man of 20 wishes a situation as book-keeper or shipping clerk; can furnish best of city ref. Ad. F 40, this office. m46

WANTED—Situation by seamstress by the month or travel with child; ref. Ad. A 43, this office. s46

WANTED—Situation in private family by a good seamstress, immediately. Add. N 44, this office. t46

WANTED—Young lady wishes a situation to sew in a family, or in a dressmaking establishment. Ad. L 44, this office. t46

WANTED—Young lady, with experience, wants a situation in dressmaking establishment; can furnish own machine. M. G., 812 Brooklyn st. t46

WANTED—Situation by two 1st-class operatives on vests. Ap. at 2207 Dickson st., up-stairs. t46

WANTED—A young girl who has specially fitted herself for dress-making, having no other means of support, respectfully solicits employment; satisfaction guaranteed. Call on or ad. Seamstress, 1420 Morgan st. t46

Housekeepers.

WANTED—Situation as housekeeper or seamstress in city or country; have had ample experience and good refs. Ap. Mrs. Clark, Barnum's Hotel. m47

WANTED—Young widow lady (German) desires a situation as housekeeper; no objection to leave city. Ad. G 41, this office. m47

WANTED—Situation as housekeeper; no objections to country; in private family or hotel; best of refs. given. Add. R 44, this office. t47

WANTED—Situation as housekeeper for widower, by a widow with one child. Call 701 S. 3d st. t47

General Housework.

WANTED—Young girl wishes a situation to do housework or general housework. Please call Saturday or Monday at 123 Channing av. m48

WANTED—Lady of experience wishes to instruct children—German or English; also willing to do light housework or travel with family; city refs. Address N 40, this office. m48

WANTED—Girl wants a situation as nurse or for housework; good references. Apply at 907 North st. m48

WANTED—German girl wants a place for general housework in a small family. Call at 1616 23d street. m48

WANTED—Situation as housegirl; first-class refs. Call s. e. cor. Theresa av. and Mary Ann st. m48

WANTED—By young woman, light housework and sewing; ref. C 43, this office. s48

WANTED—Situation to sew or do light housework in a private family with one child; will work in city or country. 913 Cass av. t48

WANTED—Situation by a young German girl 17 years of age, to do housework. 2209 Maiden Lane. t48

Cooks.

WANTED—Situation in restaurant or boarding-house as dishwasher or second cook by an old hand at the business. L 40, this office. m49

WANTED—Situation by first-class hotel cook; city or country. 918 N. 11th st. t49

WANTED—Situation by a middle-aged woman to cook, wash and iron. O 45, this office. t49

Nurses.

WANTED—Situation by a nurse-girl (colored) to travel for the summer; city references given. Call at 3411 Cozens av. m50

WANTED—Respectable woman wishes a baby to wet nurse at home. 1316 N. 2d st. m50

WANTED—Situation as nurse or to do housework by a woman with child 4 years old; refs. and experience. Add. S 43, this office. t50

WANTED—Situation by a young girl 14 years old, as nurse. Call 701 S. 3d st. t50

Laundresses.

WANTED—Laundress wants a situation for first two days in the week, in private family. Ad. 908 Locust st.

WANTED—By a young woman, family or gentleman's washing to take home. No. 2217 Division st. m51

WANTED—Washing to do two or three days in the week, or any kind of work by day. Call or address 1016 Wash st. t51

Miscellaneous.

WANTED—Two young ladies would like to have positions as learners in a shoe-shop or book-bindery. 516 Clark av. t52

WANTED—By a German lady, house to clean one or two days a week. Call on M. S., 1006 North 12th st.

WANTED—Situation with family traveling for summer as nurse or maid; best refs. Address until Thursday C 42, this office. m51

WANTED—By a German lady, house to clean, scrubbing, etc. Ad. 2126 Jackson. m52

HELP WANTED—FEMALE.

Teachers, Companions, etc.

WANTED—Every lady in the city that wants pleasant and profitable employment to call at the American Hotel, 6th and Morgan sts.; 10 to 11 a. m. to-morrow. m78

General Housework.

VISIT L. MOHR'S ICE-CREAM GARDEN AND CONFECTIONERY.

Families, Picnics, Churches and Restaurants supplied at LOWEST PRICES.

Telephone No. 2353,

Corner of Fifteenth st. and Chouteau av. 66

WANTED—Girl for general housework in small family, at 1206 Second Carondelet av. m66

WANTED—By a small family, a good German girl to do general housework. Apply at 1630 Carr st. a66

WANTED—Girl or woman to do general housework in a small family. 1916 Franklin av., new number. m66

WANTED—Good girl to do general housework. Apply at 1107 Stoddard av. t66

WANTED—Good girl for general housework. 2308 Eugenia st. m66

WANTED—Good German girl for general housework. 1211 Grattan st. t66

WANTED—Good girl for general housework. Call at 917 N. 16th st., new No. m66

WANTED—A strong girl to assist in housework and nurse. Call at 1419 Papin st. (up-stairs.) m66

WANTED—First-class dining-room girl at 1428 Olive st. m66

WANTED—Good girl for housework and washing; German preferred. No. 1538 Franklin av. m66

WANTED—Two young girls would like situations for general housework. Address H 46, this office. t66

WANTED—Woman for general housework. Apply at 2219 Pine st. m66

Cooks.

WANTED—At 1106 Locust st., good woman to help cook and do kitchen work. Apply right away. m66

HELP WANTED—FEMALE.

Laundresses.

WANTED—First-class shirt ironer wanted at 612 Walnut st. Best wages paid. m67

WANTED—Woman to take washing home. Call at 5 N. 8th st., Carleton House. m67

Dressmakers and Seamstresses.

WANTED—Seamstress to do plain sewing on the Automatic sewing machine at 1527 Chouteau av. m69

WANTED—Dressmaker; one who understands sewing; call between 6 and 7 o'clock. 1112 Franklin av. m69

WANTED—100 ladies and girls to learn dress-cutting at 1343 N. 16th st. w69

Nurses.

WANTED—At the Orphans' Home, a nurse for children; also to assist with housework. Apply to Matron at Grand and Lafayette avenues. m70

WANTED—By girl of 12 years of age, situation to mind one child. Address 1918 Lucas av., in the rear. t70

Miscellaneous.

WANTED—Chamber maid; also girls to laundry napkins and towels; both must understand waiting on table. 1000 Locust st. m71

WANTED—Pants hands wanted to work in the store. Martin & Brown, 307 Market st. t71

WANTED—Woman to wash dishes at 504 Market st. m71

WANTED—Two girls for kitchen and dining-room. 610 Pine st. m71

WANTED—Chambermaid and scrubber. Hotel Barnum. m71

WANTED—Girl to do work in private boarding-house. Call at 2314 Atlantic st. m71

WANTED—Woman to wash dishes. Call at 504 Market st. m71

WANTED—$10 weekly given to only energetic, intelligent ladies. 1006 Olive st.

WANTED—Girl of 15 wishes a situation at up-stairs work. Mrs. Bohmeyer, 2116 North Broadway in rear, up stairs. m71

WANTED—We furnish pleasant and permanent employment for ladies and gentlemen at their own homes which easily pays from $3 to $5 a day; no canvassing, no misrepresentation; work sent by mail any distance; we have a good demand for our work, and give steady employment. For further particulars address, with stamp, Crystallized Photo Co., 294 Vine st., Cincinnati, Ohio. t71

WANTED—Every dressmaker, seamstress and chart agent in the city, no matter what system they may be using, to call and examine the merits of the new simplicity system of dress-cutting, and consult agents now at work. H. F. Hover, at American Hotel, 6th and Morgan strs., 10 to 11 a. m., Tuesday, May 20. m71

AGENTS WANTED.

WANTED—Men to sell goods by sample; everybody wants them; sell at sight; apply early. 1503 Market st. m73

WANTED—Lady agents, on salary or commission, at the American House, 6th and Morgan; 10 to 11 a. m. to-morrow. m73

WANTED—Agent to canvass for portraits; agent can make $4 to $6 per day. M 46, this office. m73

WANTED—Agents to take orders for Rice's Window Screens. Apply at 1123 Market. f73

WANTED—Book Agents—Ladies, as well as gentlemen, to canvas St. Louis and the whole country, for the much-talked-of book, "Bohemian Life, or the Autobiography of a Tramp." Now ready. Call on or address Sun Publishing Co', 503 Chestnut street.

WANTED—To establish an agency for the sale of my Valve-Oleum Lubricating Oils in St. Louis and vicinity. Liberal terms, large territory, good chance for an honest energetic man. E. F. Dietrichs, Cleveland, Ohio. f73

WANTED—Men of ability, character and good address; to such we can give pleasant and very profitable employment. Call at once and investigate. Baird & Dillon, McLean Block, room 8. t73

WANTED—Any man, woman or young person can earn 10c to 75c an hour at home with my new work; easy to learn; permanent. Send 10c silver or stamps, for 12 samples, with instructions, to S. A. Thayer, New Ipswich, N. H. 73

WANTED—For this city, an energetic canvassing agent for unexceptionally fast-selling goods. Standard Lock and Novelty Works, P. O. Box 1412, N. Y. 73

CASPERSON'S ELECTRIC LAMP

Gives the light of five lamps or three gas jets, at a cost of ½ cent per hour. Left on trial in any part of the city. Agents wanted. Call on or address the St. Louis Electric Lamp Company, 808 Pine st. Telephone 391. Open to 10 p. m. 73

BOARD WANTED.

WALNUT Chamber suits, marble-top toilet glass on washstand, $35. John W. Spargo, 806 N. 6th.

BOARD AND LODGING WANTED.

WANTED—Room and board in private family; no other boarders; for gentleman and wife; will pay $30 per month. Ad. G 38, this office. m20

HOUSES, ROOMS, ETC., WANTED.

WANTED—Desk room on Olive or Pine, between 4th and 7th sts. Address O 46, this office, Wednesday, May 21. m21

WANTED—At once, a furnished room in private family; no refs. Add. K 46, this office. m21

WANTED—Lady wants furnished room between 12th and 17th, Walnut and Washington av.; no reference. J 46, this office. m21

WANTED—By June 1, the care of a furnished house for the summer, by family of 3 adults; can furnish good refs. N 43, this office. m21

VACANT PROPERTY.

By giving exclusive attention to the renting of vacant houses, I find that I have only one on my list to supply a very large demand. Owners of vacant property would do well to call immediately on

21 T. S. NOONAN, Agent, 212 N. 8th st.

REAL ESTATE WANTED.

PERSONAL—Will the agent of James H. Rogers, who is now supposed to be in New York, communicate with the undersigned, as he has business of importance with him. Address A. J. Walker, President Real Estate Exchange. m22

WANTED—PARTNERS.

WANTED—Partner; profit $10 per sheet; 2 sheets manufactured per day; simplest legitimate manufacturing business and monopoly; sales can be contracted for one year; principals appoint interview. A 41, this office.

WANTED—Partner in a paying manufacturing business, with $150 capital; German preferred. D 40, this office. t23

WANTED—TO EXCHANGE.

WANTED—To exchange several home-made bed quilts in part payment for bed-room set in good condition. Address Carrier 61, this office. s24

MONEY WANTED.

GENUINE diamond earrings, $15. S. Van Raalte's loan office, 12 S. 4th st. 25

LOST AND FOUND.

CHEAPEST trunks and valises in the city. S. Van Raalte's loan office, 12 S. 4th st. 30

LOST—Purse, on Fifth st. near Famous'. Ad. 2500 N. Tenth st. m30

LOST—Morocco pocket-book, containing bills and receipts; liberal reward will be paid to finder by returning to J. Brew, at Joe McCullough's, 13 N. Broadway. m30

LOST—On 21st st., between Randolph st. and Chouteau av., a silver chatelaine watch and chain. A liberal reward will be paid on return of the same to 2121 Randolph st. m30

LOST—May 14, from my residence on Chestnut st. and Grand av., a liver and white pointer bitch. Ten dollars reward for her return to my residence. Two small light-colored spots on end of nose. W. E. Hughes.

STRAYED—A bay horse, 15½ hands high; star in forehead; no other marks; shoes on all his feet. Return 2546 N. Market st. w30

STRAYED—On the 9th inst., a blue Scotch terrier dog with brass collar. A liberal reward for his return to 1714 Market st., will be paid. t30

STORAGE.

STORAGE for furniture and goods; clean, dry and low rates; moving, repairing, packing and shipping. 82 JOHN W. SPARGO, 806 N. 6th st.

STORAGE—Lowest prices and cleanest storage rooms. For rates apply to Geo. L. Withers & Co., 926 and 928 N. 3d st., or Charles J. Blake, 510 Pine st. 82

BEST storage for furniture; clean, dry and lowest rates. J. B. Brolaski, 603 Pine st. 84

PERSONAL SUNDRIES.

ALL kinds of gents' cast-off clothing bought by D. A. Pariera, 614 Morgan st.; send postal. 74

CAST-OFF clothing bought by N. Barnett, 348 Locust st. Send postal card. 74

GARMENTS dyed and cleaned; coats and vests rebound. E. Surbied, 215 N. Seventh. 74

STOVES—John W. Spargo, 806 N. 6th st. 74

HIGHEST cash price paid for gents' cast-off clothing. J. Lampert, 6th and Morgan sts. 74

MRS. LANKTON, Indian fortune teller, 108 N. 13th st., bet. Chestnut and Pine. 74

MRS. WILCUS, Truest Fortune Teller, can bring separated lovers together. 920 N. new 15th st., between Franklin av. and Wash st.; no sign out. m74

MRS. DOSSEN, practical midwife, treats ladies at her home or elsewhere with careful attention; rates moderate. 320 S. 14th st. 74

PROFESSIONAL.

CANCERS

Cured by a lady from the East who is stopping for a short time at Fern Ridge. All information attained by addressing Mrs. M. C. Ewen, St. Louis County, Mo. m34

WANTED—Everybody to call that wants good fitting clothing made to order at ready-made prices. Bauer & Lewis, 213 N. 4th st. 34

DR. J. L. FITZPORTER—Offices Nos. 200 S. 14th st. and 327 S. 7th st. Female diseases a specialty.

PERSONAL.

Advertisements under the head of "Personal" are received subject to revision or rejection entirely. The money paid for rejected advertisements will be refunded when address is given, or by calling at this office with ticket. All personals not of a business nature five cents a line.

PERSONAL—I would like to make the acquaintance of a respectable young lady who is living in the suburbs. H 30, this office. m1

PERSONAL—To the Ladies: If you want bargains in hair goods now is your time, as I expect to close out my entire stock prior to the 1st of June. J. A. Pozzoni, 607 N. 6th street, under the Lindell Hotel.

PERSONAL—Two young bachelors, first-class, physically and financially, moderate habits, good natured, have just taken up their abode in this city with a view of remaining permanently, would be happy to meet two nice, refined and discreet ladies; object, social amusements. Address for three days, stating time and place, C 41, this office. m1

PERSONAL—Bessie T. Jervaise, Z 5 or Walter T: Would like to hear from you. Please write or send address to H 40, this office. t1

PERSONAL—James LeRoy: Yours received; will meet you at Museum Saturday evening at 8 p. m.

PERSONAL—Two gents would like to form the acquaintance of 2 young ladies; object, special amusement. Address C 41, this office. t1

PERSONAL—G 36: Would be pleased to have the address of business house, or how a letter will reach you. Address W 43, this office. m1

PERSONAL—Private detective work done and satisfaction guaranteed by Merchants' Detective Association, 600 Olive st. 1

PERSONAL—All law questions answered and consultation and advice free. Call or address E. M. Marsh, office Merchants' Detective Association.

PERSONAL—A respectable young gent, aged 23, wishes to correspond with a respectable young lady, aged from 16 to 20. Address J. W., box 6, Vifford, Ray County, Mo. m1

PERSONAL—Young gent, aged 22 years, wishes to correspond with some respectable young lady, aged 16 to 20 years. Ad. R. M., box 6, Vifford, Mo. m1

PERSONAL—Discreet Widow: Note received too late for Saturday night; same time and place this (Monday) evening. By letter box —. m1

PERSONAL—Louise: Call for letter at this office this afternoon. W. m1

PERSONAL—Two young gents, age 22 and 23, wish to correspond with some respectable young ladies from 16 to 20. Address A. W. M. or F. R., Lawson, Ray County, Mo. m1

PERSONAL—Will lady who received note at People's Theater Saturday matinee, please send her address. G 45, this office. m1

PERSONAL—Lady that has her own home wishes the acquaintance of a gent of means; object, social amusement. M 45, this office. m1

PERSONAL—S. S.: There is a letter for you at this office. J 35, this office. m1

PERSONAL—Young man of 24, respectable and in good circumstances, who has a tender spot in his heart for some industrious and intelligent young lady of 18, of good family; must be good looking; send photo; correspondence strictly confidential. A 36, this office. m1

PERSONAL—If Miss Emma Hatcher (if in the city) will send her address to J. B. M., this office, she will hear from an old friend. s1

PERSONAL—A wealthy gentleman of 35 years of age wishes to correspond with some widow lady not over 40. Ad. C 45, this office. m1

PERSONAL—A widower of 30 would like to form the acquaintance of a widow or working girl; blonde preferred. Ad. F 45, this office. m1

PERSONAL—Parties wanting small dwelling or tenement houses built will do well by calling at 216 N. 11th st. t1

PERSONAL—J. M. C. Friend wishes to see you this evening on Fifth. J. O. Drug store. m1

PERSONAL—Katie F.: Letter for you in Post Office from A 32. m1

PERSONAL—Waited Saturday night, Fourth and Walnut, as agreed upon. Ad. with particulars, P 46, this office. m1

PERSONAL—Harry Blinn: Go to the Post Office, letter there for you. F. m1

FOR RENT—ROOMS.

5 N. EIGHTH ST.—Carleton House—Furnished rooms; also rooms for light housekeeping. t13

208 S. FOURTEENTH ST.—Desirable flat, three rooms, second floor; laundry and all modern conveniences; party without children preferred. m13

209 CENTER ST.—Two rooms, kitchen and cellar. Call at 205 Center st., from 9 a. m. to 2 p. m.

309 S. THIRD ST.—Elegant housekeeping rooms; also two front parlors; single rooms for gents, two blocks south of Southern Hotel. m13

622 OLIVE ST.—Nicely furnished front room to gentlemen; rent $10. w13

706 N. JEFFERSON AV.—Two nicely furnished rooms for rent. m13

710 PINE ST.—Coolest rooms in city; well furnished, with bath, etc.; central location; $2 50 per week; $10 per month. a13

716 N. JEFFERSON AV.—Furnished second-story rooms. m13

925 WASH ST., cor. 10th—A nicely furnished front room for rent; southern exposure; for gentlemen. w13

1015 OLIVE ST.—Large, neatly furnished room for one or two gentlemen. t13

1112 N. PARK PLACE—Furnished or unfurnished rooms, one or more, to good tenant for lodging-housekeeping; so. exp.; every convenience; large, shaded grounds; free from dust and smoke. t13

1118 PINE ST.—Furnished rooms for gents or light housekeeping; so. exp.; very desirable to parties wishing cool, airy rooms. t13

1124 ST. LOUIS AV.—Upper part of an 8-room house; hall, gas and bath; to couple without children. m13

1222 N. SIXTH ST.—Two furnished rooms for light housekeeping, in quiet location. m13

1233 WASHINGTON AV.—June 1, a nice suite of unfurnished rooms on second floor; southern and eastern exposure. f13

1404 PAPIN ST.—Furnished rooms; also furnished rooms for light housekeeping. f13

1501 MARKET ST.—A well-furnished front room, southern exposure; breakfast if required. t13

1506 OLIVE ST.—Handsomely furnished room, on 2d story; suitable for gent and wife. a13

1513 WASHINGTON AV.—Nicely furnished rooms, southern exposure; gas, bath, etc.; terms from $8 to $20. m13

1540 CHOUTEAU AV.—Two unfurnished first-floor connecting rooms, with alcove; every convenience; southern, eastern and northern exp. m13

1606 OLIVE ST.—Nicely furnished front and back rooms. t13

1800 OLIVE ST.—Nicely furnished front second-story room; suitable for two gents or gent and wife; gas and bath. t13

2013 RUTGER ST.—In French family, to lady or gentleman or both: 2d story front room; s. ex., very desirable, ref. ex. m13

2103 WASHINGTON AV.—Three rooms, first floor; also 2101 Washington av., 3 rooms, 2d floor. Keeley & Co., 703 Pine st. m13

2112 OLIVE ST.—Nicely furnished rooms with gas, bath, and first-class board; terms moderate. 13

2123 CLARK AV.—Nice rooms for gents or small family. m13

2127 MARKET ST.—Three rooms, bath, etc., second floor, for light housekeeping. w13

2308 EUGENIA ST.—Two pleasent rooms; 3d story, s. ex., choice locality. m13

2626 OLIVE ST.—Handsomely furnished second story front room. f13

2729 ALLEN AV.—Pleasant room for lady, furnished or unfurnished. w13

2955 THOMAS ST.—Part of house; gas, bath, etc. Inquire of owner on premises. m13

3112 SHERIDAN AV.—Four rooms completely furnished for housekeeping in first-class neighborhood and location by June 1. f13

FOR RENT—A lady having a nice home in a good neighborhood, would like to rent a nice furnished room on second floor front (no children) to nice party. L 45, this office. m13

FOR RENT—Two rooms, for office or sleeping rooms. Northeast corner 7th and Chestnut st; inquire up stairs. m13

WANTED—Young gent would like room-mate to share nicely furnished second story front room, where good board can be had for $22 per month, including room. E 45, this office. m13

WANTED—Room-mate; private family; good board. 203 S. 14th st. m13

BOARDING.

28 S. FIFTEENTH ST.—Newly furnished rooms with or without board; bath and southern exposure. a18

627 MORGAN ST.—Mansion House; newly furnished and renovated throughout; room and board $5 per week; day board $3 50. 18

1510 OLIVE ST.—First-class board for $4 per week, or meals sent out at $4 50. m18

1529 CARR ST.—Convenient to business; nice neighborhood; one nicely furnished room and board in private family; comforts of home; references required. 18

2112 OLIVE ST.—First-class table board; terms moderate. 18

2816 OLIVE ST.—Just changed hands and thoroughly renovated, two large adjoining rooms (6 windows), furnished or unfurnished, with unsurpassed board; few table boarders wanted. 18

3310 WASHINGTON AV.—Elegant room with east and south exposure, with board. w18

BOARDING—At Lafayette Park Hotel, suites of two and three rooms fronting park, with bath.

FOR RENT—One nicely furnished room to man and wife, with board if desired; also small room, so. ex. J 44, this office. m18

FOR RENT—One furnished room with or without board, in strictly private family, with pleasant surroundings. P 44, this office. m18

ONE or two unfurnished rooms, with board, in private family. Answer immediately at 2800 N. 10th st. m18

MONEY to loan on jewelry, guns, clothing, trunks, etc., from 25c to $5,000. S. Van Raalte's loan office, 12 S. 4th st. 18

BOOKS.

DO not forget that all kinds of new books are sold at half price at Archer's, 315 Pine st.

WANTED—5,000 standard old books. Drop note to Dan Linahan, bookseller, 4th and Washington.

FOR RENT—DWELLINGS.

304 S. EIGHTH ST.—A 3-story brick, near Clark av.; has 10 rooms, hall, etc., in perfect order; $35 per month. Apply to Taaffe, Emerson & Co., 710 Chestnut st.

816 N. MARKET ST.—Ten room house in perfect order, good location for private boarding house; moderate rent. Inquire at 830 N. Market st. t14

1117 AUTUMN ST.—New stone-front house, 7 rooms, all conveniences. Apply to Arthur Edw. Olshausen, at Spring Printing Co., 1110 Olive st., or No. 914 Hickory st. 14

2717 CLARK AV.—Ten-room house, with all improvements; rent low to good tenant. Ap. at 322 Locust st. m14

2737 GAMBLE ST.—Eight-room house, with stable, in good order. s14

2925 LUCAS AV.—Stone front, 8 rooms. S. Simmons, 620 Chestnut st. 14

3003 CASS AV.—Stone front, 8 rooms, bath, laundry, etc., $40 per month. D. G. Cook, 307 N. 3d st. 14

3126 A. 3126 B. CAROLINE ST.—3 new six room brick houses, hall, gas and bath; just finished. Apply at No. 600 S. Main st. 3126 s14

3433 PINE STREET.

Open, or keys at 3212 Pine st.; elegant 3-story swell stone-front; 10 rooms, 12 closets, 3 bay windows, hot and cold water on every floor; marble-top washstand and marble mantels on third floor; best of plumbing; good furnace, gas fixtures, frame stable, solid ground; lot 30x155; possession at once; for sale or rent. E. H. BENOIST, 14 419 N. Sixth st.

3521 LACLEDE AV.—A first-class 9-room stone-front in perfect order; hall, gas, bath, etc.; will rent it low to a good tenant. Apply to Taaffe, Emerson & Co., 710 Chestnut st. w14

3625 PAGE AV.—Stone-front house on a 50-foot lot. Ap. to C. E. Blell, 319 N. 4th st. w14

FOR RENT—$8; 4-room house, large garden, shade, fruit. Inquire at Rinkel's Saloon for Barlow's place. Would sell on monthly payments. s7

WALNUT Chamber Suits, marble-top toilet; glass on washstand; $35. John W. Spargo, 806 N. 6th. 14

FOR RENT—One 6-room house, in first-class repair; rent $15 per month. Call at 5437 N. Broadway.

FOR RENT.

SIX - ROOM HOUSES,

In Good Location.

EASTON AVE., west side, east of Goode av., brick house, six rooms. $18

TAYLOR AV., east side, 2 blocks north St. Charles Rock Road, 2-story brick, 7 rooms. $22

3104 MARKET ST., six-room brick house, in good order, bath, water and gas. $25

4019 COOK AV., new 6-room brick house, within three blocks of street cars; water. $25

405 S. HIGH ST., 6-room brick house, basement, water. $30

1919 N. GRAND AV., six rooms, bath, water, gas. $30

3106 SCHOOL ST., six rooms, gas, water and bath, all modern improvements, good location, one block from the street cars. $35

Delmar Avenue Houses

3861, 3863, 3865, 3867 DELMAR AV., 4 new 9-room stone-front houses, furnace, bath, water, gas and all conveniences, in splendid location. $62.50

Cheapest Houses in the City for the Money.

825 TAYON AV., 7-room marble-front house, in splendid order. $45.83

827 TAYON AV., or S. 18th st., 8 rooms, marble front house, bath, closets, wash room, stable; has been put in good order. $50

FISHER & CO.,

714 CHESTNUT ST.

FOR RENT---DWELLINGS

2223 Market st., 6 rooms, hall, gas, bath; $27 50.
1512 Poplar st., 9 rooms; $30.
2121 Pine st., 10 rooms, stone front, all conveniences; $70.
2324 Pine st., 11 rooms, hall, gas, bath; $70.
3433 Lucas av., 7 rooms, hall, gas, bath; $60.
2028 Chestnut st., 7 rooms, hall, gas, bath, etc.; $35.
Normandy, 8 miles out on West End Narrow Gauge Railroad, nice 8-room cottage, in first-class repair, all modern conveniences, 1 acre grounds, $37.

CHAS. H. TURNER & CO., 706 Pine Street.

FURNISHED HOUSES TO LET.

FOR RENT.

FURNISHED HOUSE.

New stone front, newly and nicely furnished, 8 rooms, all conveniences, north of Franklin av., in Stoddard Addition. Pleasant and first-class location. Possession July 1; $50.

CHAS. H. TURNER & CO., 706 Pine St.

FOR RENT—From the 1st of June until 1st of September, a nicely furnished house of 7-rooms, situated in delightful, quiet neighborhood. Moderate rent to responsible party. Call at 2808 Walnut st. m15

SUBURBAN PROPERTY FOR RENT.

FOR SALE or rent—A desirable residence; (furnished or unfurnished) at Webster Groves P. R. R., containing 11 rooms, with stable and other outbuildings; 5¾ acres ground, fine grove, all kinds of large and small fruits and shrubbery, two squares north of depot. Terms of sale, easy. Apply to John Percivall, 118 N. 3d st. or Fisher & Co., 714 Chestnut street, St. Louis. a16

FOR RENT.

SUBURBAN DWELLING.

At Normandy, 8 miles out on West End Narrow Gauge a nice 8 room cottage in first-class repair, all modern conveniences, 1 acre grounds; $30.

CHAS. H. TURNER & CO., 706 Pine Street.

REMOVALS.

THE well-known Delmonico Park Restaurant will not be removed until further notice. t35

THE Boston Comfort Corset Store removed to 288 Olive street. a35

MUSICAL.

WANTED—A few more music pupils may practice on my piano; best of refs. Call at 2910 Laclede av.

ELEGANT "Belle" New York piano, very cheap. W. R. BABCOCK, 1609 Franklin av. s27

ESTEY & CAMP HAVE the largest and finest stock of pianos and organs in St. Louis, and sell at the lowest prices. We are sole agents for Decker Brothers, Chickering, Haines, Mathushek and Simpson Pianos, and Estey organs. ESTEY & CAMP, 203 N. Fifth st.

$75 WILL buy a good piano; guaranteed. J. A. Kieselhorst, 1111 Olive st. 27

PIANOS FOR RENT at lowest prices. ESTEY & CAMP, 203 N. Fifth st.

THOROUGH instruction on the piano by a competent lady teacher; can accommodate a few more scholars at reasonable rates. W 39, this office.

7-OCTAVE piano, one of the standard makes; will sell for $125. J. A. Kieselhorst, 1111 Olive st. 27

FOR SALE—One set of good clarionets (three) with case. W. A. Bertman, Carrollton, Ill. m3

FOR SALE—Upright piano; but little used; price $125. T 35, this office. s27

EDW. SCHOENFELD, No. 918 Bogy st., teacher of guitar, violin, organ and piano. s27

TO LET—FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

A RARE CHANCE.

For rent and furniture for sale, with or without saloon, the well-paying 3-story brick City Hotel in Waterloo, Ill., opposite the Court House. For further particulars inquire at premises. Peter Bickelhaupt. t17

FOR RENT—An elegant, large office room, fronting on Broadway, on 3d floor of the Ferguson building, Pine and Broadway; the room is now being put in excellent condition, neatly papered, walls and ceiling; location especially adapted for lawyers. L. S. Brotherton, 417 Pine st. a17

FOR RENT—Handsome basement, suitable for a doctor's office. Inquire at 2801 Morgan st. s17

FOR RENT—Good store-room and office on Commercial st. Ad. M 34, this office. s17

HORSES AND VEHICLES.

Wanted.

WANTED—Drummers' wagon and team, 620 Washington av. m11

WANTED—Employment for a good covered wagon to deliver packages either by package or salary; best of reference given, and well acquainted all over the city. Address J. K., 2717 Howard st.

WANTED—Horse, harness and carriage, or horse to use but little for his keep and pasturage during the summer; can give the best of references. E 44, this office. s11

WANTED—Single delivery wagon; must be in good repair and cheap for cash. Cor. 22d and Scott av. t11

For Sale.

WITHOUT A RIVAL.

Wanted—Ladies to learn the art of dress-cutting by D. W. Moody's perfect tailor rule; it is a perfect square; measure like a tailor. It cuts a complete dress from the neck to the floor; waist, skirt, sleeve, full, are plain. It needs no basting or fitting on, but cut the dress and put it under the machine and sew it. A child of 10 years can learn just as well as a lady 40 years old. You come when you please, you will always find a teacher; evening lessons also. It is useless to doubt it. Over 50,000 have used it. I have no book. It is no chart. I invite ladies to call and see for themselves. Mrs. McCarthy, 1343 N. 16th st. m12

4 STALLIONS.

Gilbird's Sprague. Standard No. 2715, $50; Pilot Chief, $25; a young Sprague, $15; another $10 for service. At Gilbird's, corner Page and Union avs. 12

NATHAN CARD manufactures all modern styles light family carriages, buggies, cabriolets, rockaways, phaetons, park wagons, wagonettes, "T" carts, etc. Elegant assortment on hand. 604 Market and 18 S. 6th st. 12

MATTRESSES—John W. Spargo, 806 N. 6th st. s5

STALLION

Brigadier will make the season at $10; he is standard bred and registered, mahogany bay with black points and 16¼ hands high. For pedigree, etc., apply to owner, Wm. Blickensdoerfer, 3130 Clark av. m12

FOR SALE—Forty-five dollars will buy a small mare. Call at No. 1314 N. 10th st. m12

FOR SALE—A handsome young horse, gentle, good traveller, weighs 1,100 pounds, clean limbed, well muscled, good color, is city broke and acclimated; will take $135, cost over $200 in country; also a No. 1 business horse for $90, is worth twice the money in any sale stable; will give a week's trial and guarantee on above horse; reason for offering so low, have no further use for same; have also a new top side-bar buggy (best city make), and a set of single hand-made harness (new), that cost $30, will take $15; at stable in rear of private residence, 1615 Lucas place. House to rent to responsible party. m12

FOR SALE—$75 will buy a No. 1 gentle bay horse, safe for lady to drive; bargain. 1616 St. Charles street. m12

FOR SALE—One-horse ice-wagon. 1700 S. 11th st. w12

FOR SALE—New surrey, at a bargain. G. W. Ely, 211 S. 6th st. m12

FOR SALE—Cheap, rockaway, office, open and top spring wagon and buggies. 1004 N. Broadway. s12

FOR SALE—One horse and harness and 3-spring wagon. 1305 N. 10th st. m12

FOR SALE—A side-bar buggy, nearly new. Inquire at No. 2428 McNair av. m12

FOR HIRE—A responsible party can have covered delivery wagon and horse by the week or month at very low price. Apply at 1905 Market st.

FOR SALE—Cheap, five-glass Landau carriage in good running order; having no use for it, will give a big bargain. Warehouse, 715 N. 8th st.

FOR SALE—One phaeton buggy, nearly new; one small barouche, expressly for Shetland ponies; also a small Jersey wagon. Can be seen at F. Yeakel's, 1336 S. 2d st. 12

FOR SALE—A Jenny Lind buggy in very good condition and made to order by Theo. Salorgne; can be seen at stable of Geo. Murnaghan, 3217 Easton av. m12

FOR SALE—One new Timken spring top buggy; 1 single seat and one half seat surrey; will sell low for cash. 317 Spruce st. m12

FOR SALE—Two new surreys; must be sold. J. D. Marshall, 2627 Olive st.

FOR SALE—A fine lot of carriages, consisting of barouches, surreys, park wagons, Jenny Linds, phaetons, buggies and 1 top delivery wagon; also 1 2d-hand top buggy in good order, at Rapp & Long's, 111 and 113 S. 11th st. 12

ALL SORTS.

WANTED—You to try our $5 pantaloons. The People's Tailors, 213 N. 4th st. 32

ALL the newest and most artistic designs in paper hangings, window shades, lace curtains, pictures, etc., cheap at Stephens', 914 N. 5th st. 32

D. STRAWBRIDGE, pattern and model maker; wood and metal. 411 Morgan st., city.

CORNS Extracted without pain 25 cents each. All troubles of the feet treated in a skillful manner by DR. J. W. ROTHSCHILD, 717 Olive street, near Eighth street. 32

DIAMOND EARRINGS.

$10 to $700.

THEO. EAGLE, Fourth and Pine.

LADIES' solid gold stem winding chatelaine watches $12. S. Van Raalte's loan office, 12 S. 4th st. 32

PARROTS, singing birds, pet and male gold fish, bird cages, bird seed, mocking bird food, etc. A. Bohne, 825 Olive st.

COCKROACHES, bed-bugs, etc. Bliss' Exterminator will rid your premises of them. Your grocer has it.

REMINGTON type-writers for rent. H. Orpen, 404 Market st., room 218. s32

UNIFLORA for all who wish to save their complexion at this season of the year. Sold at D. Crawford's Great Store. 132

VASAL & CO., 1317 Franklin av., invite the attention of the public to their world-renowned "Swiss Health Bitters." They also keep a full line of the finest wines and liquors, at wholesale and retail, to be found in the city. Give them a call. 32

MISCELLANEOUS WANTS.

UNIFLORA is a sure cure for scarlet fever; does not interfere with the doctor's treatment; try it. Sold at D. Crawford's. w36

WANTED—To buy a large second-hand trunk; state price and size. M 41, this office. s36

WANTED—You to try our $20 suits. Bauer & Lewis, 213 N. 4th st. 36

WANTED—Housekeepers to buy goods on time payments at cash prices, without interest, at the People's Furniture, Carpet and Stove Company, 210 and 212 N. 7th st., near Olive. E. A. Skeele, Pres.

LADIES' solid gold stem-winding watches, $15. S. Van Raalte's loan office, 12 S. 4th st. 36

WANTED—Invalids: If you have a chronic disease write or call at the Meramec Natural Cure, Healing Baths and Diatic Home, where you will get cured without medication. G. H. Timmerman, Principal, Nasby P. O., St. Louis County, Mo. m36

WANTED—One medium size safe; one two horse power Gaff engine. Ad. 840 S. 7th st. t36

CHARLES TUEMLER,

Watchmaker, formerly with John Bolland, is now with

THEO. EAGLE, FOURTH AND PINE,

where he will be glad to see his friends.

POP CORN

Wanted on the ear or shelled,

Blanke & Bro. Candy Co.,

608, 610, 612 Market Street.

WANTED—Customers for [illegible] for garments. Mills & Averill, Merchant Tailors, s. e. cor. 5th and Pine sts. 28

FINANCIAL.

$100,000

To loan in sums to suit. J. M. CARPENTER & CO., 206 N. 8th st.

$25 AND UPWARDS loaned on furniture without removal, lowest rates; business confidential. C. F. Betts, 208 N. 8th st.

$25,000 TO LOAN!

At 6 Per Cent.

On real estate, in large or small amounts. Apply to Taaffe, Emerson & Co., 710 Chestnut st. w31

MONEY TO LOAN

$100,000 in sums to suit, at lowest rates of interest, on St. Louis city real estate. Application promptly decided on. CAVENDER & ROWSE, 213 N. 8th st.

A GENTLEMAN wishing to invest some surplus funds will loan $25 and upwards on household furniture and other security. Parties wishing advances will be treated fairly and can secure loans on satisfactory terms. Call at 1003 Morgan st. 31

MONEY loaned on household goods, pianos, etc., without removal; lowest rates; business strictly confidential. J. H. Vette, Notary Public, 619 Chestnut st. 31

MONEY to loan in any amount on city real estate at lowest rates. Wm. C. Wilson & Co., 619 Chestnut st.

SOLID silver watches, 3, 4 and 5 oz. cases, Elgin, Waltham and Springfield movements, from $5 to $15. S. Van Raalte's loan office, 12 and 14 S. 4th st. 31

MONEY TO LOAN.

$25,000, $10,000, $5,000, $2,000 on City and County real estate. 31 JOHN LADY, No. 305 Olive st.

MONEY LOANED—On furniture in residence; business confidential; no charge for making loan. Brolaski & Voorhis, 603 Pine st. 31

MONEY to loan on diamonds, watches, jewelry, guns, pistols, musical instruments and all other personal property in sums from 25 cents to $5,000, at S. Van Raalte's, 12 and 14 S. 4th st. 31

BUSINESS WANTED.

MONEY to loan on jewelry, guns, clothing, trunks, etc., from 25c to $5,000. S. Van Raalte's loan office, 12 S. 4th st.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

CHEAPEST clocks in the city. S. Van Raalte's loan office, 12 S. 4th st. 2

BUSINESS FOR SALE.

$1,000 WILL buy a first-class saloon and grocery, or will invoice stock. Ad. O 37, this office. w4

FOR SALE—A No. 1 Post-Dispatch route in Carondelet; good reason for selling. Apply at circulation department, this office. 4

FOR SALE—Millinery store; owners leaving city—fine business, full stock, good location, pretty store, with rooms up stairs; rent cheap; price asked will be taken in this season from stock on hand. Inquire of O. T. Marohn Taylor, 1221 S. 7th st. m4

FOR SALE—Good route situated in southwestern part of the city and on morning paper. Inquire at circulation department, this office. 4

FOR SALE—Good paying saloon and a complete stock of fixtures; two pool tables. 4820 Broadway, N. St. Louis. t4

CHAS. KUHN, real estate and business exchange, 720 Pine st. 4

FOR SALE—Steam dye house—one of the best paying dye houses in Illinois; a splendid chance for a good dyer. Address R. W. Chilson, Lock-box 428, Decatur, Ill. m4

LADIES' solid gold stem-winding chatelaine watches, $12. S. Van Raalte's loan office, 12 S. 4th st. 4

FOR SALE—At a Bargain—Saloon and restaurant; everything in first-class style, central location; will be sold at a great sacrifice. Inquire of Franck & Whittaker, 512 N. 9th st. w4

FOR SALE—A No. 1 fruit and butter store, cheap, at 1101 S. Jefferson av.; reasons for selling on account of sickness. Call soon. m4

FOR SALE—Cheap, best situated store in city; stationery, newspapers, cigars, etc. 111 S. 7th st. s4

FOR SALE—Very cheap, laundry doing large business. Ad. D 45, this office. m4

FOR SALE—Light office business, lady or gentleman; large profits; price $350. Quin & Co., 302 Chestnut st.

FOR SALE—Grocery and saloon, doing good business; cheap rent; price $450. Quin & Co., 302 Chestnut st.

FOR SALE—An established machine shop; a chance for two or more mechanics in live town; good reason for selling. S 44, this office. s4

FOR SALE—Saloon; sales 8 to 10 kegs daily; can increase by lunch one-half; this is a bargain; price $450. Quin & Co., 302 Chestnut st. m4

FOR SALE—One or two paying drug stores at your own price; give me an offer. E. Geisler, Menard st. and Russell av. t4

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

FOR SALE—Wardrobes from $6 to $25, sideboards from $8 to $30, mirrors from 25c to $25, desks from $3 to $20, hat racks, whatnots, cheap. People's Furniture, Carpet and Stove Co., 210 and 212 N. 7th st. 5

FOR SALE—An acre of household goods on time payments at cash prices; no charge, no interest. People's Furniture, Carpet and Stove Co., 210 and 212 N. 7th, near Olive. E. A. Skeele, Pres. f5

ICE CHESTS—John W. Spargo, 806 N. 6th. 5

FOR SALE—One Diebold & Kienzle safe, double door, in perfect order; one walnut book-case; one letter-file case; one Fairbanks platform scale. S 40, this office. f5

COAL MARKET—Hall & Co., 2137 Morgan; 11 bushels coal for one dollar. Send postal. 5

CHEAPEST clothing in the city. Dunn's loan office, 912 Franklin av. 5

FOR SALE—Chamber sets, a full line. New 8-piece cottage sets $28 to $40, common sets $10 to $25, full marble sets $28 to $55. Time payments, no charges, no interest. People's Furniture, Carpet and Stove Co., 210 and 212 N. 7th st. E. A. Skeele, Pres.

F. W. BUSSE (new) 1303 Franklin av., sells pictures and looking-glasses on time payments; pictures framed in good style at low prices.

FOR SALE—Good platform scales and also a fanning mill, cheap. 2709 Lafayette av. m5

4-SHAW, the pioneer vapor-stove dealer,
Shows the most complete line in the world,
Has the most perfect burner ever made,
And recognizes no competition with same.
Will guarantee every stove sold.
Special attention paid to gasoline stove repairs.
N. B.—Old cooking stoves taken in exchange. Gasoline delivered to all parts of the city.
5 4-SHAW, 1417 and 1419 Franklin av.

FOR SALE—Cheap, a young female watch dog, a cross between St. Bernard and blood-hound, at 1905 Market st. m5

FOR SALE—100 perch of good building rock cheap, on St. Charles st. bet. 7th and 8th sts. John A. Lynch.

FOUNDRY FIXTURES.

Polytechnic foundry, 605 and 607 S. 6th st. All fixtures of this foundry, consisting of large crane, flasks, saddles, patterns, rattlers, large and safe and large fan, will be closed out at a decided sacrifice. 5 T. S. NOONAN, Agent, 212 N. 8th st.

FOR trunks, mirrors, wringers and fluters go to Dunn's loan office, 912 Franklin av. 5

FOR SALE—Ranges, stoves; new range $25, Sweeny range $30, new and 2d-hand cook and gasoline stoves. People's Furniture, Carpet and Stove Co., 212 N. 7th st. E. A. Skeele, Pres. m5

FOR SALE—Amateur printing outfit of 2 self-inking presses and type, cost $130; will sell for $35 cash. Call at 1806 S. Broadway. t5

FOR SALE—Second-hand saloon tables and chairs. Call at 1600 Carroll st. m5

FOR SALE—Pure California Ports, Sherries and Angelicas, $1 50 per gallon; fine Sour-mash Whisky at $3 per gallon. Bowman Distilling Co., 219 and 221 Market st.

FOR TRADE—Mining stock—cash value $1, par value $10 per share—for real estate or goods. W. A. Willard & Co., 390 Curtis st., Denver, Col. 15

ALL kinds of household goods bought or sold; goods sold for cash or time payments. J. Neuroth & Bro., 1300 Franklin av. 5

FOR SALE—Parlor sets, new and second-hand, at $30, $12, $15, $18, $20, $25, $26, $30, $35, $37 50, $40 and $45, for cash or on time payments. People's F., C. & S. Co., 210 and 212 N. 7th st. E. A. Skeele, Pres.

BARGAINS IN WATCHES.

Four-ounce silver B. W. Raymond, key-winding watch, $25.

Five-ounce silver Appleton, Tracy, stem-winding watch, $30.

THEO. EAGLE, Fourth and Pine.

LADIES' solid gold stem-winding watches, $15. S. Van Raalte's loan office, 12 S. 4th st. 5

FOR SALE—Furniture of 6 rooms, including handsomely furnished parlor, all complete for housekeeping; $300; parties leaving the city and must sell immediately. 23 N. 16th st. a5

FOR SALE—Carpets—Brussels, extra supers, ingrains, hemp, stair matting, oil cloths, rugs, mats, etc., on time payments at cash prices. People's Furniture, Carpet and Stove Co., 210 and 212 N. 7th st. m5

ICE PACKERS, BUTCHERS, GROCERS, COAL YARD MEN. See us at once before closing contract for season's supply. JAMES A. SMITH & SONS. General Office 217 North Seventh street. 5 Branch Office Eighteenth and Clark av.

PATENTS obtained. C. D. **MOODY**, 710 Olive st.

FARMS FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—(On 10 years' time)—Or exchange for central city property, a farm of 120 acres of good land with improvements; 12 miles on the Manchester and Bonny roads. Apply at 8th Center st., St. Louis, or to John Hoffman, Kirkwood. a29

REAL ESTATE.

REAL ESTATE, THE BASIS OF ALL SECURITY!

The Flurry in Stocks Creates a Demand for First-Class Property.
I Offer for Sale the Following Bargains:

BERLIN AV. Two blocks north of Lindell Av., 200x213 S. S., 200 feet West of Taylor, the highest point near the Park.
McPHERSON AV. 848x181 in 200-feet lots at $17 50 per foot; boards on property; also a large tract west of Sarah, will exchange for improved property at market price. 103 feet on N. E. Sarah, cheap.
LINDELL AV. BOULEVARD. 100x213 S. S. East of Sarah st.; also several 50 feet lots in same block.
WASHINGTON AV. 50x150 N. S. West of Cabanne.
WEST PINE STREET. 1,000 feet between Sarah and Taylor Avs.
LACLEDE AV. 100x210, North side, 358 feet West of Sarah.

IMPROVED PROPERTY.

DELMAR AV. No. 3956. Two-story stone front, 7 rooms. Lot 25 ft.
WASHINGTON AV. Near Grand. Large double brick. Lot 75 feet.
WASHINGTON AV. Near Garrison. Three-story stone front residence, 50 feet front, with stable.
NICHOLSON PLACE. Three-Story stone front. Lot 50 feet.
PINE STREET. Near Grand. Several elegant residences.
LACLEDE AV. Near Grand. Three-story stone front residence.
LACLEDE AV. No. 3125. Two-story brick; 50 feet of ground.

APPLY TO

E. G. OBEAR, Real Estate and Financial Agent,
307 NORTH SEVENTH STREET. Telephone 402.

PROPERTY OUT OF CITY FOR SALE.

CHEAPEST trunks and valises in the city, S. Van Raalte's loan office, 12 S. 4th st. 6

FOR SALE—$600 cash will buy ten acres land, with good frame house of three rooms, garret and cellar; all outhouses, vineyard, young orchard; convenient for summer residence. Call Monday and Tuesday, May 19 and 20, at Heitkamp's Hotel, 903 S. 4th st. m6

IMPROV'D CITY PROPERTY FOR SALE.

1225 PINE ST.—An elegant eight-room brick house with lot; hall, gas, bath, two-story brick stable, etc.; a bargain. Apply on premises. m7

3433 PINE STREET.
Open, or keys at 3212 Pine st., elegant 3-story, swell stone-front, 10 rooms, 12 closets, 2 bay windows, hot and cold water on every floor; marble-top washstand and marble mantels on third floor; best of plumbing; good furnace, gas fixtures, frame stable, solid ground; lot 36x155; possession at once; for sale or rent. Apply to E. H. BENOIST, 419 N. 6th st. 7

FOR SALE—$500 cash and $50 per month will buy a new 8-room detached house, with hall, water and bath and marble mantels, five blocks west of Grand av. and one block south of Olive st.; price $3,500, or would exchange for property in southern part of city. Charles H. Franke, 706 Chestnut st. s7

FOR SALE—By Barnard, 4101 Easton av., two four-room stone front dwellings on Parsons st.; a six-room brick on Taylor av.; 3, 5 and 6-room brick and frame houses on monthly payments; vacant lots on time payments; houses built on time payments. 7

FOR SALE—Good 4-room brick house on Parsons st., west of Grand av.; cistern, stable, etc., complete; cash payment and balance on long time. S. H. Hoffman, 216 N. 8th st. In from 11:30 to 12:30. a7

MONEY to loan on jewelry, guns, clothing, trunks, etc., from 25c to $5,000. S. Van Raalte's loan office, 12 S. 4th st. 7

FOR SALE—Leasehold for 20 years, 2 frame houses, 10 rooms and 2 stables; receipts yearly $360; expenses $85. B 38, this office. m7

Houses Built on Monthly Payments.
Lots furnished and houses built to suit on monthly payments. Apply to Joseph E. Truitt, No. 202½ N. 8th st., from 10 to 12 o'clock a. m., and from 6:30 to 8 p. m. 7

FOR SALE—My property, 1740 Second Carondelet av., 75x290, two dwellings, garden, stable, cisterns, hydrants, sewer; price $8,500. Leopold Gast. 7

CITY REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

To be Sold Immediately
Cor. Franklin and Leonard; 140 feet on Leonard.
Gordon street, one block and a half west of Grand, one block north of Lindell; 175 feet front offered at a SACRIFICE. Choice property:
S. D. PORTER & CO.
720 Pine Street.

For Sale at a Bargain.
3915 DELMAR AV.—A first-class new 9-room stone front house and lot. Apply to Taaffe, Emerson & Co., 710 Chestnut st. w8

FOR SALE—Houses and choice building lots near Water Tower. Horace Fox, 4427 N. 19th st., near Tower. 8

FOR SALE.
Twenty fine houses and 4,000 feet of ground between Laclede and Finney avs., near Grand av.
JAMES M. CARPENTER & CO., 206 N. 8th st. 8

FOR SALE—Choice dwelling on Pine st., near Grand av.; front, side and rear yards.
4311 N. 10th st., elegant residence with large grounds at a bargain.
Also fine dwellings and lots on Lucas, Washington, Chestnut, Delmar, Lindell and Vandeventer place.
JAS. M. CARPENTER & CO., 206 N. 8th st. 8

J. G. JOYCE, civil engineer and surveyor; lots surveyed; grades given, earth, rock, etc., measured. 803 Pine st and Mechanics' Exchange. 8

SUBURBAN PROPERTY FOR SALE.

21 Beautiful Building LOTS
The "Edwards Place," Webster and Clay Avs., in the middle of
KIRKWOOD!
Size of parcels, 50 by 200 and 295 feet, and covered with choicest fruit, shade trees and lawn.
AUCTION On Premises.
THURSDAY, MAY 22, 1884.
Get Plats and all particulars of sale from
S. V. PAPIN & BRO., C. BENT CARR, } Cor. 7th & Chestnut.

SUBURBAN:
A nice Country Home in Florissant: a fine double brick house in nice order, 14 rooms, plenty of fruit and shade; will be sold low and on easy terms. Six trains daily to the place. Apply on the premises to M. POWERS.

For Sale at Webster.
A comfortable 6-room house, with about four acres; lovely lawn, excellent garden, 3 cisterns, barn and other outbuildings; five minutes' walk from depot, $3,700. A 6-room cottage, 1½ acres, near depot, $2,500.
m9 F. D. BOOTH, Real Estate Agent.

FOR SALE—Country home, situation that is in every way desirable, both as regards health and beautiful inland and river scenery; accessible to the city; will be sold at a bargain, and also, if desired, in small payments and on long time, highly advantageous to the purchaser. C. M. Seeman, 623 Olive st., upstairs. 9

TO SPECULATORS.
We have five tracts of desirable property within city limits, easy of access, containing from five to thirty acres, elegantly located for subdivision. For sale at a great bargain if disposed of at once.
J. M. CARPENTER & CO., 206 N. 8th st. 9

FOR LEASE.

CHILDREN'S BEDS—John W. Spargo, 806 N. 6th. 10

EDUCATIONAL.

PROF. SWAFFORD, with a class of young men, will visit the lakes of Minnesota for pleasure and health during the summer. Two or three others of good character will be admitted to the party. Address Chas. C. Swafford, Manual Training School. m29

HENDERSON'S BOOK-KEEPING ACADEMY, 208 S. 4th st.; office, room 5; evening class 7:30 to 9. Call or address as above. t29

SHORTHAND.
The Bryant & Stratton Business and Shorthand School, corner 5th and Market sts., offers unequaled advantages for learning the machine and pencil systems. Applications to us for shorthand writers constantly exceed the number of graduates looking for employment. Send for circular. 29
Shorthand and Business College. MARTIN'S 618 and 620 Olive street. Est. 1878. Call or write for Catalogue.

REAL ESTATE.

43 Building Lots
In McRee City Addition, at the junction of the Old and New Manchester roads,
WILL BE SOLD
ON THE PREMISES AT
Public Auction
Wednesday, May 21, 1884,
Commencing at 3 O'Clock, P. M.
The Market Street Cars, the Missouri Pacific and 'Frisco Railroads run to the property.
Plats, and full particulars of the sale, can be had at our office.
CONN & McREE,
REAL ESTATE DEALERS,
614 Chestnut St.

DOCTOR WHITTIER
617 St. Charles Street, St. Louis, Mo.
A regular graduate of two medical colleges, has been longer engaged in the treatment of Chronic, Nervous, Skin and Blood Diseases than any other physician in St. Louis, as city papers show, and all old residents know. Consultation at office or by mail, free and invited. A friendly talk or opinion costs nothing. When it is inconvenient to visit the city for treatment medicine can be sent by mail or express everywhere. Curable cases guaranteed; where doubt exists it is frankly stated. Hours 8 a. m. to 8 p. m.
Nervous Prostration, Debility, Mental and Physical Weakness, Mercurial and other affections of Throat, Skin or Bones, Blood Impurities and Poisoning, Skin Affections, Old Sores, Ulcers, Impediments to Marriage, Rheumatism, Piles. Especial attention to cases from over-worked brain and Surgical Cases.
Diseases arising from Indiscretion, Excess, Exposure or Indulgence, producing some of the following effects: Nervousness, Debility, Dimness of Sight or Perverted Vision, Defective Memory, Pimples on the Face, Aversion to the Society of Females, Unfitness to Marry, Melancholy, Dyspepsia, Restlessness, Loss of Spirits, Pains in the Back, etc., are treated with unparalleled success. Treatment without hindrance to business, safe, sure and permanent. Sent everywhere by mail or express. 8 to 8.
It is self evident that a physician paying attention to a class of cases attains great skill, every known appliance is resorted to, and the proved good remedies of all ages are used. A whole house for office purposes, and all are treated skillfully. Knowing what to do, no experiments are made.
MARRIAGE GUIDE.
260 PAGES. Illustrated in cloth and gilt binding 50c, money or postage, same paper covers, 25c. This book contains all the curious, doubtful or inquisitive want to know, large editions, 10,000 each, sold every few mos. Health, Beauty, Happiness are promoted by its advice. Paper covers 25c.

Dr. JACQUES,
705 Chestnut Street, St. Louis, Mo.
(Between Seventh and Eighth streets.)
A REGULAR GRADUATE, whose life long experience, practical method of treatment, and pure medicines, insure speedy and permanent cures. Consultation Free. Hours: 9 a. m. to 8 p. m. Sunday, 9 a. m. to 12 m. No Fee Until Benefited.
Dr. Jacques' specialty (ESTABLISHED 1857), all diseases caused by Abuse, Excess, Exposure, **NERVOUS** DEBILITY (with or without dreams), LOSS OF NERVOUS POWER, failing memory, weak eyes, downcast look, self-distrust, stunted development, lack of energy, impoverished blood, pimples, impediment to marriage, etc., permanently, safely and privately cured.
BLOOD & SKIN Diseases in all its forms and complications, eruptions, blotches, falling hair, bone pains, swellings, sore throat, mouth, tongue, ulcers, old sores, effects of mercury are cured for life.
DISEASED DISCHARGES cured promptly without hindrance to business. If in trouble call or write.
Medical Treatise Free. Medicines sent anywhere. Charges reasonable. Cures Guaranteed.
MARRIAGE AND HEALTH GUIDE. 144 pages. Illustrated. All that doubtful, curious or thinking persons wish to know. Price 10 cents, or stamps. Sent sealed.
Dr. Jacques, 705 Chestnut St., St. Louis, Mo.

HOTEL ARRIVALS.

Wm. Shoemaker and R. Morse, Logansport, Ind., are at the St. James'.

J. Hutchinson, Kansas City; W. A Smith, Wichita, and H. G. French, Elmira, are at the St. James.

Geo. Newton and Wm. Newton, England, are at the Southern.

Wm. H. Fitch and wife, Detroit, are stopping at the Southern.

R. F. Walker and wife, Versailles, are at the Southern.

C. E. Porter and wife, Bowling Green; Granville H. Martin, Dallas, and W. C. Kelly, Louisville, are at the Planters'.

Robt. M. Wilson and Edward Robb, Perryville, Mo., are at the Planters'.

Wm. McNair and wife, Sacramento, Cal., are at Hurst's.

G. H. Barrett, Keokuk, and Thos. M. Johnson, Osceola, are at Hursts'.

Frank Haight and J. H. Buckingham, Chicago, are at the Lindell.

D. A. Smith, Carthage, Mo.; L. J. Heath, Detroit, and Thos. A. Robertson, Arcadia, Mo., are at the Lindell.

O. L. Smith, Prosecuting Attorney for Carter County, Mo., is at Hotel Barnum.

Chas. S. Robinson and wife, Carthage, and F. E. McWhinney, Dayton, are at Hotel Barnum.

A. M. Ayers, Ft. Scott, and Geo. A. Pitman, Philadelphia, are at the Laclede.

C. W. Stokes, Burlington, and W. C. Cox, Ste. Genevieve, are at the Laclede.

A. A. Campbell, Center Town, Mo.; Capt. J. S. Wilson, Buffalo, Mo.; J. S. Burge and wife, Dallas, Tex., and E. R. Powell, New Orleans, are at Hotel Hunt.

T. R. Neal, Cotton Plant, Mo.; W. G. Davis, Hornersville, Mo.; J. S. Weber and wife, Boonville, Mo.; John Bradbury, Lima, Conn., and J. W. Loomis, Chicago, are at Barnum's.

H. J. Colebrook, Galveston, Tex.; H. C. Shull, Boston, Mass.; T. M. Gibson, Little Rock; Dr. J. B. Janeway, Denver, Col., and P. R. Landis, Buena Vista, Col., are at the Moser Hotel.

Finest Goods and Lowest Prices.
Mermod & Jaccard Jewelry Co., 4th and Locust.

NEVER CALLED FOR.

Queer Inventory Made at the Four Courts This Morning.

The Various Articles Which the Police Gather From Prisoners—The Contents of a Tramp's Pocket—A Satchel With a Curious History.

"A Bible,"

"Right, sah."

"A sausage machine."

"Right, sah," and, suiting the action to the word, Golding, the police janitor, produced both a Bible and a sausage machine from a heterogeneous pile in the property room at the Four Courts. With the assistance of the Senegambian and three officers, Assistant Secretary Wells of the Board of Police Commissioners this morning took an inventory of the property room at the Four Courts. The work attracted a number of officers. In a room opposite the Central District Station all the unclaimed property in the hands of the department had been dumped in a pile of such a miscellaneous character that bets were made that any article of personal outfit could be found therein. From a seat on the window sill Secretary Wells called out the list of articles, while Golding and the officers rooted in the pile until the article named was found, checked off of the list and placed on one side. After several hours' work the property was divided up into six piles, each representing what was collected from one of the police districts. Each article was marked with a tag which gave its history in the following brief style: "1 | 14 | 83—From Jas. C. Wheeler, supposed to be stolen. 1 silver-plated syrup mug, Officers Dunn and Ryan."

"That's a heterogeneous mass," said Sergeant Sam Brown. "If every article there could give its history we would hear a queer tale."

"Where does all the property come from?"

"From several sources. Whenever a person is arrested he is searched before he is locked up, and anything which might be

USED IN DOING VIOLENCE,

or anything of violence is taken from the prisoner. In this way the property is collected. A great deal of stuff is found on the streets by officers or found by citizens and turned over to officers. All such articles are taken to the nearest station, and in this way the property is accumulated. The property follows the prisoner, and in this way a great many things pass out of our hands. When the case goes to the Court of Criminal Correction or the Criminal Court, the stuff is taken in charge by the Sheriff. If it is a case of some trivial violation, and the prisoner goes to the Police Court, we turn all property over to Marshal Thomas. Considering the large number of articles we handle daily there are very few mistakes made."

"What does a man's pocket usually contain?"

"That is a pretty hard question to answer. About fifteen or twenty years ago a prisoner's pocket usually contained money, but I don't think now that one man in ten has as much as $2 in his pocket when arraigned at a station-house bar. Very much depends upon the business of the prisoner. Waiters, porters, etc., always have a tooth-brush and a pocket comb. The ordinary prisoner, however, has only four articles; viz., a knife, a stub of a pencil, a memorandum book and a bunch of keys. The professional tramp is the man who carries his pockets well laden. I suppose the vicissitudes of the road teach him the necessity of carrying everything. Anything from a piece of twine or a candle to a pound of ground coffee and a coffee-pot might be expected on searching the pockets of a tramp. One of the fraternity arrested here a short time ago had 107 articles in his pockets. A curious case was brought in few days ago. In one pocket the tramp carried a chunk of cheese, a loaf of bread and a bologna sausage. In the others were a plug of chewing tobacco, a new pipe and a quart of whisky. In his other pockets he carried a lot of newspapers. He was starting out on the summer tramp when he became involved in some trouble and finally landed in the Work House. We find a great deal of whisky. Prisoners are often brought in here dead drunk, and the only property on them is a bottle of whisky. This is confiscated to the State and dumped into the sink. Claims for property of this kind are not honored, and we occasionally have to inform "a Work House release" that the liquor spoiled in storing."

"How long is property kept?"

"Well, we look for the owners to turn up any time within three months. If they do not claim by that time we send it to the general property-room. A sale of stolen, found and unclaimed property takes place about once a year. If there is anything of great value, or any papers that might be of value to the owner we usually keep them for a year. The sale of unclaimed property nets us about $300, which is turned into the Police Relief Association Fund."

A CURIOUS STORY.

Picking up a small satchel, a lawyer, who was inspecting the curious pile, read from the tag "Willie Deville" and said, "I can identify that very easily. It belonged to a client of mine who had a very curious history according to her account. I had good reason to believe afterwards that there was some truth in her story. I was sent for one morning, and calling at the Central Station, I found a young woman of very good appearance. She was apparently dressed very elegantly, shoe-tops, ulster and turban matching. She was very much under the influence of liquor and had been discussing a disturbance at an Eleventh street house, where her property was retained by the irate landlady, who had even taken her underclothes, and she said that even then, though apparently well-dressed, she was not by any means completely togged out. I heard her story, which was a very queer one. While an inmate of a house kept by Lizzie Allen in Chicago, the girl met a Denver millionaire, who was looking after his Chicago interests. He was taken with her conversation. She was thoroughly posted on political matters and really an intellectual young woman. This took the old man's eye. He induced her to go to Denver with him. When on his trips East the young woman always accompanied him, meeting him just outside of the city. On one of these trips, while in New York, she fell in with a blackmailer, who learned what she could and then shook the old man down for a handsome sum. He went to the girl, who admitted having spoken to the blackmailer. He handed her $5,000 in money, bade her good-bye, and said that she need never expect to see him again, nor did she. She bought a farm in Jasper County, Iowa, for $4,000, and came West on the other $1,000, spending the last of it on her St. Louis spree."

ALLCOCK'S POROUS PLASTERS
Cure stitches in the side and crick in the back. They are the quickest external remedy in the world. Be not deceived by vile imitations, which never cure and often injure.

Kirkwood Town Lots.

The finest building lots, in the center of Kirkwood, namely, the rich vineyard and fruit orchard of the Edwards place, adjoining the homestead of Gov. B. Gratz Brown, will be sold at auction on the premises next Thursday week. See the advertisements of the agents, S. V. Papin & Bro., and C. Bent Carr.

THE great $1 75 men's cassimere suits at the Globe.

THE THEATERS.

At the Grand Opera House last evening the cool weather helped in bringing business up. The upper tiers were well filled and there was a fair gathering in the parquette and parquette circle. The drama of "Burr Oaks," a new play, was presented under considerable disadvantage, the special and elaborate scenic effects not having arrived from Chicago, where the play has been presented. Under the circumstances the drama made a most creditable success and to-night it will have all the benefit of its handsome scenic dressing and will prove a decidedly attractive performance. The play is an American subject and is founded upon incidents occurring during the late war, and the story is well managed by the authors, David and Milton Higgins of Chicago, and kept the audience last night in a state of interest. It will be in its thorough form a fair rival of the English style of realistic drama. The company is, however, very unequally composed, there being a number of clever people in the cast and some who over-act and exaggerate their parts. Miss Edna Carey is a very handsome woman, and a careful, accomplished actress, and did a very clever piece of work as Margie, the wife of the hero, Burr Oaks, which is very well done by D. K. Higgins. A fine piece of character work was the Martin Follett of Mark Price, a most capable and forcible actor. J. L. Mason over-acted his parts and the same remark applies to several others in the cast, who would do well to tone down their efforts. To-night the piece will be presented with its handsome scenic appurtenances and should have a good run this week.

* * *

"The Cyclone," a clever little company gave a pleasant and interesting performance at the Standard last night to a very large audience. The performance opens with a strike at a leading theater, after which the members of the company indulge in specialties in singing, dancing, etc., which are original and interesting. Several of the young ladies are bright and pretty, and "Cyclones" is a very pleasing performance and well adapted to the season.

* * *

Extra performances of "Fizz" at the Olympic and "The World" at the People's were given to very light houses last evening, there hardly being a handful of auditors present at either house. Both close their doors this evening.

* * *

At Edwards' Theater Comique the summer does not interfere with operations and the attractions will be increased rather than decreased. To-night the thirty-ninth week will open with Manchester and Jennings, Gibson and Birney, Frank Le Roy, John Van Brant, Panse Le Peter, B. D. Hodges and a number of other local favorites in a great olio, which concludes with the farce, "Scenes at Bartold's Grove."

* * *

Dickson's Sketch Club played to a large house Saturday night, producing for the evening's entertainment "Editha's Burglar" and "Combustion." The entertainment was all that could be asked for. In "Editha's Burglar" are deep touches of pathos and gentle turns of sentiment, which stir the heart like so many strains of sweet music. "Combustion" is a broad comedy, with a burlesque finale. The comedy shows off Mr. Gus Thomas' powers of humor and the burlesque introduces a new star to that line of business, Mr. Frank David. Mr. David, besides being naturally funny, is a thorough musician, a good vocalist and has a fine stage presence. He makes the piece a go by his excellent work. Miss Nellie Page makes a charming addition to the company, and the work of little Della Fox is, as it has always been, good. The Sketch Club plays in Springfield, Ill., to-night and to-morrow night, and will from that point proceed north as far as St. Paul. If they please all audiences as well as the critical one of Saturday night they will return loaded with honors.

* * *

The second week of the amusing and novel colored baby show at Gregory's Dime Museum opens to-day. Billy Arlington and a good company give a performance in the theatorium every hour.

* * *

Jas. P. Newell's benefit at the Grand on Saturday evening should not be lost sight of. His claims are numerous, and his friends ditto, so that he is sure of a good house.

* * *

Dick Powers, assistant treasurer at the Standard, benefits next Friday evening. The house is cool, the "Cyclones" give an interesting performance, and the beneficiare is worthy and popular.

* * *

The sale of seats for the Wagnerian June festival will open May 26. CHERUB.

They Say Every Cloud Has a Silver Lining.
We have 500 suits of imported corkscrews and cassimeres lined, not with silver, but with satin. They are from the great Boston bankrupt stock and will be slaughtered this week, at $15 each, at the
Globe, 714 and 716 Franklin avenue.

BRO. GARDNER ON PROHIBITION.

Will It Save Any Sots That Are Really Worth Saving?

From the Detroit Free Press.

Brother Gardner waited for a long minute to allow Giveadam Jones to get over the effects of swallowing a horn button to cure his liver complaint, and for Elder Toots to get through upsetting the water pail into the shoes of several leading orators, and then began:

"I has bin axed if dis Lime-Kiln Club proposes to support de new Prohibishun party, an' if we am gwine to jine de citizens' movement formed to put down de liquor traffick. Gem'len, de pollyticks of dis club will be divided detween de strict pollytical parties. Prohibishun, for or agin, will not enter into our discushuns. I should jist as soon think of jinin' a party to compel all men to become Methodists as one which purposes to compell all men to become temperate. I hate de sight of whisky. I keep cl'ar of saloons. A drunken man is an objeck of disgust. An' yit I look upon all temperance movements as so much time thrown away. A sartin per cent of our populashun am bound to have strong drink, an' dey will have it at any cost of money or principle. Dis am a kentry in which all incouragement am held out fur men to lib sober, honest lives. It's agin law, self-interest, morality and common decency to be a drunkard. De man who persists in gettin' drunk knows all dis, an' de fack dat he persists in it am evidence 'nuff dat he ain't wuth de powder to save him. De man who has manhood in him needs no savin'. He saves hisself.

"Heaps o' teers am bein shed ober dis or dat unfortunate, as folks calls 'em, an' dey am being coaxed, advised, flattered an' eben bribed into leadin' sober lives. Don't you suppose dat every man who drinks knows what whisky leads to? If it am weekness on his part, he will stay sober only as long as somebody holds him up. If it am because he has no moral standard, den de sooner he drinks hisself into de grave de better for de rest of us.

"If sartin citizens want to band together to fight de saloon bizness, let em band. No man who likes beer or whisky will drink one drop de less, while some may drink de more. Dar am, not a boy in our city to-day 10 y'ars of age who doan' fully realize de evils of drink. He knows dat it will rob a man of his character—dat it brings poverty and degradation—dat it means sickness, rags, and a grave in potters' field. On de odder hand, he realizes just as forcibly that sobriety means happiness, respectability, friendship, an' mo' or less wealth. Let him choose. If he prefers de gutter dat's his own lookout, an' I am perfeckly willin' to let him go his way.

"I tell you, my frens, de man who can't lib plumb up an' down bekase dat am de lawful an' moral way—who can't lib a sober life widout a law to force him—who can't be a good naybur an' a squar citizen out of his nateral moral natur', can't die any too soon. I have no tears to shed ober him; I have no words to waste on him. He rolls into de gutter bekase dat is his level. He goes dar' uv his own choice. When anybody tries to make me believe dat it am my duty to interfere wid him, he states a case I can't accept. Let us now purceed."

The Genuine Article.
Five hundred men's blue flannel suits, guaranteed to be genuine Middlesex and Assabet, will be sold at $9 50 in the great Boston bankrupt sale of clothing this week, at the
Globe, 714 and 716 Franklin avenue.

A Desperado and a Gambler.

Mexican Letter to New York Sun.

On the last pay day on the line of the Matamoras and Monterey Railroad, Celso Rico, a desperate character, of fine physique, got into several fights with the gambling sharks who follow the pay car. Finally one of these fellows made a lunge at Rico with a knife. The latter, jumping from his seat, grabbed the uplifted arm, and by the use of his prodigious strength, turned the weapon upon the man who held it, pricking him twice with it. The fellow begged for mercy, and Rico, evidently ashamed to kill him, wrenched the knife from him and threw it away. His assailant was about to disappear when Rico commanded him to get the knife and return to him. The gambler did as ordered. Seizing his own knife, Rico threw his head back and said:

"Now, cut me here."

The gambler hesitated.

"Cut me here!" thundered Rico, pointing to his exposed throat with one hand, while the other, containing his knife, was raised high above his head. The other begged to be forgiven, and protested that he had no desire to cut him, and finally Rico, taking compassion on him, told him he need not obey.

"Now, who is the best man, you or I?" asked Rico.

"You, sir," was the gambler's reply, as he sidled off.

For bargains all go the Globe.

Chatterton Dramatized.

From the Pall Mall Budget.

Mr. Wilson Barrett has read to the company of the Princess' Theater a one-act play by Mr. H. A. Jones and Mr. Herman, which professes to deal with one of the many dramatic incidents in the life of the Bristol poet Chatterton, "the marvelous boy, the sleepless soul that perished in his pride." How far the life of Chatterton, literary forger, dreary genius and suicide, lends itself to dramatic treatment, we shall see eventually; but it is pretty certain we shall have a realization of the death in the garret at No. 4 Brooke street, Holborn, where Mr. Angel, the sack-maker, offered the starving poet a dinner, which he proudly rejected before poisoning himself by taking arsenic—the scene, in fact, of Wallis' famous picture. Mr. Wilson Barrett is not unlike the pictures of Chatterton, but he will have to make up as a boy of seventeen years and a half, the age at which Chatterton committed suicide. It cannot fail to be a morbid play if it deals accurately with the perverted life of this extraordinary genius.

THE NEW JERSEY JACKET.

I.

How dear to my heart is the new jersey jacket!
A well-moulded figure 'twas made to adorn.
I'm sure, as an elegant, close-fitting sacque, it
Lays over all garments I ever have worn.
Oh, my! with delight it is driving me crazy;
The feelings that thrill me no language may tell.
Just look at its color. Oh, ain't it a daisy?
The new jersey jacket that fits me so well!
The close-fitting jacket, the crimson-hued jacket,
The new jersey jacket that fits me so well.

II.

It clings to my shoulders so tightly and neatly;
Its fair, rounded slopes show no wrinkle or fold:
It fits this plump figure of mine as completely
As if I'd been melted and poured in its mould.
How fertile the mind that was moved to design it;
Such rhythm pervades each depression and swell!
The waist would entice a strong arm to entwine it—
The waist of the jersey that fits me so well!
The crimson-hued jersey, the close-fitting jersey,
The new jersey jacket that fits me so well.

III.

Of course I will wear it to parties and dances,
And gentlemen there will my figure admire;
The ladies will throw at me envious glances,
And that's just the state of affairs I desire;
For feminine envy and male admiration
Proclaim that their objects considered a belle.
Oh, thou art of beauty the fair consummation,
My new jersey jacket that fits me so well!
The black-braided jacket, the close-fitting jacket,
The new jersey jacket that fits me so well.

—[Somerville Journal.

PATTI'S FIRST LOVE.

The Revelations of an Intimate Companion.

From the Boston Herald Book Revised.

There has just appeared in Vienna a little book of gossip about Adelina Patti, written by a woman who was the great singer's constant companion from 1863 to 1877. The author is Fraulein Louisa Lauw, who is not living in the family of Julius Fischof, the Viennese banker, whose wife is a sister of Maurice Strakosch, Mme. Patti's teacher and brother-in-law. It contains an account of Mme. Patti's first love affair. On returning from Paris to London, the family made the acquaintance of a venerable Italian, to whom Patti became so attached that she called him her "dear papa." She was at his home nearly every day, and there one evening at dinner met two young Milanese of very engaging manners. Miss or madame, the author of the book, was prevented from being present by indisposition, but, on Adelina's return, she concluded from the enthusiasm with which the latter described her new acquaintance that she had "discovered her heart," and was in love with young Sig. M——. Subsequent events are thus related:

I had to promise her to seize the first opportunity to get acquainted with this "interesting young man," since she wanted to learn what impression this vision from a more ideal world would make on me. The opportunity came soon in a dancing party given by our "dear papa." We had hardly reached the house before the young man was at Adelina's side, and I was introduced to him by her. Before I had found time to form an opinion of him, Adelina stormed me with the question how he pleased me. To her great satisfaction I could agree with her that he was a handsome man, of a very engaging disposition. But Papa Patti, too, seemed to have taken a particular fancy to the young Milanese—by occupation a merchant—for he had invited him to his house, a favor of which but few could boast, and of which the young man made the most generous use. A frosty northerner would not have hesitated long over a wooing, it is therefore easily comprehensible that the fiery young Italian did not debate the matter long, but asked for the hand of Adelina. Papa Patti gave his consent but on condition that the marriage should not take place till several years had passed. This condition was not at all agreeable to the young couple, especially not to the bridegroom. He would have preferred to marry Adelina on the spot, for he was jealous, and tortured himself with the thought that chance might take the bride, whom all the world admired, away from him. He therefore wanted Adelina to renounce the stage and live only for him. Like a shrewd calculator, Papa Patti entered a most negative protest. He talked plainly and without circumlocution, and demonstrated to his son-in-law to be, first, that he had not the money necessary to support a wife decently, and, secondly, that Adelina had not yet earned the capital which would enable her, as a wife, to be indifferent to the question whether or not the business of her husband was profitable. The betrothed lovers, therefore, had to yield to the unbending decision of the father, and put up for the time being with the privilege of meeting each other twice a week in the house of papa, and there cooing to their heart's delight.

Adelina continued her career of triumph, but, while the public performed almost impossible things in its enthusiasm, Adelina's betrothed sat in his chair as if on coals, his eyes flashed flames and daggers in all directions, and whenever he saw the face of a notorious Patti admirer in a box flushed with enthusiasm, he would have gladly murdered its owner off-hand if the bon ton had but given him half permission. But it was not the public alone whose enthusiasm enraged the young Othello; the lava of his jealousy poured also over the artists who supported her. When old Ronconi, who, as a compliment, had assumed the role of Masseto in "Don Giovanni," and who wanted to hear nothing of love either on the stage or in real life, placed his arm around Zerlina's waist, the young bridegroom was driven almost into a frenzy. But when the great Mario—who, it is true, resembled an Adonis—as Romeo, kissed his Juliet, it seemed as if the jealous one hunted in his pocket for a bomb with which to destroy his supposed rival. More and more consumed by jealousy, the young man declared to Adelina's father that he would wait no longer, and must incontinently marry his love. His insane behavior led Papa Patti to fear that, if married to such a man, Adelina's lot would not be one of roses. The two men quarreled, and the result was that Sig. M. seized his hat in a rage and rushed from the house, never to return. Adelina was beside herself and wept bitterly when she heard of the rapid conclusion of her love idyl; her feminine pride was deeply pained that the man whom she had made happy by the bestowal of her love should renounce her. She began to doubt the sincerity of his love, and his name nevermore passed her lips. When, a few months later, we learned that Sig. M. had failed in business, he was no longer mentioned.

Better Than Plum Pudding, Take a Bite.
1,000 men's coats, 15 cents; 1,000 boys' coats, 15 cents; 1,000 men's pants, 25 cents per pair; 500 children's suits, 75 cents each; 500 men's Union cassimere suits, $1 75. Sweet, is it not? From the great Boston bankrupt stock of clothing at the GLOBE, 714 and 716 Franklin avenue.

Beethoven's Forgotten Money.

From the Belgravia.

In 1827, when news of Beethoven's illness and extreme poverty reached Moscheles, he at once moved the Philharmonic society to send the dying master help. In consequence £100 was at once dispatched, for which Beethoven expressed himself intensely grateful. After his death sundry bonds and shares of considerable value were found hidden away in a cupboard, and great surprise was expressed among many of Beethoven's friends and supporters at the discovery that, after all, Beethoven was not so badly off. I have read the whole controversy carefully, and although Moscheles and other defenders of Beethoven excuse him on the ground that he had put this money away for his heirs and considered into longer his own, I myself, for the honor of Beethoven, cannot accept the explanation. I incline to believe that he had forgotten all about the money so stowed away "in an old, half-moldy box—seven bank shares." In cabinets and behind the wainscots in old houses and vaults such things are still occasionally to be found, and Beethoven, so accustomed to withdraw into his inner world, I believe, must have entirely overlooked this "old moldy box" before, as a man of sensitive honor, which he undoubtedly was, he could have assured Moscheles and Sir George Smart that he was "absolutely without money or resourses."

Mr. Furnival, the antiquarian and Shakspearean scholar, told me of a still stranger case of forgetfulness or hallucination, or both. "A well-to-do old gentleman," he said, "of his acquaintance, worth at least £70,000, always spoke of his abject penury and of not knowing where to turn for bread from week to week for want of money. He was no miser, and not by any means a lunatic, but he labored under this fixed idea." Mr. Furnival hit upon the following device: "Let me," he said, "draw a check for £2,000 on your banker; you sign it; send it up and see if it is not honored." No sooner said than done, but the old man merely remarked, "Well, I suppose I an not so badly off, after all." But the impression did not last, and he soon took up his parable of penury again, and Beethoven's case may have been of a somewhat similar kind.

Are We Going to Have a Clothing Panic?
1,000 men's white vests will be given away at 15 cents each, in the great Boston bankrupt sale of clothing this week at the GLOBE, 714 and 716 Franklin avenue.

HOW IT WORKS.

Don Piatt Gives His Experience as a Protected Ohio Farmer.

Extract from an Open Letter to Hon. Geo. L. Converse.

I am one of the tillers of the soil, to whom your patriotic heart went out. I, too, have had sheep, and I lost money on them. It was your generous intent to say something in behalf of our class. Therefore, I thank you. I embrace you, most eloquent Solon. I take you tenderly in my agricultural arms and kiss fraternally your Congressional brow—only, precious son of political thunder, don't do it again. We bone and sinew, we much opposed grangers, cry out, "O, Lord, save us from our friends!"

You should know, my dear Lycurgus, of Columbus, Ohio, your protection on wool, so gallantly fought for, is death to two-thirds of us wool-growers. You do not see it. Well, let me endeavor to make it plain to your wool-blinded eyes. I know the difficulty of this. When one approaches a true believer in a protective tariff with a fact or a reason, he shuts his eyes tight and opens his mouth wide and cries vociferously, "Pauper labor," "English gold," "American industries," and these he will reiterate in this declension until you are tempted to murder him. You, my dear Solon, show symptoms of falling into this pernicious habit. I read, for example, of your uttering this sentence, "American free trade is English protection." I heard the Hon. Pig-iron utter that epigrammatic lie twenty years since, and I never expected to hear a Democrat outside of Pennsylvania repeat the stupidity. You could better say that unbaked dough is baked indigestion, for there is an inkling of truth in it, as I realize on reading your speech.

Here is the way your system works, O Solon. When it is understood that the Government has insured a profit to any interest, it not only stimulates that interest, but also calls into it all the capital unemployed at the time to extend the business. The result is over-production. The market is clogged and prices drop, until industry falls as far below cost as the Government lifted it above; sometimes much lower.

When this occurs, the small dealers are driven to the wall and disappear. The wealthy hold on until competition dies out. Then prices augment, and the few capitalists are enabled, through combination, to regulate the supply, and so fatten on the demand.

You have given in your adhesion, my Democratic brother, to a system that, in the last twenty-five years, has driven from the field every small worker, in the interest the Government favors, and while millionaires increase the toiling millions sink lower and lower, for every day it becomes more difficult for the poor man to better his condition.

Now, do not tell me this is not so. To use a vulgar expression, "I have been there." I have suffered from the wool tariff, which you are so anxious to restore. When the duty was increased to its highest figure, I, in common with my neighbors, invested in a small way. I gathered up a flock of eighty sheep. I delighted in them. They were so like our party, Mr. Converse. They were just as timid, stupid and docile. They had the same disposition to follow a bell-wether. Driven through a pair of bars, if a bar was left up, the old ram would jump, and all jump after him. Slip up and pull down the bar while they were crowding through, and every fool sheep would make the jump where the bar had been. This was done as you are doing it. Sam Randall made the leap, and you and Ben Lefevre and thirty-eight other sheeep came jumping after, to the hilarious delight of the Republican party.

I and all my neighbors hurried into the wool business—each one of us in a small way. To our amazement, instead of seeing prices of wool and mutton augment, we soon found them falling, and they continued to fall, until we small dealers were driven from the field at a loss—a serious loss to some of us.

The business was overdone. The market was glutted. Immediately a wild cry went up for a higher tariff. A higher tariff would have been the old process over—stimulated business, over-production, a glutted market and ruin among the small dealers unable to continue.

The rich men, such as Columbus Delano, and the gentlemen making up the Wool Growers' association could afford to hold on and they did. The cunning capitalists those noble flock masters—as they call themselves—knew that ere long the market would be relieved by our ruin.

This followed, and if you doubt my word, my dear Mr. Converse, come to my house and we will drive up this beautiful valley and I will introduce you to enough of the small farmers to leave no doubt on your mind as to the truth of what I write you.

Then at your town of Columbus you may see the Wool Growers' Association, if it happens to be in session, and you will recognize the full-stomached gentlemen, who meet to eat spring lamb, drink their wine, and resolve fiercely in favor of a higher tariff on wool to protect "American industry" from the "pauper labor" of South America.

Now, this fall in price occurred before the reduction of the duty, and how little that reduction had to do with it, you may gather by observing that wool did not fall more than any other farm product, not so much as wheat, pork and beef. Why do you not worry your Congressional soul over the depression in these other articles? Is not the great "American hog" as precious to you as the silly sheep? Are you not interested in our wheat? Why these tears over the wool only?

Spectacles, Gold, Silver and Steel.
Mermod & Jaccard Jewelry Co., 4th and Locust.

What Will Become of Our Hatters?
500 dozen men's and boys' wool and straw hats only 25 cents—worth three times the amount—in the great Boston bankrupt sale of clothing this week at the GLOBE, 714 and 716 Franklin avenue.

A Dog's Gratitude.

From the Reading (Pa.) Times.

A year ago Veterinary Surgeon Custer picked up a small dog on Sixth street, near Penn, that had had a foot crushed by a car wheel, and, taking it to his office on Cherry street, he dressed the injury. A farmer took the dog home a few days later. Yesterday afternoon the dog, since then full grown, appeared on the doctor's office steps, and, when admitted, gave every manifestation of joy at meeting his old friend. A case of wonderful instinct.

Some One Never Paid for Them.
100 dozen men's calico shirts (collars attached) 15c; 50 dozen men's undershirts, 10c; 500 pairs men's bleached drill drawers, 25c, in the great Boston bankrupt sale of clothing this week at the GLOBE, 714 and 716 Franklin avenue.

Where Housewives Have an Easy Time.

Key West Letter in New York Times.

Restaurants! No end to them. Every third house seemed to be a little Spanish restaurant, with open door, sanded floor, and chairs and tables. Our young coach driver explained why it was. No Cuban matron will cook. The home is only for sitting and sleeping in; when it is time to eat the entire family go to a restaurant. And a woman who will not cook of course will not wash, so all the clothes go out to a laundry.

Parents, Don't Miss It.
200 Children's suits, 75 cents each; 500 suits, better grades, $1 50; suits for boys up to 17 years, $1 50 and $4 50. Our $5 boys' cassimere suits are as fine as can be bought elsewhere for $10.
GLOBE, 714 and 716 Franklin avenue.

A TRAGEDY RECALLED.

Death of George W. Conkling, the Slayer of W. H. Haverstick.

From the New York Telegram.

The news received in this city to-day from San Francisco of the death there of George W. Conkling recalls the terrible tragedy of March, 1883, which took place at the "Paris" Flat, No. 341 West Twenty-third street. With Conkling's death the three principal figures of the tragedy have passed away. Conkling died of consumption; his erring sister, Mrs. Uhler, committed suicide by taking morphine; the man who led her from the path of duty, Wilber H. Haverstick, died at the hands of her brother; and the only person connected with the tragedy left is her husband, J. Clement Uhler, a resident of New Jersey.

STORY OF THE TRAGEDY.

Mr. Uhler lived in San Francisco, Cal., and did business as a mining broker. In 1871 he met Emma H. Conkling, a beautiful girl, fell in love with and married her. As a business man he was moderately successful, and when the tide of mining speculation set back eastward he traveled with it. So, too, did William H. Haverstick. He was also a mining broker in San Francisco, and though only thirty-two years of age he had achieved a marked success in his business. Uhler and his wife came to New York about three years ago, and Haverstick came about the same time. Both became members of the New York Mining Stock Exchange. Haverstick was one of the original members of the American Mining Stock Exchange, and was the first to leave that for the New York Exchange. Uhler and Haverstick became partners in business, and had their offices at No. 18 Wall street, under the firm name of J. C. Uhler & Co. Haverstick became a frequent visitor at Uhler's home, at No. 913 Seventh avenue, where he dwelt with his wife and two children.

THE SEPARATION.

Mrs. Uhler's estrangement from her husband soon followed and the matter reached publicity through a suit which Uhler brought against Haverstick. This was about two years ago. On her side Mrs. Uhler brought a suit against her husband for having refused her access to her former home. Both these suits were pending when a pistol in the hands of George Conkling entered a nolle pros. Uhler and Haverstick separated in business. Haverstick had a brother and a mother living in San Francisco. The report of this social scandal of course reached the ears of Mrs. Conkling, the mother of Mrs. Uhler, in San Francisco, and it was at her solicitation that Conkling, her son, came on here from Nevada in the latter part of February, 1883, to do what he could to save the family honor and spare the family pride.

A BROTHER'S SEARCH.

Conkling was a Government surveyor, who was, until shortly before the shooting, engaged in making field notes of the State of Nevada, left his headquarters at Reno early in February, 1883, and came to this city on the 28th of that month with the avowed intention of discovering his missing and erring sister. He finally learned that she was living in the "Paris." He endeavored to effect a reconciliation between her and her husband, but after days of parleying the young woman upset all negotiations by declaring that, as she had been untrue to Uhler, she never would live with him again. She, however, consented to abandon her paramour and return with her brother to his home in the West. She agreed to meet her brother on the night of the shooting. He came to the "Paris" flat for her and met Haverstick, who knew nothing of the arrangement. The young surveyor told him, when Haverstick flew into a rage, and seizing a china statuette, threw it at Conkling. The latter thereupon drew a revolver and shot Haverstick, who died shortly after. Conkling was arrested, acquitted by a coroner's jury, but afterward was placed under bonds for trial. The indictment against him was dismissed in February last. With his sister, he soon after left for Reno, Nev. The next heard of her was on the morning of February 14 last, when she was taken in a dying condition from the house of a woman named Adams, but known as "The Water Queen," at No. 38 West Twenty-ninth street. She was taken to the New York Hospital, where she died in a few hours. She had left her brother and friends in the West, and, coming to this city, entered upon a life of dissipation. Often to the women with whom she associated she expressed her abhorrence of her brother for killing the man she loved. She was arrested several times for disorderly conduct, but never punished. She became very poor, and on the night of February 16 took morphine with suicidal intent. Her body was saved from a pauper's burial by her husband, who had it interred in a New Jersey cemetery.

Franklin Avenue Beats Fifth Street.
500 Cheviot suits, such as are advertised cheap at $5 by some Fifth street merchants, will be sold at $2 50 in the great Boston bankrupt sale of clothing this week at the
GLOBE, 714 and 716 Franklin avenue.

IRISH NEWS.

From Our Late Irish Exchanges.

At the Cork Quarter Sessions, April 18, there were forty-four cases of ejectment listed for hearing.

The premises of Mr. Healey, Exhibition Bakery, Kyrle's quay, Cork, were completely gutted by fire on the morning of April 16.

Kilbarron, Ballyshannon, Church, in County Donegal, has been presented with a new peal of bells by Henry Stubbs, of Danby.

The corporation have decided to increase the strength of the Dublin fire brigade by six extra men, and orders to that effect have been issued.

In the three weeks from March 28 to April 18 over £30,000 worth of mackerel left Waterford forthe English market. Not a single mackerel has been offered for sale in Waterford this year.

Applications have been made under the Tramways Act for authorization to complete the line of railway from Druminnin to Donegal and commence another between Cardonagh and Buncrana.

A serious faction fight occurred at Ballysteen, County Cork, on April 3, between a number of men who were returning from a funeral. Stones and other missiles were freely used, and all the men more or less seriously injured.

During a fire which broke out in the Tyrone Constitution office and spread to the adjacent premises, the houses of William Wilson, watchmaker; George Ferguson, victualler, and H. & R. Lyons, druggists, were burned to the ground.

On April 13 an explosion occurred on board a fishing smack in Baltimore Harbor, through an accidental ignition of a cask of petroleum which had been picked up at sea. Two of the crew, named Driscoll and Hegan were very seriously injured.

A young girl named Haughey, while working at a loom in the factory of the Lurgan Weaving Company, Armagh, got her hand entangled in the yarn, and before she could extricate it her arm was drawn into the shaft and so frightfully mangled that it had to be amputated.

An infant daughter of John Maningan, who lives at a crossing on the railway within one mile of Thurles, County Tipperary, on May 16 crawled from the house and had just placed one hand on the rails when the up-mail train dashed by. Two fingers were severed, but otherwise the child was uninjured.

On April 17, whilst riding his own pony, Catachu, at the Ballylanders, County of Limerick, steeplechases, Mr. Edward J. Harty, the well known gentleman rider, was thrown and, sustaining a fracture of the vertebræ, expired immediately. The remainder of the programme was abandoned out of respect to the deceased.

On April 15 the house of Mary Reilly, Crenaugh, Killeshandra, County Cavan, was burned to the ground. A dog and some poultry perished in the flames. As the result of inquiries by the police Michael and Francis Brady, on whose farm the cottage was built, were arrested and remanded on the charge of arson. A claim has been lodged for compensation from the county.

A very sudden death occurred in Tramore Catholic Chapel, Waterford, on April 13. A man named Thomas Kearney, who resided at Newtown, attended 8 o'clock mass in apparently excellent health, but scarcely had he knelt ere he fell forward. The congregation regarded the event as an ordinary fainting fit, and he was carried out, but on being seen by Dr. Stephenson at the door he pronounced life to be extinct.

RAILWAY TICKET RATES REDUCED,
To Chicago, Kansas City, Denver, Omaha, Cincinnati, Indianapolis, Louisville, Nashville, Buffalo and 500 other points.
J. W. Stockbridge, R. R. Ticket Broker,
605 Washington Avenue (under Lindell Hotel).

CITY ITEMS.

The justly famous "Anderson" and Belmont Sour mash whiskies and all other liquors in quantities to suit, at lowest prices, delivered free by James Lupe & Co., 324 and 326 Olive street.

She has a complexion like a rose. Why? She uses Pozzoni's Medicated Complexion Powder.

J. I. Mayer & Co.'s New Nickel cigar is still on the boom. Gentle smoker, do you want a 10c Havana filled cigar for 5c. Try J. I. Mayer & Co.'s New Nickel. All druggists and grocers have them on sale.

Dr. E. C. Chase,
922 Olive street. Set of teeth $8.

Private matters skillfully treated, and medicine furnished. Dr. Dinsbeer, 814 Pine street.

Private matters skillfully treated and medicines furnished. Dr. Jacques, 705 Chestnut street.

Old Dr. Whittier, a regular graduate, 617 St. Charles street, as for twenty-five years, may be found from 8 a. m. to 8 p. m., where remarkable cures may be had of blood diseases, impediments to marriage, etc., all diseases of indiscretion, excesses, indulgences. Safe medicines; consultation free. Marriage Guide, 256 pages, sent sealed to any address, 50 cents, or at office.

CITY NEWS.

Sophia Schneider, aged 8 years, broke an arm by falling into a cellar at 2220 North Broadway yesterday.

Mrs. Ada Sutton broke an ankle by falling from a porch at 1716 North Broadway on Saturday afternoon.

Harry Hawkins, colored, was crippled in one leg by being thrown off a horse on North Fifth street yesterday.

By an accident at Schulenberg & Boeckler's planing mill on Saturday, Patrick Shaffrey had several ribs broken.

Louis Knopf, mason, fell from a scaffold at 1015 North Ninth street Saturday and dislocated an arm and shoulder.

Albert Butler, colored, had the left side of his head cut open in a row with James Clemens in Clabber alley yesterday.

Frederic Lauman, who has lived in St. Louis twenty-five or thirty years, died last night at his residence, 1419 Franklin avenue.

The First Baptist church Sunday-school last night celebrated the sixty-fourth anniversary of its organization by an entertainment.

The right arm of E. O. Stanard, jr., was broken by falling from a horse while he was riding with a lady at Forest Park on Saturday.

A large number of children received confirmation yesterday morning at St. Michael's, St. Bridget's and Holy Angels churches. Archbishop Ryan officiated.

The roof of John Bell's house, No. 214 North Thirteenth street, was damaged by fire yesterday afternoon. An alarm was sounded, but the engines were not needed.

When Alice Amos and Ella Martin, both colored, came in on the Cairo Short Line train last night, they were arrested on a charge of stealing three trunks at Nashville, Tenn.

The funeral of Mrs. Lucy Brownell, whose husband, Charles Brownell, died only recently, took place yesterday afternoon. The pall-bearers, six in number, were all sons of the old lady.

A large number of prominent citizens were banqueted at the House of Public Comfort, at the Fair Grounds, on Saturday evening, that being the anniversary of the first opening of that establishment.

The Medical Society Saturday night discussed hay fever, and instructed their delegate to the international medical congress at Copenhagen to endeavor to have the next meeting of the congress held in St. Louis.

A horse and light wagon in charge of Frank Kahn knocked down and ran over a little girl named Matilda Steinwald yesterday morning, in front of 1917 North Fourteenth street. Her left arm was broken, and Kahn was arrested.

Small fires occurred on Saturday evening at No. 1515 North Main, at No. 1218 Franklin avenue, and at the rear of a residence on Montgomery, between Sixteenth and Seventeenth streets. The damage all told amounted to less than $1,000.

Emerald Council No. 1, Knights of Father Matthew, went up to Portage des Sioux on the Chas. P. Chouteau, and had a delightful time. Ball playing, music and other picnic features were on the programme, but nobody "said beer."

Antoine Gamache and Wm. Romer quarreled in Carondelet yesterday, as a result of too much absorption, and Romer stabbed Gamache in the left breast, the wound being considered fatal by the attending physician. Romer is under arrest.

Quite a heavy windstorm skirted the north end of the city yesterday afternoon, blowing down a long stretch of the Fair Grounds fence and taking the roof off of the church of Rev. Dr. Faplen in Baden. Dispatches indicate that it struck Decatur, Ill., not long afterward.

Jeremiah Monyahan, who was knocked down by a runaway horse while engaged in street cleaning at the corner of Tenth and Locust streets, on Saturday, died at the City Hospital yesterday. He was 60 years old. The runaway rig belonged to the White Sewing Machine Company.

Louis Siedericks complains that he was assaulted by three men on Olive street, opposite the Custom House, last night, simply because he refused to loan them a dime. They knocked him down, took all his money, one dollar, and left him to find his way to the Dispensary, where his scalp was bandaged.

The annual picnic of the Sons of Hermann was held at the Fair Grounds yesterday, and several thousand people attended. They did not feel so bad about the weather as they did about the Arsenal Band, which promised to come, but didn't. Indignation was somewhat quieted by the arrival of a less famous orchestra, which was secured on short notice. Rev. Dr. Jones was the orator of the day.

At a very large meeting of representatives of the Catholic societies of the city yesterday afternoon, Julius D. Walsh and Henry F. Harrington were put in nomination for grand marshal of the procession on the occasion of laying the corner stone of the new Jesuit church. Mr. Harrington was elected by a vote of 48 to 37. As he is president of the Public School Board, his election presents quite an anomaly.

Early yesterday morning Miss Hellie Miller, living at No. 3208 Pine street, while reaching out of a third-story window to close the shutters, lost her balance and fell to the pavement. Why she was not killed nobody can explain, unless it was because her night garment caught for a moment on the fence and broke her fall. She was badly stunned, but the physician who was called could find no evidence of serious injury.

Charles Hevin was amusing himself with a doll yesterday afternoon on Dorcas street, in the presence of Henry Klep and a lady acquaintance of both. With a mistaken idea of humor Hevin indulged in some antic with the little dummy which was, to put it mildly, quite Frenchy. Klep regarded the act as an insult to the lady, and a quarrel resulted, in the course of which Hevin received several stabs in the shoulder. Both were arrested and Hevin was taken to the Dispensary.

The Ascalon Commandery, No. 16, Knights Templar, elected the following officers: J. Percival Smith, eminent commander; Fred Williamson, generalissimo; Frank P. Wade, captain-general; Lem H. Garnett, prelate; Charles Etzel, senior warden; D. R. Smucker, junior warden; Isaac M. Mason, treasurer; O. W. Avery, recorder; A. W. Straub, standard bearer; Jos. M. Fitzroy, sword bearer; P. S. Mitchell, warder; N. Jost, first guard; C. E. Weller, second guard; T. D. Miller, third guard; E. Edwards, captain guard.

The Mechanics' Exchange on Saturday voted the use of their hall to the Commissioners of Labor Statistics of the United States on the occasion of their convention here in June, and appointed the following committee on reception and entertainment: President P. Mulcahy, Anthony Ittner, Jas. Dacross, H. F. Harrington, Thomas F. Hayden, John B. O'Mara, Wm. S. Simpson, Thomas Rich, Edward Devoy, Frank P. Hunkins, Frank Mesker, Joseph L. Guedry and T. P. McKelleget.

Saturday at Famous.

A very good idea of how active a colony of bees become in the manufacture of honey, was fairly illustrated to the mind of a Post-Dispatch representative, who strolled through the magnificent clothing salesroom of Famous on Saturday evening during the usual rush. The two great passenger elevators were discharging loads of customers every minute, and the grand stairway furnished means of egress to those who were served. Salesmen were busy and cheerful; the cashiers were raking in pictures of the Goddess of Liberty by the quart; the girl in the hammock electrified the young gents, who crowded around the mammoth show-window; and our reporter having found a confiding friend, who advanced him a car ticket, slowly wended his way homeward, satisfied that his article on bee culture in Tuesday's Post-Dispatch would be a success.

Children's waists 10 cents at the Globe.

HELPING A HOSPITAL.

Interesting Meeting Held at the Planters' House.

Programme of the Big Fair to be Held in November—Excursions and Strawberry Festivals—List of the Ladies and Gentlemen who Work for Charity.

Almost every one has a kindly feeling for the Sisters of Charity. Protestants as well as Roman Catholics are glad to help them, especially when the charitable enterprise undertaken in their behalf means a regular jollification. Sometimes even a series of entertainments are attended in sweet charity's name without the slightest audible grumbling. This is the case with the fair which is now being arranged for the benefit of the hospital. At each meeting is announced some new method of passing an afternoon or evening, all of which are to raise money wherewith to make the fair held in November the more attractive.

On Saturday evening a meeting was held in the parlor of the Planters' House. The large room was filled with ladies and gentlemen, and at one end a table was placed, and near it sat Mrs. A. J. Lindsay, the president. Mr. Graham Frost, the secretary, called upon Mr. Pierre Chouteau to preside, but Mr. Chouteau, who had been there but a moment before, had unaccountably disappeared. As Mr. Frost expressed it, he had shown his extreme interest in the proceedings by withdrawing. It was then proposed that Mr. Frost should take the chair, which he did. The first thing wanted,

MR. FROST OBSERVED,

in starting such an enterprise, was to start. Everybody was ready to go ahead, but although they had already had two meetings absolutely nothing had been done except to propose some minor entertainments for the purpose of collecting money. Among these were a strawberry festival, a steamboat excursion, theatricals and concerts. These were very good ideas, but it must not be forgotten that the fair was the great object for which they were working, and the public must not be appealed to so often as to be tired of responding when that comes off in November next.

Mrs. A. J. Lindsay was at Mr. Frost's side and suggested that a committee should be appointed for each parish without further delay. This was accordingly done.

Mr. Frost then said he would read the names of the ladies who had taken tables. The Martha and Mary Society had applied for the fancy table. They were represented by Mrs. Sloane and Mrs. Tracy will have the post office, Mrs. Pierre Chouteau the French cafe, Miss Marie Chouteau the candy table. The punch table is to be presided over by Mrs. Ben Kimball, Mrs. Bogy and Mrs. John Harney, assisted by a number of young girls; the table will be made as attractive as possible; it will probably be somewhat in horseshoe shape and the attendants will be in pretty costumes; the Quaker dress is one of those under consideration as particularly appropriate. Mrs. Garneau and Mrs. Beaky, Mrs. A. H. Handlan, Mrs. Huntington Smith, Mrs. A. Mastbrook, Mrs. V. Smith and Mrs. Purdy have the refreshment table; Mrs. Charles Green, Mrs. Clemens and Mrs. Swearingen have the fancy table and Mrs. Grant will have the all-prize table.

There is to be a fair paper, for which Mr. Bogy will write a poem, and to which a number of those interested in the fair will furnish articles.

It is thought that one of the prettiest tables will be that of Miss Marie Patterson. Miss Patterson is at present visiting Mr. and Mrs. Vernon on their ranche in Texas, having been a member of a little party which started about a week ago from St. Louis, and therefore,

WAS UNABLE TO BE PRESENT

at the meeting on Saturday. Miss Patterson will have the "Mother Goose" table. It is to be very large and will represent a country scene with an occasional Queen Anne cottage. It will contain a number of Mother Goose dolls and babies, of Parisian manufacture and in Greenway costumes, see-sawing as Margery Daw, looking for sheep as sweet "Bo-Peep," as "Little Miss Muffit" drawing away from an immense spider and as "Goody Two-shoes" looking down at a pair of little kid bootines. In fact, they are to represent all of the most popular characters in nursery literature. The prettiest of jointed dolls have been ordered in New York and very soon the dress-making will begin.

Clustered about the president Saturday evening was a pleasant little group of friends. There sat Mrs. Harney, Mrs. Ben Kimball, Mrs. Joseph Bogy, Mrs. E. Christie, and Mrs. Graham Frost.

Mrs. Harney's strawberry festival will take place on May 30, a week from Friday, at Uhrig's Cave. The Armory Band will do no little toward making the affair pass off pleasantly. The place will be thrown open at 4 o'clock, and then strawberries will be dispensed by pretty girls. The grounds are to be lighted with Japanese lanterns, and over the entrance door a huge strawberry will be suspended. In the evening the large hall on the second floor will be lighted up, and the dancing will begin. On August the 9th Mrs. Pierre Chouteau will give an excursion on the steamer City of Helena, and it is thought this will be a very amusing affair. Anything definite about the concerts, private theatricals, etc., has not yet been decided upon.

Richmond Straight Cut Cigarettes contain the brightest gold-leaf tobacco grown in Virginia.

Can It Be Possible?

Five hundred men's black diagonal suits, worth $15, will be sold at $5 each in the great Boston bankrupt sale of clothing this week at the
Globe, 714 and 716 Franklin avenue.

The Commercial Club.

On Saturday evening the Commercial Club held its last meeting for the season of 1883-4, and the members will not gather again until next autumn. Quite a number of subjects were discussed, principally insurance topics, water mains and fire protection, and committees were appointed who are to be ready with data for the opening of the club's work next season. The Round Table has also adjourned for the summer.

Mother Swan's Worm Syrup.

Infallible, tasteless, harmless, cathartic; feverishness, restlessness, worms, constipation. 25 cents.

$1,000 Reward Offered.

As some of our customers inform us that some of our competitors advertise goods at prices that they cannot show, we offer the above reward to any one who can prove that we do not sell goods just as we advertise at the
Globe, 714 and 716 Franklin avenue.

The Freight Bureau.

Mr. Dwight Tredway, the chairman of the executive committee of the Freight Bureau, says that it is a mistake that the committee has selected a successor to Mr. Frink. Several applications for the vacancy have been received, and three or four names have been discussed informally by the committee, but none have been decided upon. The committee will, however, meet within the next ten days and a choice will probably be made.

Richmond Straight Cut Cigarettes are the purest and best made. Get the genuine.

They Can't Do It,

Is what they say, but we do it all the same at the
Globe, 714 and 716 Franklin avenue.

The Crow-Hargadines beat the Rice-Stix-Pony-Gray picked combination Saturday by a score of 30 to 18. The match was to have been between the two store nines, but the Crow-Hargadines claim that the Rice-Stix manager worked in seven of the Pony Grays with the expectation of winning a big victory, but that the C.-H.'s were too much for them.

ST. JACOBS OIL



THE GREAT
GERMAN REMEDY
FOR PAIN.
CURES
Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sciatica,
Lumbago, Backache, Headache, Toothache,
Sore Throat, Swellings, Sprains, Bruises,
Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites,
AND ALL OTHER BODILY PAINS AND ACHES.
Sold by Druggists and Dealers everywhere. Fifty Cents a bottle.
Directions in 11 Languages.
THE CHARLES A. VOGELER CO.
(Successors to A. VOGELER & CO.) Baltimore, Md., U. S. A.

CAPRICIOUS!

If there is any human weakness that sits with becoming grace upon lovely woman, it is the right to be capricious. Her loveliness disarms criticism, and the glance of her eye reduces to instant submission the most hard-hearted male savage. Did you ever observe the "Queen of the World" as she floats gracefully into a shoe store to have her dainty extremities encased in a new pair of

Pump Sole Button Boots or Low Lace Oxfords?

It is a picture for poets to dream of or artists to perpetuate in glowing colors. She vows with a pout that her last pair of shoes were "a mile too big," and when the clerk humbly agrees with her instantly insists they were too small; woe to the lucklesswight if he contradicts my lady. And when she is finally fitted to her entire satisfaction it is a sight to make angels weep to see how utterly unconscious she is of having purchased the finest pair of Button Boots in "Famous" when she steps out on the street.

Ladies, we are now displaying the most elegant line of Fine Footwear,

In Button Boots, Slippers, Sandals and Ties

In the West. We have the coolest and most commodious SHOE DEPARTMENT, our clerks are the most attentive and our prices at all times strictly Rock Bottom. Come and see us.

FAMOUS
SHOE AND CLOTHING CO.

SIX STORES UNDER ONE ROOF.
CLOTHING, SHOES,
FURNISHINGS, HATS,
MILLINERY, CHINA.
ANNEX DEPARTMENTS:
Parasols, Books, Trunks, Satchels and Hammocks.
☞ Base Ball Cap goes free with every boy's hat or cap bought from Famous.

CATARRH



SANFORD'S RADICAL CURE.

Head Colds, Watery Discharges from the Nose and Eyes, Ringing Noises in the Head, Nervous Headache and Fever instantly relieved.

Choking mucus dislodged, membrane cleansed and healed, breath sweetened, smell, taste, and hearing restored and ravages checked.

Cough, Bronchitis, Droppings into the throat, Pains in the Chest, Dyspepsia, Wasting Strength and Flesh, Loss of Sleep, etc., cured.

One bottle Radical Cure, one box Catarrhal Solvent and one Dr. Sanfords Inhaler, in one package, of all druggists, for $1. Ask for Sanford's Radical Cure, a pure distillation of Witch Hazel, Am. Pine, Ca. Fir, Marigold, Clover Blossoms, etc. Potter Drug and Chemical Co., Boston.

PAIN IS THE CRY OF A SUFFERING NERVE. Collins' Voltaic Electric Plaster instantly affects the Nervous System and banishes pain. A perfect Electric Battery combined with a Porous Plaster for 25 cents. It annihilates Pain, vitalizes Weak and Worn Out Parts, Strengthens Tired Muscles, prevents Disease, and does more in one half the time than any other plaster in the world. Sold everywhere.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Office of the Taylor Manufacturing Co.—St. Louis, Mo., March 24, 1884.—Notice is hereby given that a meeting of the stockholders of the Taylor Manufacturing Company will be held at the office of the company, No. 511 North Main st., in the city of St. Louis, Missouri, on the 28th day of May, 1884, at 9 o'clock a. m., for the purpose of voting upon the proposition then and there to be submitted, to change and enlarge the articles of agreement of said company, so as to embrace within its objects and purposes the manufacture and sale not only of Taylor's Excelsior Yeast Powder, but baking powders of every kind, also all that class of articles generally known as grocers' sundries.

L. E. TAYLOR,
E. R. NORRIS,
J. N. NORRIS,
Majority of Directors.

Notice of Election.—An election for four trustees of the Covenant Mutual Life Insurance Company of St. Louis, to serve for a term of four years, will be held at the office of the company, No. 712 Pine street, on Monday, June 2, 1884; polls to be opened at 9 o'clock a. m. and closed at 12 o'clock m.

E. WILKERSON, President.

"Promises make friends, but performance keeps them."

WHAT OUR GUARANTEE IMPLIES.

We have just received duplicates of Men's and Youths' Fine All-wool Suits (sold out within the past few weeks). These Suits were bought during the first days of the terrible panic in New York, and at much lower figures than we paid for them earlier this season.

We wish to give our customers the benefit of the "BREAK," and in justice to those who bought from us this spring we will be happy to have them call at our office and RECEIVE IN CASH THE DIFFERENCE between the price paid and the one we are now selling any of the following lots:

Lots.	Former Price.	Panic Price.
8,874	$18 00	$15 00
8,869	20 00	17 50
8,967	20 00	17 50
8,865	20 00	18 00
2,004	22 00	18 00
1,998	22 00	18 00
8,937	22 00	19 00
1,999	25 00	20 00

These are big reductions on brand-new and stylish Suits, and we expect you to come and look at them.

Reductions in our Boys' Department.

Just now we have culled out from our new goods about 250 Boys' Suits, of which we have but few of a kind and broken sizes. These are divided into separate lots:

No. 1 Sells for $2 50 a Choice.
No. 2 Sells for $3 a Choice.
No. 3 Sells for $3 50 a Choice.
No. 4 Sells for $4 a Choice.
No. 5 Sells for $5 a Choice.
No. 6 Sells for $6 a Choice.

There is not a Suit among the entire lot that is not reduced from $1 to $3.

Every lady visiting us should ask to see our BOYS' BARGAIN COUNTER.

Boys' SAILOR SUITS in all Wool Flannel, $1 50, $2 50, $3 00.

POLACK'S

Retailers of Men's and Boys' Stylish Clothing.
213 and 215 Broadway (5th St.) N. B.
Country Orders Solicited.

A NOTE OF WARNING.

H. L. NIEDRINGHAUS does not advertise to sell cheap goods at cheap prices to draw customers, but guarantees everything well made and of substantial material sold at prices consistent with quality and workmanship, and with but a living profit. We only invite inspection. Everything in our store speaks for itself and is sold upon its merits. Our old Friends and Patrons and our German customers, we would ask to remember our temporary location, where we are still receiving a daily supply of fresh and handsome goods, as well as good, plain Furniture, to suit all purchasers.

Will return to the old and well known corner, Tenth and Franklin Av, as soon as the building is completed. For the present I am located at

810 N. SIXTH STREET.
H. L. NIEDRINGHAUS.



MOTHERS!

We wish to impress upon your minds that the following statements are not only worth thinking about, but well worth investigating, when we promise that you'll be pleasantly surprised:

1,300 BOYS' and CHILDREN'S SUITS

At just about what it cost to make them. During the past week we bought a large quantity of Boys' attire at our own figures. To sell them quick we have marked them very little over what they cost us. These Suits are so varied in style that they form a perfect exposition of beauty, and at the same time give you an assortment from which to select that has rarely been equaled. IN CONFIRMATION SUITS we're showing everything required and at the lowest prices.

STAR SHIRT WAISTS

In plain, white and fancy colors—$1 ones for 50 cts. Mothers who have not always dealt with us will find it to their advantage to call this week. Besides, the lads will be presented with a nice-looking Stem-winding Watch to remember us by. Ladies, place this near your looking-glass, that it may be the last thing you'll see as you start down town.

F. W. HUMPHREY & CO.,
Retailers of Boys' Clothes, Underwear, Etc., Broadway, Cor. Pine.
☞ Our Illustrated Summer Catalogue will be mailed free upon request.

BY ORDER of the COURT!

JUDGE BARCLAY PRESIDING,

THE SALE BY THE ASSIGNEE, E. D. TILTON,

OF THE

MOUND CITY SHOE STORE

Of Stock, Fixtures, etc., was confirmed for the benefit of Creditors. The Stock embraces over $75,000 worth of Boots and Shoes for Men's, Ladies' and Children's Wear from the Leading Manufacturers of the Country, and must be closed out at once. This is an opportunity that seldom occurs, as this Stock is the largest Bankrupt Stock of

Fresh and Seasonable Goods

Ever offered at retail in the West.

	Former Mound City Prices.	Now Bankrupt Prices.
Infants' Shoes,	$1 00,	$ 25
Ladies' French Kid Button, from	$8 50 to 7 50,	5 50
Ladies' French Kid, E. C. Burt's make	6 50,	5 00
Ladies' French Kid,	5 50,	4 00
Ladies' Fine Straight Goat,	6 50,	4 50
Ladies' Fine Cur. Kid,	5 00,	3 00
Ladies' Fine Cur. Kid,	4 50,	2 50
Misses' French Kid Button,	4 50,	2 50
Misses' Cur. Kid Button,	3 50,	2 00
Misses' Goat Kid Button,	3 00,	1 50
Children's Goat Kid Button,	2 50,	1 50
Children's Goat Kid Button, from	$4 to 2 00,	1 00
Children's Spring Heels,	2 00,	75
Men's Hand-made Button and Congress,	8 50,	6 50
Men's Hand-made Lace,	8 50,	6 00
Men's Low Shoes,	7 00,	4 50
Men's Hand-made Low Shoes,	7 50,	5 50
Boys' Lace and Button,	3 50,	2 00

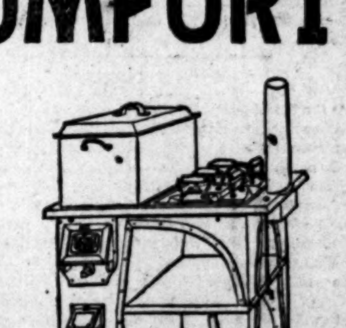
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The most perplexing days to house keepers are washing and ironing days. Realizing this and sympathizing with the good housewife, we have perfected the above Laundry Stove, and believe it will mitigate the troubles mentioned, and lessen the number of "Blue Mondays."

ALL GOODS FULLY WARRANTED.

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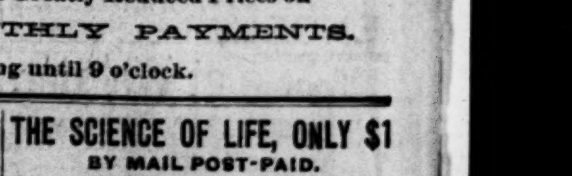
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Address the Peabody Medical Institute, or Dr. W. H. Parker, No. 4 Bulfinch Street, Boston, Mass., who may be consulted on all diseases requiring skill and experience. Chronic and obstinate diseases that have baffled the skill of all other physicians a specialty. Such treated successfully without an instance of failure. Mention this paper.

HEAL THYSELF

TRUSTEE'S SALES.

Trustee's Sale.—Whereas Lemuel F. Haskins, by his deed of trust dated October 19, 1880, and recorded in book 644, page 68 of the records in the office of the Recorder of Deeds for St. Louis, conveyed to the undersigned trustee the following described real estate, to-wit: A certain lot or parcel of ground lying and being in the City of St. Louis, State of Missouri, to-wit: The whole of lot seven and the west half of lot eight of Southeast Compton Hill, an addition to the city of St. Louis, a plat whereof is recorded in book 9, page 18, said lots having a front on Delaware street of thirty-seven feet six inches by a depth southwardly of one hundred and thirty-five feet, and being bounded east by the east half of said lot eight, north by Delaware street, west by lot six, and south by lots seventeen and eighteen of said addition: which conveyance was made in trust to secure the payment of the notes in said deed described; and whereas default has been made in the payment of certain of said notes; now, therefore, at the request of the legal holder of said notes, I will proceed to sell the above described property at public vendue, on

TUESDAY, MAY 27, 1884,

between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 4 o'clock p. m. of that day, at the east front door of the Court House in the City of St. Louis, to the highest bidder for cash, for the purposes of said trust.

EDWARD S. ROWSE, Trustee.

St. Louis, May 5, 1884.

Trustee's Sale.—Whereas John Wolff and Clara E. Wolff, by their deed of trust of March 20, 1869, and recorded in book 305, page 97, of the Recorder's office of the (then) County of St. Louis, conveyed to the undersigned trustee the following described lots of land in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, to-wit: Lots numbered ten and eleven of Holmes and Valiean's addition to the city of St. Louis according to the plat thereof on record in the Recorder's office of the city of St. Louis, to-wit: Beginning at a point on the north side of a certain fifty foot street, now Bremen avenue, and distant two hundred and twenty (220) feet from the west line of Bellefontaine road, thence westwardly along said Bremen avenue one hundred feet, thence along the west line of said lot No. eleven, northwardly 123 feet 4 inches to an alley, thence eastwardly along said alley 100 feet, thence southwardly and parallel with the Bellefontaine road 123 feet 4 inches to the beginning; which deed of trust was made in trust to secure the payment of certain negotiable promissory notes therein described; and whereas said notes have long since become due and now remain unpaid; now, at the request of the legal owner and holder of said notes, I, the undersigned trustee, will, on

THURSDAY, THE 29TH DAY OF MAY, 1884,

between 9 o'clock a. m. and 5 o'clock p. m., at the eastern front of the Court House, in the city of St. Louis, proceed to sell at public auction to the highest bidder, for cash, the above described premises for in order to satisfy the above mentioned trust.

RUDOLPH W. ULRICI, Trustee.

Trustee's Sale.—Whereas, by their deed of trust, dated January 21, 1882, and recorded in book 603, page 140, of the records in the office of the Recorder of Deeds for St. Louis, Lemuel F. Haskins and Juliet S. Haskins, his wife, conveyed the property in said deed described to the undersigned, to secure the payment of the notes therein mentioned. And, whereas, two of said notes have become due and remain unpaid; now, therefore, at the request of the legal holder of said notes I will proceed to sell the said property, to-wit: Lots numbered six, nineteen and twenty of Southeast Compton Hill Addition, and in block 1,307 of the city of St. Louis; said lot six having a front of twenty-five feet on the south line of Delaware street by a depth of one hundred and thirty-five feet, and said lots nineteen and twenty having together a front on the north line of Allen avenue, by a depth northwardly of one hundred and thirty-five feet eleven and one-half inches, at the east front door of the Court House, in the city of St. Louis, on

THURSDAY, MAY 22, 1884,

between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 3 o'clock p. m. of that day, at public vendue, for cash, to the highest bidder, for the purposes of said trust.

EDWARD S. ROWSE, Trustee.

St. Louis, April 29, 1884.

Trustee's Sale.—Whereas Frits Nagelsmoller (a widower) by his certain deed of trust dated May 15, 1878, and recorded in the Recorder's office of the County of St. Louis, Missouri, in book 6, page 175, conveyed to the undersigned the following described real estate situated in the County of St. Louis, to-wit: A tract of land being part of lot 2 of Hoke's subdivision in U. S. Survey 2775 and in township 46 north range 6 east, beginning at a point the northwest corner of said lot 2, said point being distant 251 feet 9 inches east of the northwest corner of said Hoke's subdivision according to the plant of same recorded in plat book 5, page 48, in the office of the Recorder for the City of St. Louis, thence running south 89° 45', east, 272 feet 9 inches to a stake distant 50 feet west from the northeast corner of said lot 2, thence south 0° 05' west and parallel to the east line of said lot 2; 1101 feet 4 inches to a stake distant 315 feet 2¾ inches more or less north of the north line of the St. Charles rock road, thence north 78° 25', west 286 feet 0¾ inches to a point in the west line of said lot 2 and distant 185 feet 4¼ inches north of the north line of the St. Charles rock road thence north 0° 30' east along the west line of said lot 2; 1,085 feet 3¼ inches to the point of beginning; bounded north by United States Survey 2684, east by a road 50 feet wide, south by property of Eliza Fitzwilliams et al., west by lot of said Hoke's subdivision and containing 6¾ acres, which said conveyance to the undersigned was made in trust to secure the payment of a certain note in said deed of trust described; and whereas said note has become due and remains unpaid. Now, therefore, at the request of the legal holder of said note and in pursuance of the conditions in said deed of trust, the undersigned will, on Saturday, the 24th day of May, 1884, between the hours of 10 o'clock a.m. and 5 o'clock p. m. of said day, at the east front door of the Court House, in the City of St. Louis, sell the above described real estate at public vendue, to the highest bidder, for cash, for the purpose of satisfying said note and the costs of executing this trust.

AUGUST GEHNER, Trustee.

Trustee's Sale.—Whereas Frederick Bohte (a widower) by his certain deed of trust, dated, 21st March, A. D. 1878, and recorded in the Recorder's office of the City of St. Louis, Mo., in book 584, page 512, conveyed to the undersigned the following described real estate situated in the city of St. Louis, to-wit: Lots numbered forty-one (41), forty-two (42), forty-three (43), forty-four (44), forty-five (45), forty-six (46); also lot numbered forty (40), all in City Block No. 2574, said lots having an aggregate front of one hundred and seventy-seven feet, six inches (177 ft. 6 in.), on the west line of Kansas avenue, by a depth of one hundred and twenty-five feet (125) to an alley twenty feet wide; which said conveyance to the undersigned was made in trust to secure the payment of certain notes in said deed of trust described, and whereas one of said notes has become due and remains unpaid. Now, therefore, at the request of the legal holder of said note and in pursuance of the conditions in said deed of trust, the undersigned will, on

SATURDAY, THE 24TH DAY OF MAY, A. D., 1884,

between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 5 o'clock p. m. of said day, at the east front of the Court House, in said city of St. Louis, sell the above described real estate at public vendue to the highest bidder, for cash, for the purpose of satisfying said notes and the costs of executing this trust.

WM. D. WALDECKER, Trustee.